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# References:

References

Extract



Slew Drive Product Catalog ST 318 E



# ST 318 E

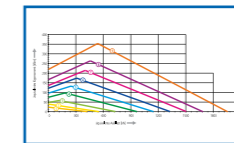
Slew drives  
Product catalog

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SP-I



SP-H series

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SP-H

**“We want you to be satisfied!”**



**IMO slew drives** and **IMO ball and roller slewing rings** are quality products “made in Gremsdorf, Germany” and are marketed around the world. Our corporate group, which has its head office in southern Germany, has around 30 years of experience in the production of slew drives and slewing rings.

The pinion or worm-driven **IMO slew drives** consist of a ball or roller slewing ring, a drive train and a completely enclosing, sealed housing.

As a ready-for-installation system module, they replace countless individual parts. Slew drives are used, for example, as steering gears in crane undercarriages and heavy load transporters, in manlift platforms, in picker arms, grabbers and other rotary devices in the construction, agricultural and forestry machine sectors. In the field of renewable energies, they are used in small wind turbines and solar trackers.

Depending on the area of application and the design of the **IMO slewing rings**, they can be up to over 6 m in diameter and more than 20 tonnes in weight. Areas of use include the fields of construction machines, agriculture, mining and quarrying, ship and plant engineering, transport and medical technology. IMO is one of the leading suppliers of blade, yaw and main bearings for on- and offshore wind turbines.

We have been certified since 1995 and currently hold DIN EN ISO 9001:2015, 14001:2015, BS OHSAS 18001:2007 and 50001:2011 approvals.



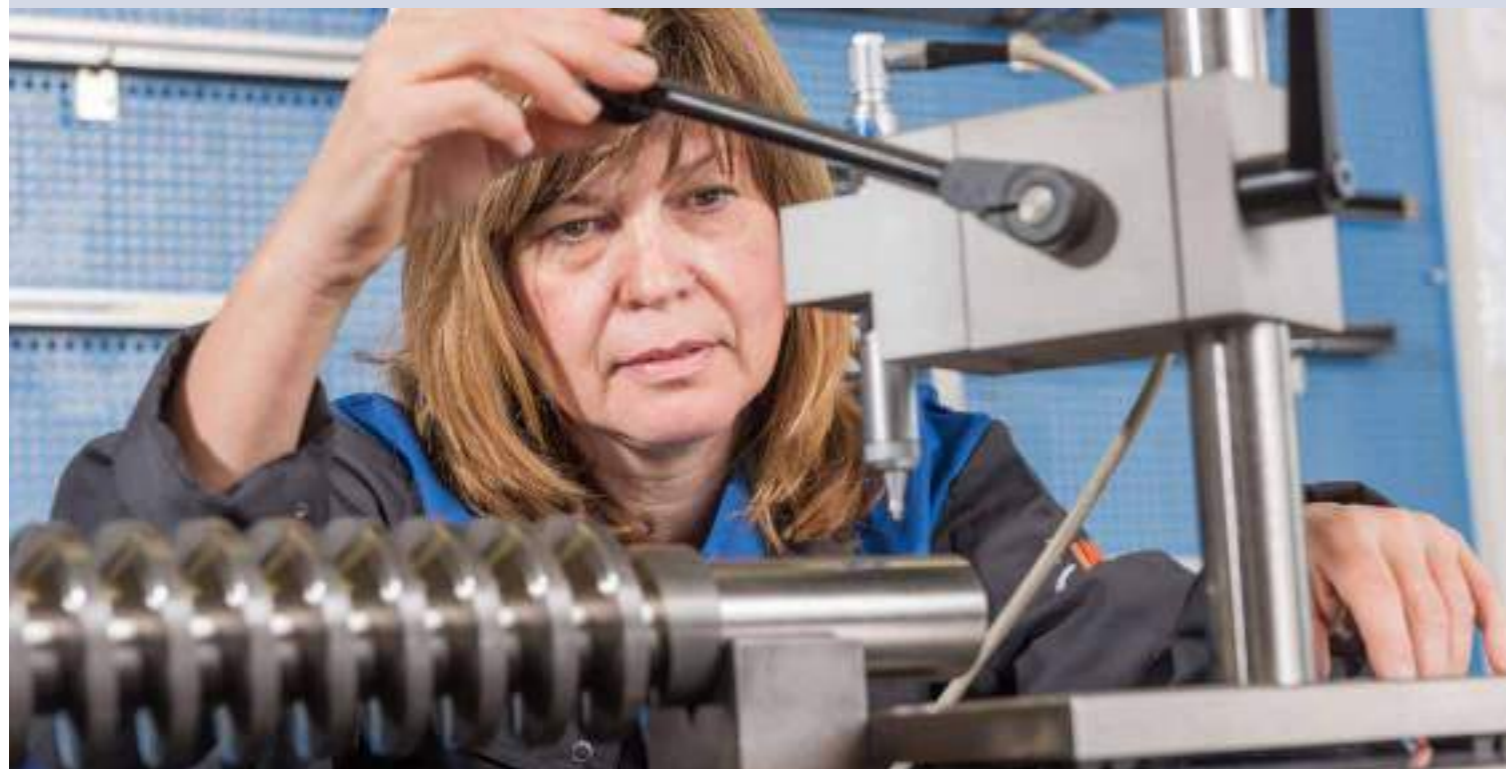
**„Engineering at its best!“**



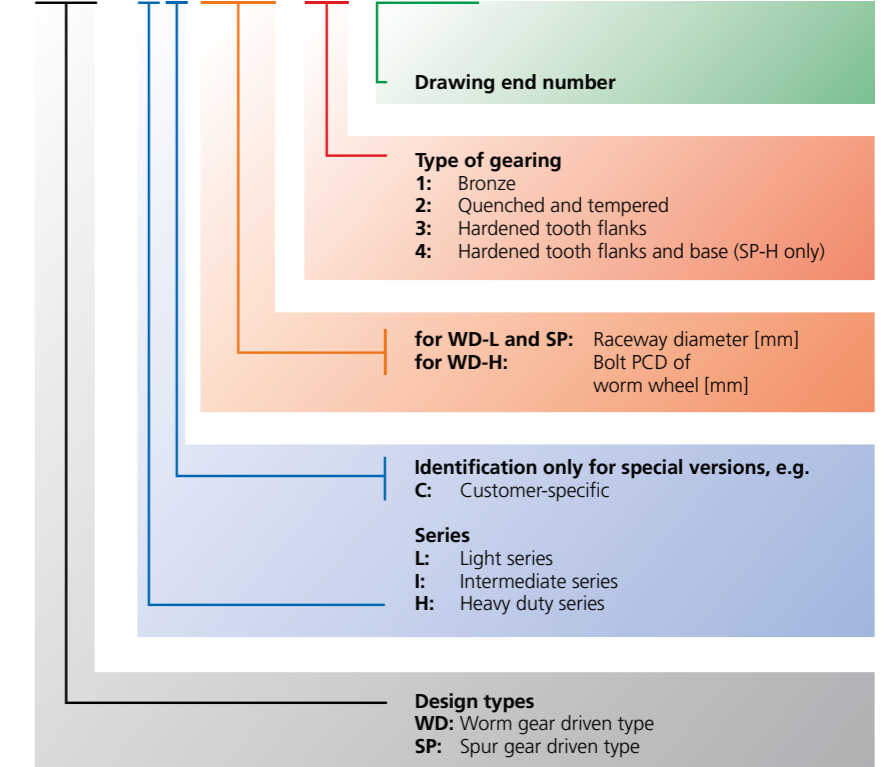
IMO slew drives are subject to the highest quality requirements, as they are usually used as safety-critical machine elements. Development, design, calculation, production and marketing are performed strictly according to DIN EN ISO 9001 certified processes.

For special versions to customer requirements, we supply test certificates according to DIN EN 10204 (e.g. 2.1 Declaration of compliance with the order, 2.2 Test report, 3.1 or 3.2 Inspection certificate) for the material and/or the finished slewing ring. Material certificates document the chemical composition and the mechanical properties.










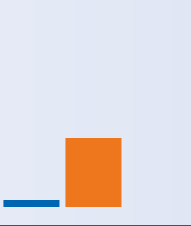








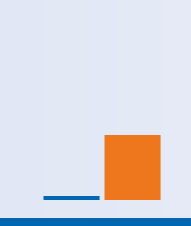
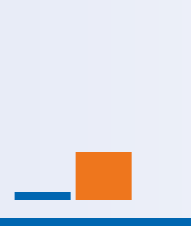










The destructive and non-destructive material test is carried out according to state of the art methods, including the use of ultrasonic inspection methods developed by the Fraunhofer Institute.



**WD - L □ 0156 / 3 - 01234**



**Product range Overview / Comparison**

Design types	Series	Sizes	Raceway diameters $D_L$ [mm]	Maximum torque <sup>1)</sup> $M_{d max}$ [kNm]	Maximum tilting moment <sup>1)2)</sup> $M_{k max}$ [kNm]	Load carrying capacity <sup>1)</sup>		Weight <sup>1)</sup> <b>G</b> [kg]	Bearing clearance
						Static load rating, axial $C_{0 ax}$ [kN]	Static load rating, radial $C_{0 rad}$ [kN]		
 Worm gear driven types	 WD-L series	0156 0223 0230 0343 0419 0478 0625 0620 0713	156 223 230 343 419 478 625 620 713	 from 3280 to 446504	 from 9 to 1095	 from 253 to 7777	 from 94 to 2906	 from 40 to 1400	Preloaded raceway system 
	 WD-H series	0220 0300 0373 0490 0645	220 300 373 490 645	 from 11093 to 152610	 from 94 to 1052	 from 1650 to 7199	 from 616 to 3528	 from 89 to 516	Preloaded raceway system 
 Spur gear driven types	 SP-I series	0229 0311 0411 0541 0641 0741 0841 0941 1091	229 311 411 541 641 741 841 941 1091	 from 3002 to 11172	 from 22 to 353	 from 426 to 1957	 from 159 to 731	 from 46 to 127	Radial clearance 0 - 0.05 mm Axial tilting clearance 0 - 0.08 mm 
	 SP-H series	0455 0555 0655 0755 0855 0955	455 555 655 755 855 955	 from 27673 to 51888	 from 153 to 562	 from 1477 to 3101	 from 552 to 1159	 from 207 to 315	Radial clearance 0 - 0.05 mm Axial tilting clearance 0 - 0.08 mm 

1) Data relate to the smallest and largest size per series

2) Always check permissibility in the corresponding limiting load diagram of the individual sizes

## A slew drive - what actually is that? What is it used for and why?

... A ready-to-install unit comprising:

- A ball or roller slewing ring for handling simultaneously occurring axial and radial and tilting moments
- Hydraulic or electric drives
- A fully enclosed housing

**“Bolt, connect, slew - done!”**



### IMO slew drives have it all...

- Compact design for space-saving constructions
- Maximum load capacity in compact design
- Designed for long service life with low maintenance
- Simple integration into existing applications
- Fast customization thanks to modular structure (modular system)
- Special designs deviating from our standard series are realizable

### ...and are used around the world in:

- Steering systems for specialized vehicles and cranes (as steering gears for wheel sets)
- Manlift platforms for slewing booms and baskets
- Lightweight cranes
- Machine attachments, such as concrete demolition pincers, picker arms and rotary forklifts
- Handling devices (automation technology)
- Loading and unloading devices
- Positioning devices / turntables including solar trackers

## IMO – the driving force for innovative technologies



### One slew drive instead of many individual parts!

- Perfectly matched components
- Simple to order - easy to mount
- Saves component assembly and any adjustment work
- Supply and system responsibility from a single source

### Simple product selection and use

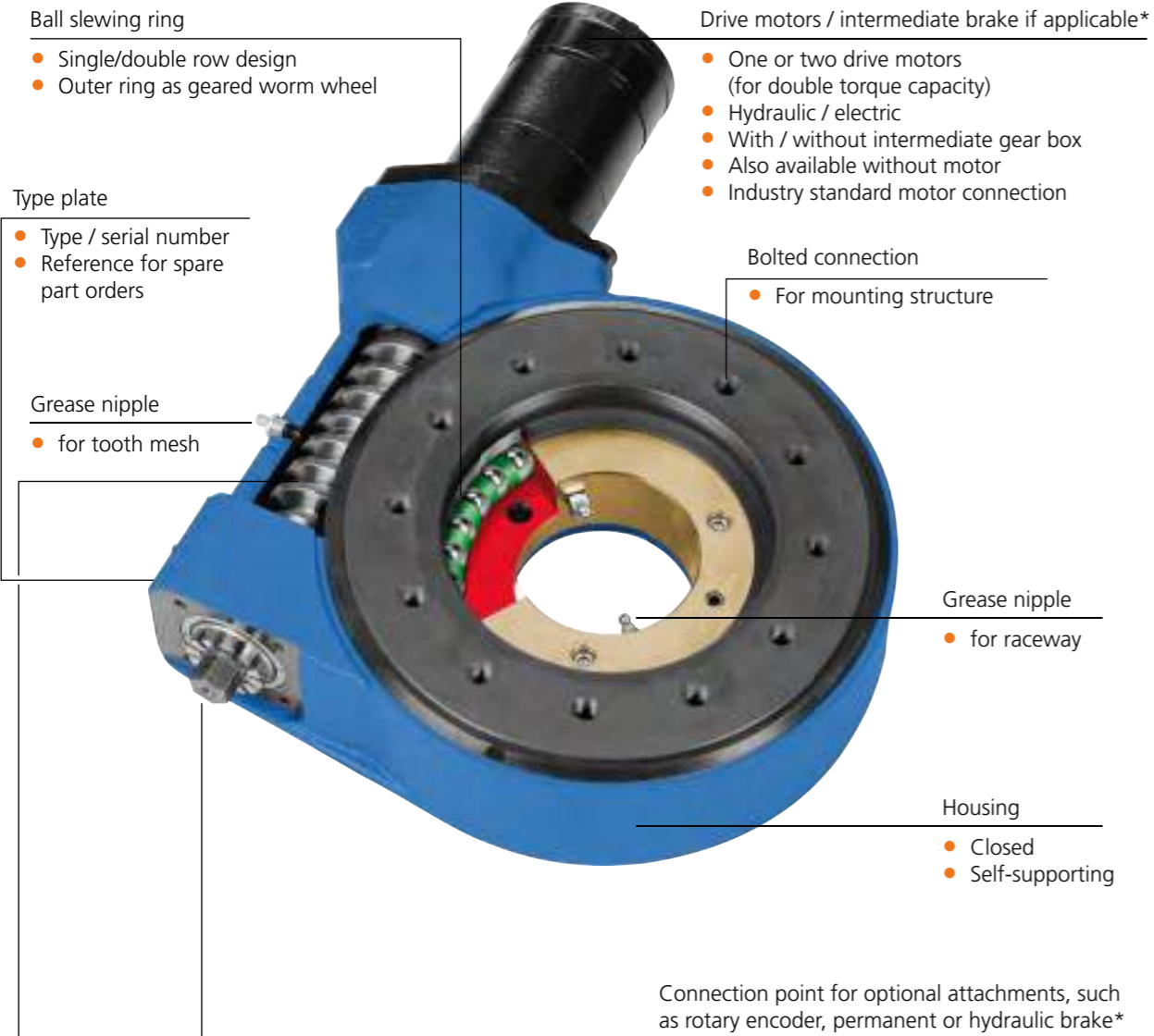
- Comprehensive standard program of various sizes and designs
- As a rule, immediately available from stock
- Comprehensive customer service and qualified technical support

### IMO slew drives with encapsulated housing

- Protection against
  - Contamination
  - Damage
  - Lubricant loss
- Results in
  - Increased service life
  - Lower maintenance costs
  - Extremely high operational safety - (reduced risk of injury)
  - Attractive, clean appearance

### Wide range of applications for all kinds of loads

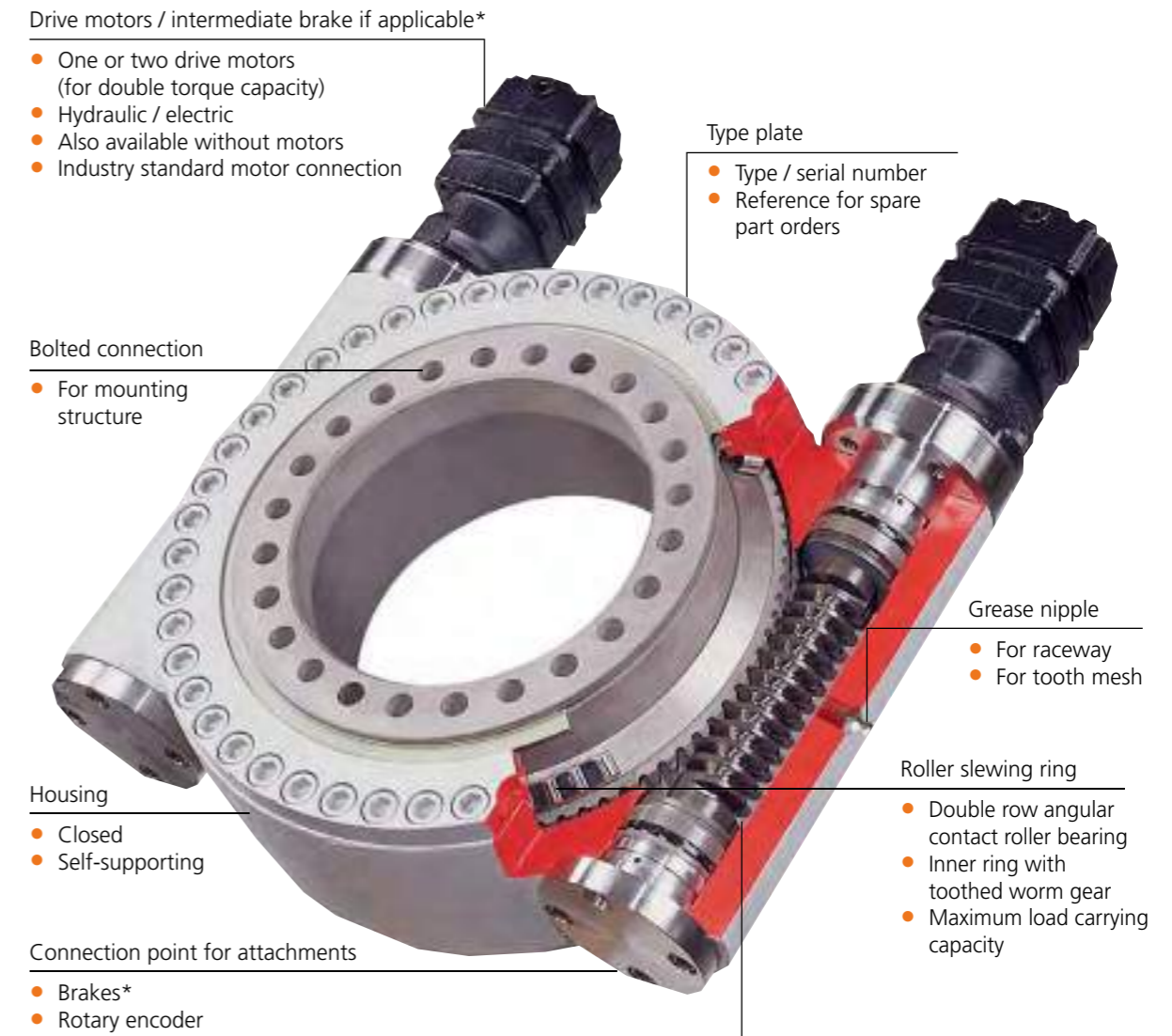
- Peak torques
  - Steel / bronze: 205.027 Nm
  - Steel / steel: 446.504 Nm
- Tilting moments to 1095 kNm
- Raceway diameters from 156 to 1091 mm
- Larger diameter variants available on request



- Worm drive**
- High gear ratio / high torque
  - Worm gear
  - Highest load carrying capacity / service life
  - Low tooth flank backlash



\* Brake connection option dependent on slew drive design



- Worm drive**
- High gear ratio / high torque
  - Worm gear
  - Highest load carrying capacity / service life
  - Low tooth flank backlash

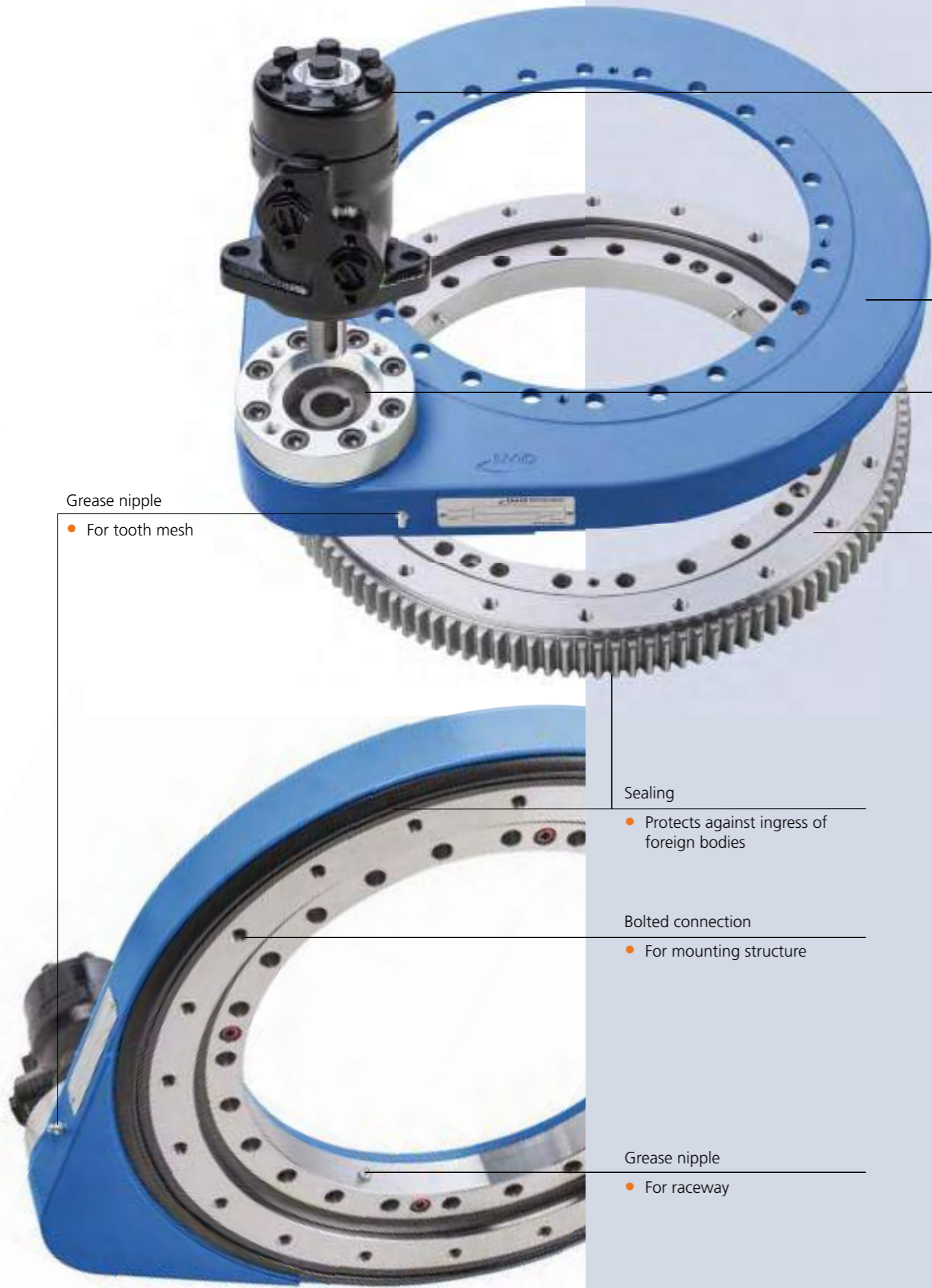


Sealing

Axial bearing for the worm shaft

\* Brake connection option dependent on slew drive design

**SP series**  
Product description



Grease nipple

- For tooth mesh

Sealing

- Protects against ingress of foreign bodies

Bolted connection

- For mounting structure

Grease nipple

- For raceway

Drive motors

- Hydraulic / electric
- With / without intermediate gear box
- One drive (standard)
- Multiple drives possible as special design

Housing

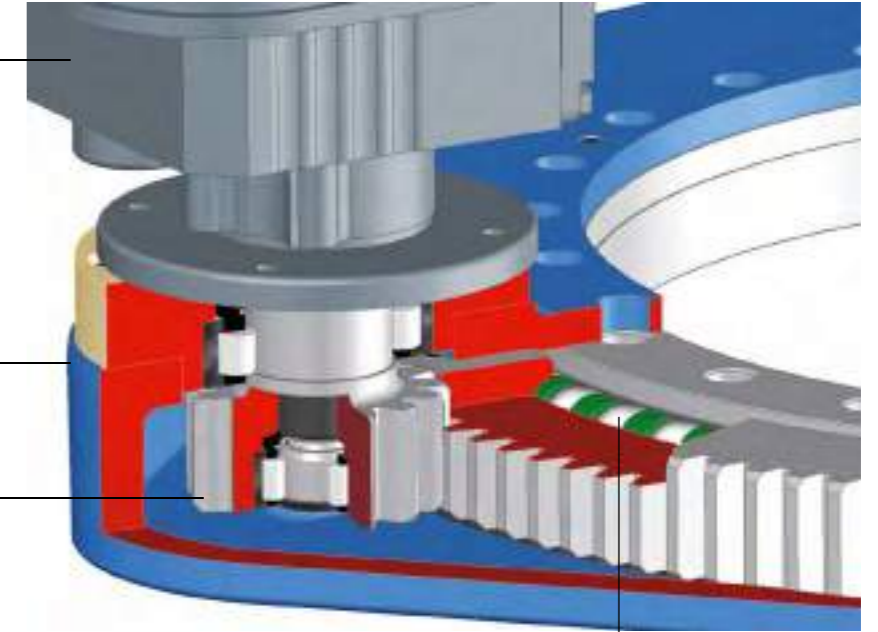
- Closed
- Self-supporting

Drive pinion

- Hardened
- Double supported (SP-I)
- Supported by planetary gearbox (SP-H)

Ball slewing ring

- With external gear
- High load carrying capacity



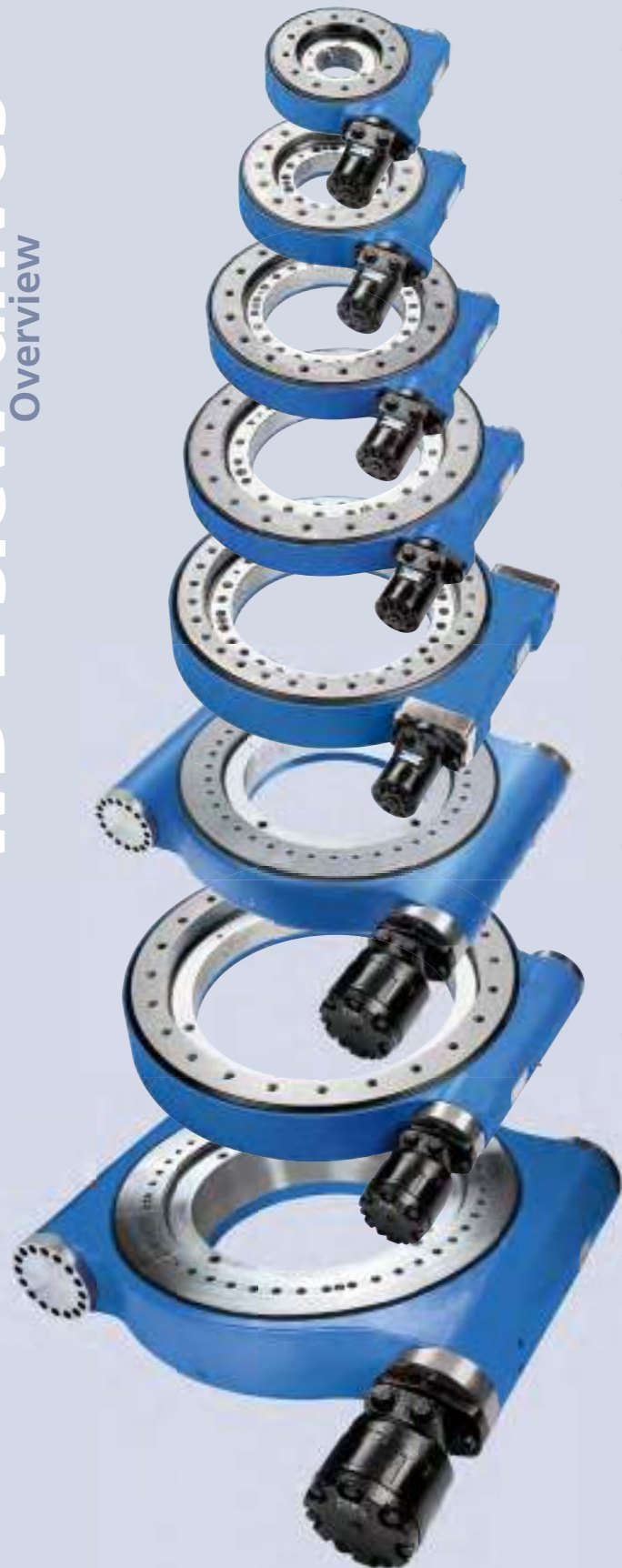
SP-I slew drive with three-phase electrical motor and intermediate spur gear box

## WD-L slew drives have an impressive combination of features!

The WD-L series comprises **9 standard sizes**

# WD-L slew drives

Overview



WD-L 0156

WD-L 0223  
WD-L 0230

WD-L 0343

WD-L 0419

WD-L 0478

WD-L 0620

WD-L 0625

WD-L 0713

If you are looking for a **standardized design solution** for different external loads and a broad torque range, then the lightweight IMO slew drives are exactly the right choice!

### Modular system

enables the use of various drive motors (example: WD-L 0419)



Basic version without drive

Version with hydraulic motor

Version with three-phase electrical drive and intermediate spur gear box

Version with two drives to double torque capacity

### Drives can be adapted

to your operating conditions (example: WD-L 0419)



Standard steel worm wheel, optimized for high load carrying capacity during short-term operation (intermittent operation)

Modified worm wheel made of bronze for applications with increased duty

Single row ball slewing ring

Double row ball slewing ring for increased load carrying capacity for the same size

### Examples of our customized special designs



Assembly comprising a WD-L special version, bolted to a base plate for a paver stone laying machine turning device



Frameless worm gear set with integrated slewing ring, in a hot version (high temperature operation) for a forklift rotator (IMO delivers the worm gear set, customer mounts it in their own housing)

### Optional attachments (example: WD-L 0343)



Slew drive with attached rotary encoder



Slew drive with installed spring-applied multi-disc brake and motor



## Our WD-H family - which model do you need?

The WD-H series comprises **5 standard sizes**

# WD-H slew drives

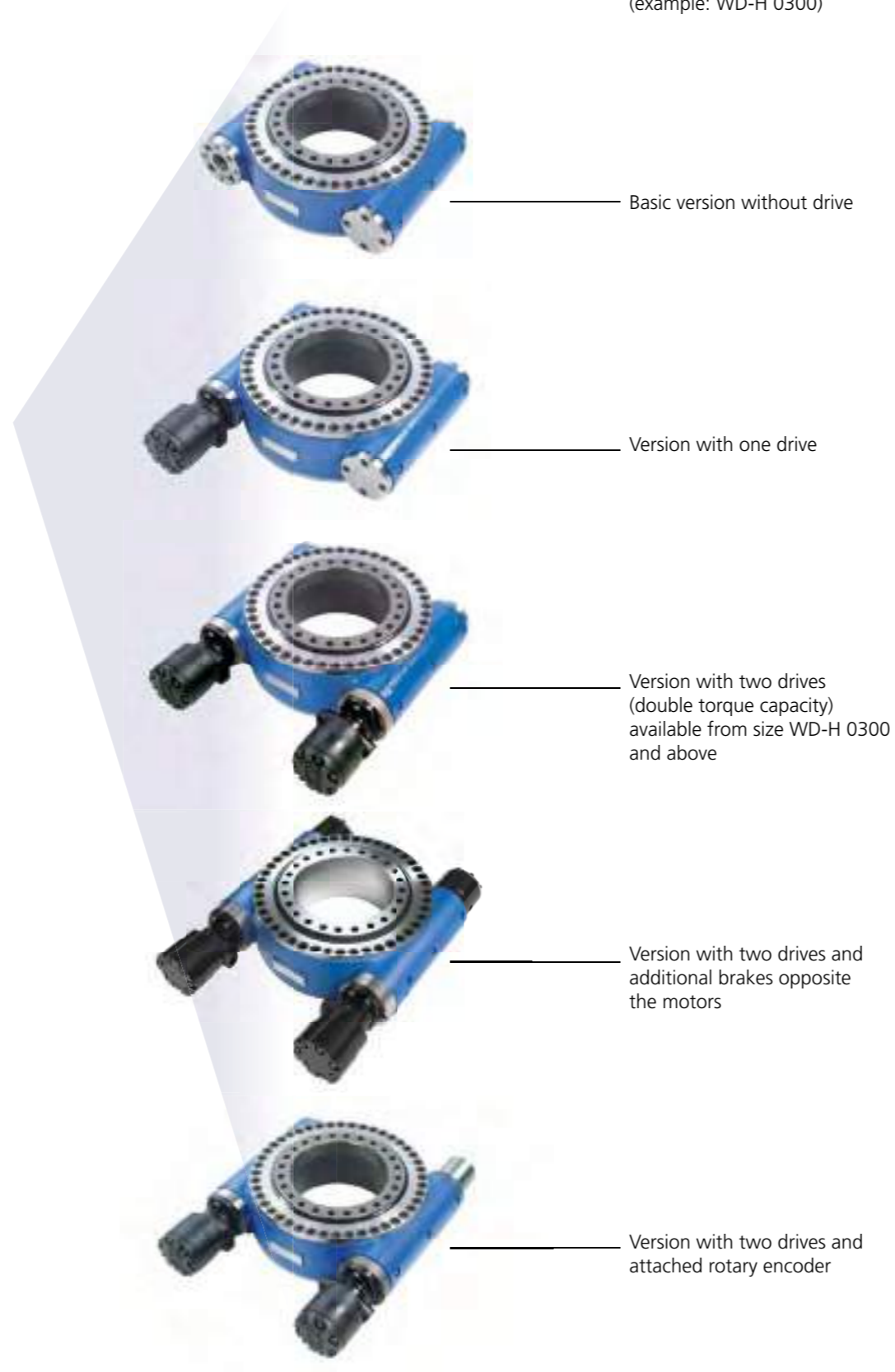
Overview



### The WD-H series is unique!

The torques transmitted in the compact construction space and the supported tilting moments set new standards on the market.

Flexible adaption to special operating conditions through **modular system** (example: WD-H 0300)



Basic version without drive

Version with one drive

Version with two drives (double torque capacity) available from size WD-H 0300 and above

Version with two drives and additional brakes opposite the motors

Version with two drives and attached rotary encoder

There's no problem without a solution – Examples of our customized **special versions**



WD-HC 0373 with twin three-phase electric drives and intermediate spur gear boxes

Slew drive with pinion outlet to drive a ball slewing ring for the tracking of satellite antennas

WD-HC 0373 with bronze worm wheel for increased duty (used for an amusement park ride)

WD-HC 0300 with spur toothed clutch as overload protection for a deep mining rock drilling rig

WD-HC 0300 with special housing made of seamlessly rolled quenched and tempered steel and special material acceptance test criteria and a specially designed worm wheel set for increased torques

## SP slew drives offer a closed housing

Standard slewing ring connection dimensions ensure complete interchangeability!



SP-I

### Structural overview

#### SP-I, intermediate series

Connection dimensions as for ball slewing ring 120 series

- Construction height increased by base plate thickness of 10 mm
- Ball Ø 20 mm
- Module 4 mm

Direct drive without intermediate gear box



SP-H

#### SP-H, heavy duty series

Connection dimensions as for ball slewing ring 125 series

- Construction height increased by base plate thickness of 15 mm
- Ball Ø 25 mm
- Module 8 mm

Single or multi-level planetary gears



SP-HC 0955

### Examples of special versions on request

Slew drive of the heavy-duty SP-H series with four electric motors / planetary gears for a recycling plant agitator.



SP-HC 0755

Slew drive of the SP-H series with two drive modules (hydraulic motor / planetary gears) for a marine rescue crane



SP-HC 0655

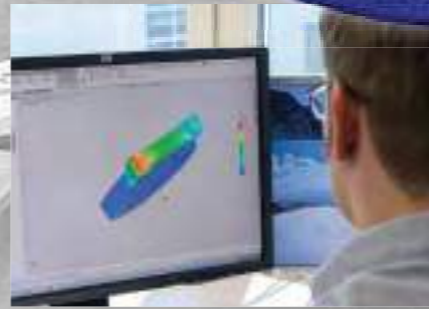
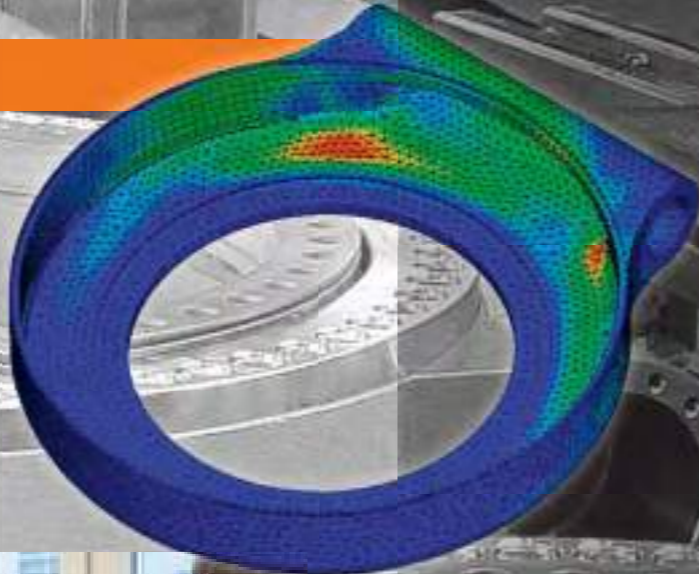
Special construction with mounting option for a rotary encoder next to the planetary gear (opening for pinion pick-up); application: Turning device for a backhoe bucket (construction machine for shafts)

**PRE SALES**

**KNOW-HOW**

The right impetus for your successful project

- Technical advice
- Design and calculation
- Construction and drafting
- FE calculation including complex mounting structures
- Integration of your FE calculation
- Product training courses



**AFTER SALES**

**SUPPORT**

Expert support beyond project completion

- Installation support
- Assessment and optimization advice
- Repair and maintenance
- Lubricant analyses; sealing assessment, wear measurement
- Tests for the use of lubricants
- Examination of grease compatibilities
- Application-oriented component testing on test benches
- Bolting service, bolt check
- Dismantling and inspection
- Mobile CMS (Condition Monitoring System) measurements
- Measurement of the plane surfaces of the mounting structure using lasers
- Organization of the certification of slew drives, rolled rings, calculations, complete slewing rings
- e.g. through DNV, Bureau Veritas, Lloyds Register of Shipping
- Express service for urgently required spare parts or prototypes
- Packaging replacement, long-time packaging for up to 5 years
- Work on construction sites of leading Level 3 rope access technicians with FISAT certification
- Inspection of PPE (personal protection equipment) against falling according to BGG 906

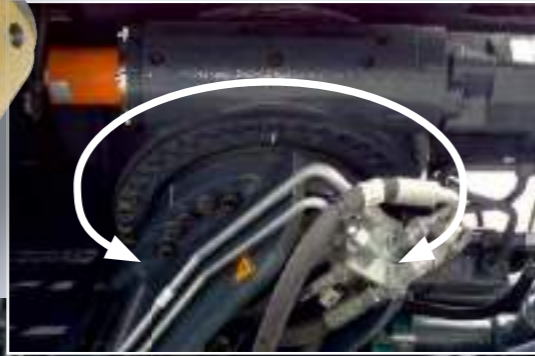


# Applications

Steering gears for special vehicles



Special slew drive **WD-L 0582** with bronze worm wheel for longer duty.



△ **Heavy load modular transporters** present big technical challenges. Each individual axle is steered by an IMO Slew Drive under the highest axial and radial forces and tilting moments. Despite the extreme loads, an exceedingly compact design is required for the pivot plate. The **WD-H 0300** size with steering torques of up to 44720 Nm, is, as shown in this example, predestined for this application.



△ **Side loader** with steering gears of the **WD-L 0223** and **WD-L 0419** series. The high duty requires the use of bronze worm wheels.

▽ This **self-charging, self-controlling electrical transporter**, used in hazardous areas, uses a slew drive of the **WD-L** series.



# Applications

Steering system solutions

# Applications

## Steering gears for crane undercarriages



◁ **Mobile silo** equipped with a slew drive of the **WD-H** series.

Highest output torques, the capacity to handle extreme tilting moments and the very compact design mean that **WD-H slew drives** are predestined for use as **steering gears**. Integrated rotary encoders support computer-controlled steering systems.

Undercarriages of cranes and special vehicles thus achieve **unique maneuverability**, which also includes turning on the spot. Our steering gear gives the end product **unique selling points**, which our customers have appreciated for many years.

The undercarriage of a **mobile dock crane** with the **WD-HC 0300** steering gear. The rotary encoder for the pick-up of the absolute steering angle can be seen opposite the hydraulic motor.



In this **ship lift** with a width of **22 m** and a height of **25 m**, there are sixteen axles, each with a **WD-H 0645** slew drive. They allow a 360° rotation of each axle.



△ **Ship lift** with four slew drives of the **WD-HC** series to lift and relocate ships with weights of up to 150 t.



△ This **remote-controlled ship lift** has a capacity of 320 tonnes. The 16 wheels can be moved in five steering modes: Front wheel, rear wheel and all wheel control, crab steering and carousel operation.

◁ In concrete works, large **mobile gantry cranes** move heavy, bulky prefabricated concrete parts. The **WD-HC 0645** slew drive allows an individual steering angle for all axles. The steering torque under maximum load for stationary steering is approx. 150,000 Nm!



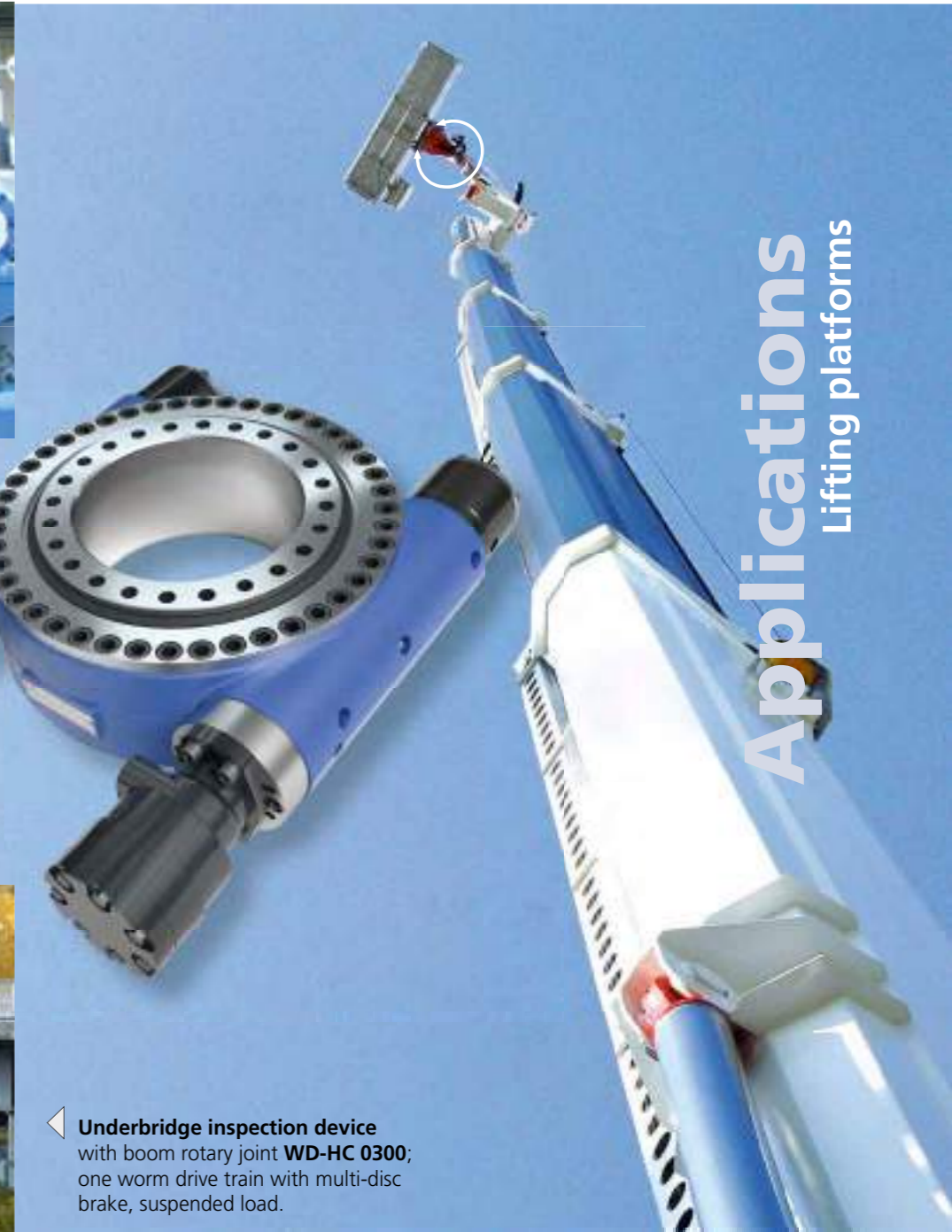
The high gear ratio and flat design of the **WD-L** series are stand out features when it comes to **manlift platforms**. The range of sizes in this series allows their use on all kinds of platforms with lifting heights of approx. 7 to 27 meters - design standardization at its best.



On account of their good power to weight ratio, single and double row **WD-L 0223** slew drives are ideal for **slewing the basket** on large platforms.

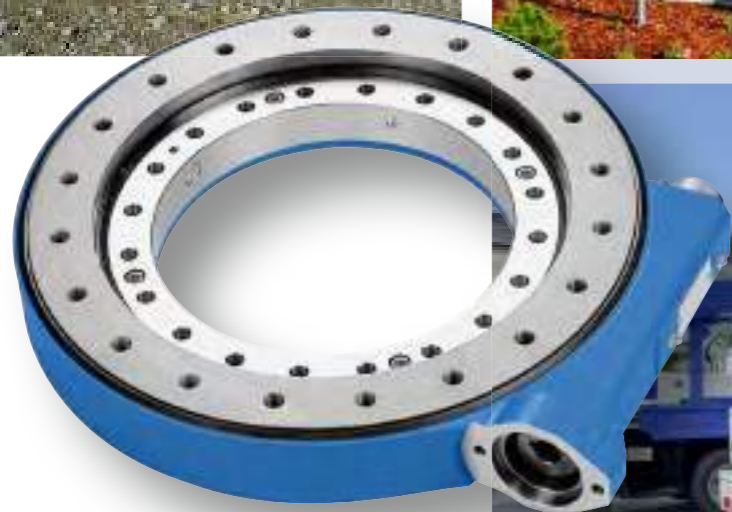


◀ **Underbridge inspection device** with boom rotary joint **WD-HC 0300**; one worm drive train with multi-disc brake, suspended load.

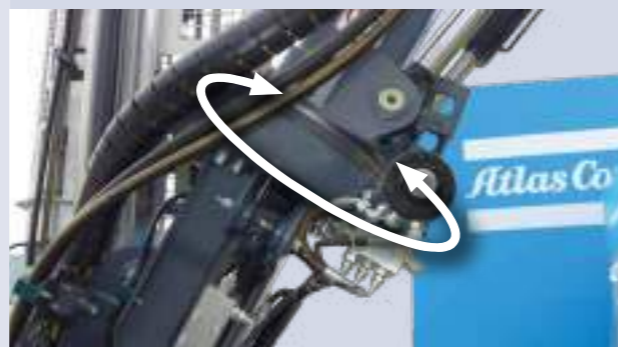


# Applications

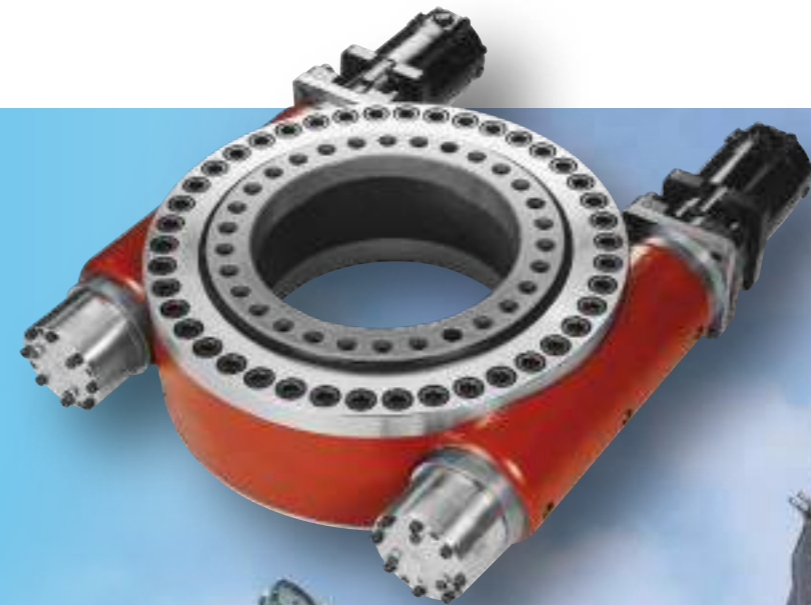
Lifting platforms



Small lifting platforms on crawler tracks.



Sleew drives of the **WD-H and WD-L** series are used in combination with hydraulic motors and brakes for slewing and positioning **various** stone drilling machine attachments.



This **ram** positions piles and sheet piling with the support of a **WD-H**.

# Applications

Drilling and piling technology



The gondolas of the **roller coaster** are rotated using a **WD-HE 0373** slew drive.



A total of **five ball slewing rings with internal gears** in three rotation axes are used in this **amusement park ride**.



The audience viewing area in this **4-D movie theater**, which can be slewed in all directions, is moved by **two WD-L 0713 slew drives**.



In this **amusement park ride, Gyroswing**, passengers are given a feeling of near weightlessness. A **slew drive of the SP-HC 1160 series** takes over the rotation of the passenger wheel.

# Applications

Amusement park rides



# Applications

Medical technology



In these **clean room lifts** for handling vessels, containers and bags in the pharmaceuticals industry, there are two **WD-L** slew drives and one **WD-H** slew drive **with adaption for various electric motors**.



**Computer-aided testing and training devices** are used for the prevention of back problems and rehabilitation after back problems. In this device, one **SP-I** and one **WD-L** slew drive enable the inclination of the body in two axes.

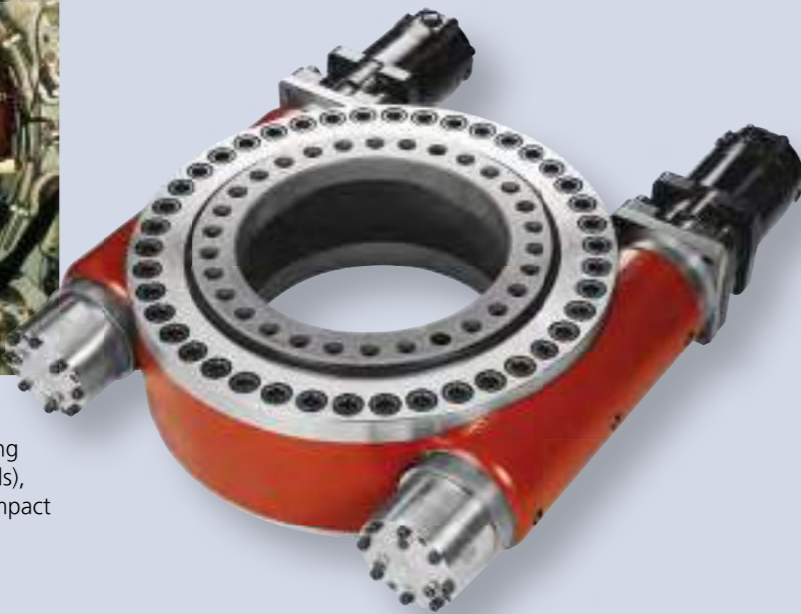




Stone drilling machine, used in deep mining whose drilling device is slewed with a slew drive of the WD-H series.



Instead of a standard erector bearing (a geared slewing ring with a large diameter for positioning wall form work for the segment lining of tunnels), this **manipulator** uses a considerably more compact **WD-HC 0373** slew drive with two worms and holding brakes.



Here, slew drives of the WD-H series are used in a **handling grab in deep mining**, to maneuver the operating cab of a **drilling machine** and in a **concrete spraying machine** to position the long boom.



The **WD-HC 0220** slew drive shown here has an integrated locking device with decouplable spur gear to secure the position of this **deep mining blast hole drilling rig**, during drilling.



Slew drive **SP-HC 0698** with hydraulic gear motors to rotate an **excavator arm**, which is part of a cutting outrigger of a tunnel boring machine.

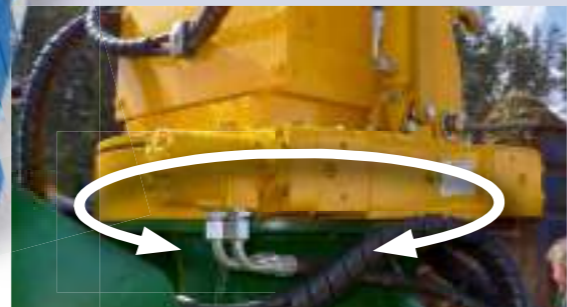




**Applications**  
Forestry and agricultural technology



In all the **spouts of the wood chippers** shown, there is a slew drive of the **WD-L** series.



These **chippers** are equipped with slew drives of the **WD-L** and **SP-I** series, to position the chipper and/or the spout.





In the **forestry and agricultural sector**, IMO slew drives are used for **movement and** readjustment.



**Applications**  
Forestry and agricultural technology

The driver's cab of this **combination forestry vehicle** is rotated using a slew drive of the **SP-I** series.



**Manure vehicles** are equipped with **WD-L 0419** and **SP-IC 0411**.



# Applications

Municipal technology



On these **slope mowers**, the rotational adjustment of the mowing unit or of the motor block is performed by a slew drive of the **WD-L** series.



This **tree cutter**, used to cut back trees and bushes, works using a **WD-L 0478**.

# Applications

Construction machines



To protect the gear of the slewing device of this **concrete demolition pincer** safely against damage from overloading, a slip coupling is integrated into the spur gear driven **SP-OP 0580 slew drive** (OP = "overload protected").



This **picker arm** is equipped with a **slew drive of the SP series** as rotary joint.

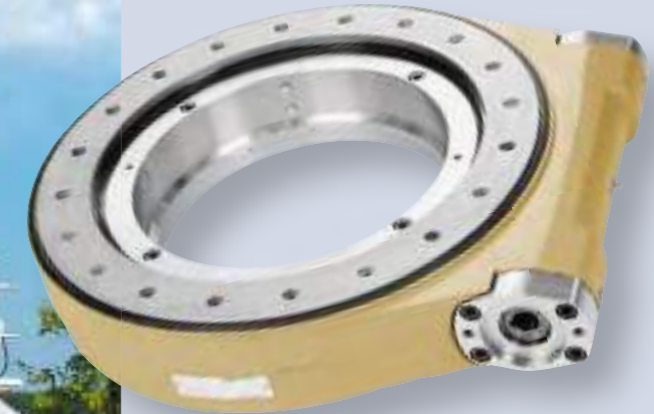




With this **special vehicle for bulk material**, the discharge is rotated using a **WD-L 0343**.



**Transport concrete mixer**, equipped with a 16.5 m conveyor belt slewed with two **WD-LC 0419**. The significant area density of the belt leads to **high tilting moments**, hence the use of a double row design with reinforced housing.



# Applications

Construction machines



A **WD-L 0478** allows the 360° rotation of this **pivoted crawler track unit** of a slipform paver.



◀ **Slew drive of the SP series** in a special design for the **foundation picker arm** of a heavy-duty construction machine.





In this **mobile animal feed plant**, an **SP-IC 0229** slew drive is used to rotate the boom.



Here, in this **high pressure rinsing and suction vehicle**, a **WD-L 0419** slew drive slews and positions the boom arm for drain cleaning work.



3 slew drives are **used in this suction dredger**: A **WD-LC 0625** to rotate/tip out the grouped goods container, a **WD-L 0419** to slew the entire suction boom and an **SP-I 0311** to rotate a front, geared pipe for loosening stones and earth.



This **work boat**, used in Dutch canals, uses a slew drive of the **WD-L series** to move the excavator arm.



**Driver cabs on harvesters** can be rotated by a **WD-L slew drive** with integrated hydraulic motor and permanent brake.



**Applications**  
Special vehicles



A **WD-L slew drive** enables track adjustment of this **disc plow**.



© mera Rabeler

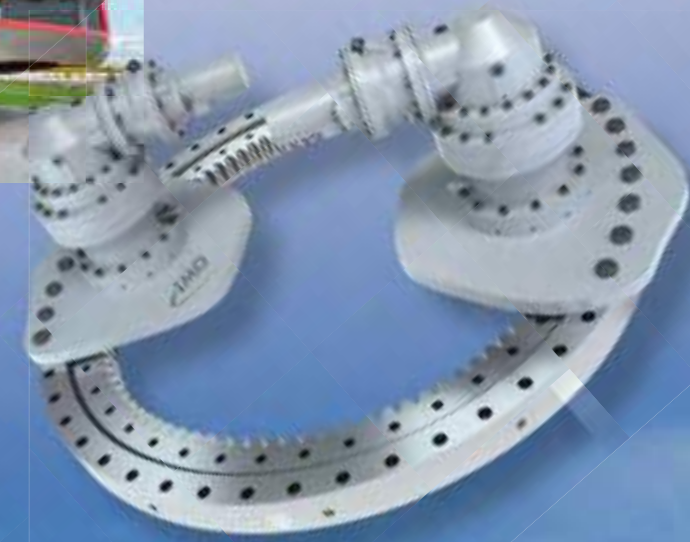
**Special vehicles**, like this refitted PistenBully, use **WD-L slew drives** for rotating attachments.



**Slew drives of the SP series** are integrated in **rail vehicles** of this type, used to clean tracks.



The **turntable ladder** of this fire truck is rotated using a **special slew drive of the SP series**.



**Applications**  
Special vehicles







◀ A **positioning and slewing device in combination with a hall crane** for heavy machine elements and workpieces. Here, **size 0478 WD-L slew drives** are in use.

◻ Handling of a **workpiece storage system**.



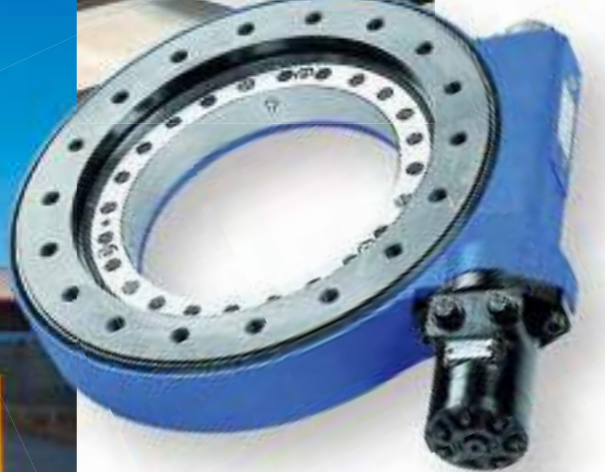
A **WD-H 0645** is the central rotation element in this **pallet changer** for a **5-axis machining center**.



**Applications**  
Factory automation / intralogistics



**WD-L slew drives** are used in these **forklift rotators**.



◀ In this **transport vehicle for liquid metals**, a **WD-L slew drive 0478** is installed in the **top rotary joint**, as well as two additional **WD-L slew drives 0343** in the **side arms**, for slewing the **casting ladle**.

# Applications

Cranes – On & offshore



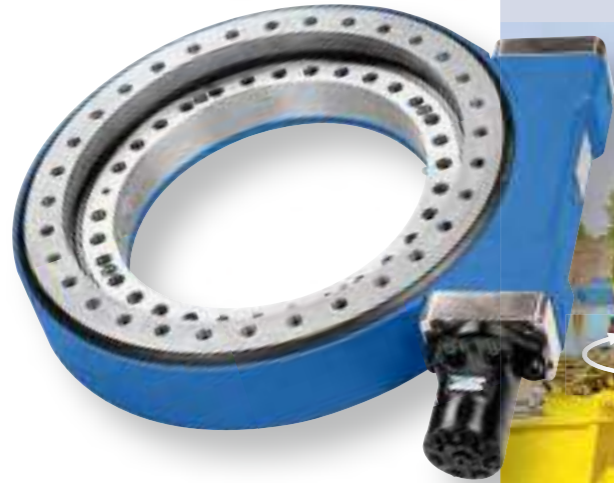
The aggressive environmental conditions that **deep mining cranes** are exposed to in salt mines are countered by using a **WD-HC 0373** slew drive. Brakes enable position locking, even when the crane is inclined steeply to the vertical.



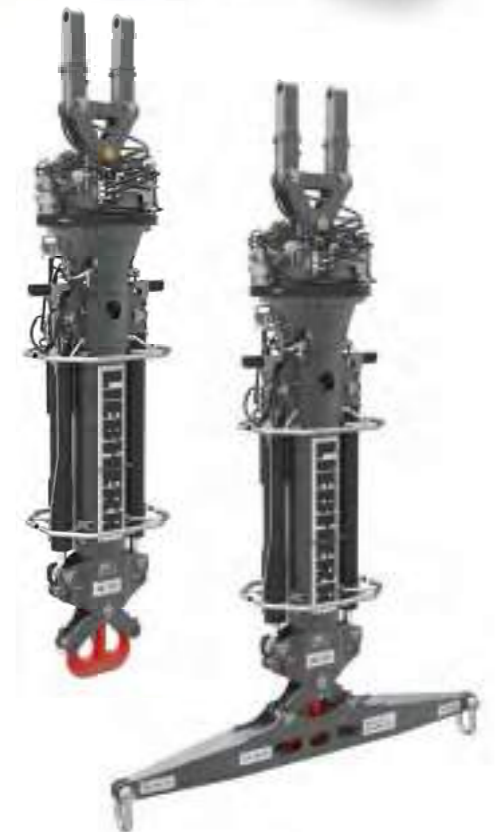
This **crane** is rotated by a slew drive of the **WD-H 0373** series.



The **railway slewing crane** with cross-beam for positioning track sections uses a slew drive **WD-L 0478**.



Light cranes are part of the standard equipment of **service trucks**; slew drive used: **WD-L 0343**.



This crane, with a maximum main hoist load of 100 t, is used for **pipe handling in the oil and gas industry**. It is equipped with a double row variant of the **SP-H 0955** slew drive.

# Applications

Cranes – On & offshore



Slew drives of the **WD-L** series are used in cranes for industrial cleaning plants or in marine cranes.



Enerpac IS

The currently **largest traveling crane in the world**, with a load capacity of 4,800 tonnes, moves concrete parts for road construction. Each carriage is equipped with 2 **SP-HC 0955** slew drives.



Enerpac IS



**Solar trackers**, which track the sun using slew drives of the **WD-L** and **WD-H** series.



**On-roof plant trackers** can be rotated with slew drives (here, a slew drive of the **WD-L** series is used).



In **small wind turbines**, slew drives of the **SP** series are used with or without housings, **WD-H** or **WD-L** slew drives are used as **yaw bearings** or for **blade adjustment** in plant sizes of 20-150 kW.

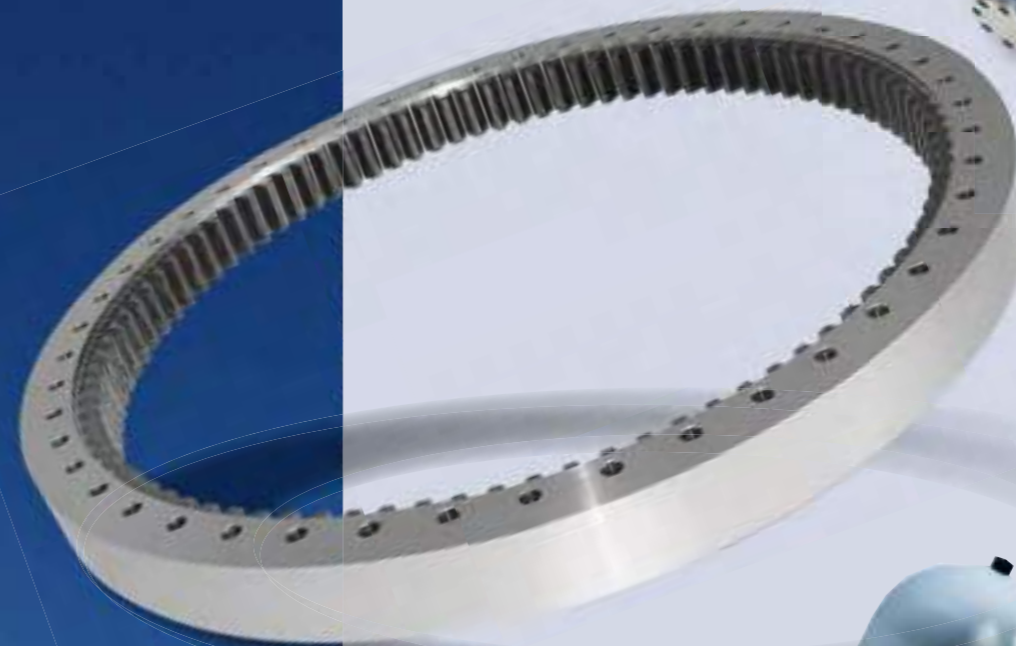


# Applications

Renewable energies



◁ In this **10 m antenna**, a single row ball slewing ring is used as an axle bearing. A **WD-H slew drive with flanged-on pinion** serves as a drive. The two-staged reduction produces an enormously high torque.



Pitch and yaw rotary joint of a **sun table** implemented with slew drives of the **WD-L series** and electric motors

Continued  
Applications



In this **amphibious vehicle**, the front support legs, which stabilize the vehicle, are equipped with **two WD-H 0645** slew drives.



This **dust-laying sprayer** creates a fine mist, which is blown by the strong air current of a powerful fan. Used here: A **WD-L 0223** slew drive.



This **winch** is used in wire rope hoists with tensile forces of up to 3 tonnes. Due to its use at heights of up to **3800 m above sea level**, the **slew drive of the SP series** is exposed to temperatures of **-30°C to +20°C**.



The workpiece can be positioned and fixed on this **testing table** at three levels. High positional accuracy is ensured by a **WD-L 0223** slew drive.



Continued Applications

# Slewing rings

## Ball & roller slewing ring

Besides slew drives, we also supply slewing rings in a large range of designs and sizes. We are experts in slewing rings individually tailored to customer requirements.

You can find details about this in our slewing ring catalog.

Slewing rings are roller bearings for simultaneous transmission of axial and radial forces as well as tilting moments.

- Replace traditional solutions with fixed and floating bearings as well as king pin bearings with support rollers
- Ball & roller slewing rings
- Available in a diameter range of 100 to over 6000 mm
- Integrated mounting holes
- Exterior or interior bearing ring gear possible (module 1 to 30 mm)
- Sealed raceway system with grease lubrication
- Standard series and special versions
- Test certificates according to DIN EN 10204 for materials, dimensions and specified characteristics

Request catalog at:  
[mail@imo.de](mailto:mail@imo.de)



Ball slewing ring with flange ring



Ball slewing ring, single row



Double axial slewing ring



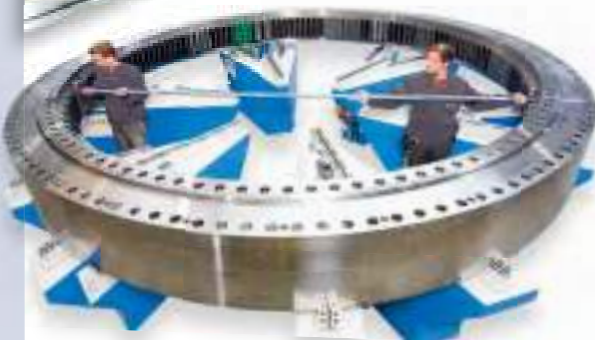
Ball-roller combination slewing rings Roller/ball



Roller slewing ring 3-row



Additional standard roller slewing ring



Slewing rings  
Examples of possible areas of use

## Technical Information

### Symbols and units

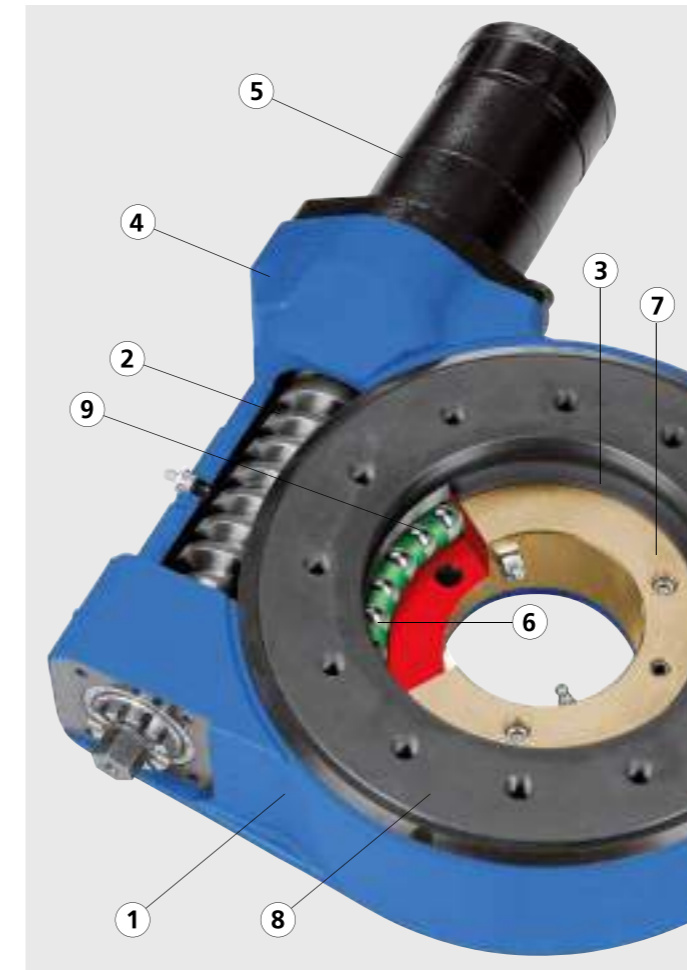
$\alpha_A$	—	Bolt tightening factor	$M_{d\ max}$	Nm	Maximum torque
$C_{ax}$	kN	Dynamic load rating, axial	$M_{h\ max}$	Nm	Maximum holding torque
$C_{rad}$	kN	Dynamic load rating, radial	$M_k$	kNm	Equivalent tilting moment including all occurring impact loads and required safety factors, calculated from all axial and radial forces causing tilting
$C_{0\ ax}$	kN	Static load rating, axial	$M_{kD}$	kNm	Equivalent tilting moment including equivalent radial load and application service factor for determining the load point in the limiting load diagram
$C_{0\ rad}$	kN	Static load rating, radial	$M_w$	Nm	Friction torque of the slew drive under operating load in the installed state
$D_L$	mm	Raceway diameter of the rolling elements (see product range overview, P. 6/7)	$M_{wA}$	Nm	Friction torque of the slew drive in the unloaded state
$ED_B$	%/min	Duty per minute	$n$	min <sup>-1</sup>	Output speed
$f_a$	—	Application service factor	$n_{perm}$	min <sup>-1</sup>	Permissible output speed
$F_{ax}$	kN	Equivalent axial load including all occurring impact loads and required safety factors, calculated from all axial forces	$n_b$	—	Number of mounting holes per bearing ring
$F_{axD}$	kN	Equivalent axial load including application service factor for determining the load point in the limiting load diagram	$Q$	l/min	Oil flow
$F_{rad}$	kN	Equivalent radial load including all occurring impact loads and required safety factors, calculated from all axial forces. The gearing circumferential force that occurs must be taken into account!	$p$	bar	Pressure differential
$F_{rad\ max}$	kN	Limit value for checking frictional capability	$S_F$	—	SP series: Safety factor against tooth base fatigue WD series: Safety factor against tooth fracture, dynamic
$F_{sp}$	kN	Bolt tightening force	$S_{Fs}$	—	WD series: Safety factor against tooth fracture, static
$i$	mm	Gear ratio	$S_w$	—	WD series: Safety factor against tooth wear, dynamic
$m$	mm	Module	$z_1$	—	Number of teeth, pinion
$M_{dB}$	Nm	Operating torque	$z_2$	—	Number of teeth, wheel
$M_{d\ nom}$	Nm	Nominal torque			

### Function

#### Function of the slew drive

Slew drives comprise a geared slew drive with high load carrying capacity (1), one or more geared drive elements (2), a functional seal (3), a housing (4) and a hydraulic or electric drive (5). Slew drives are designed for grease lubrication.

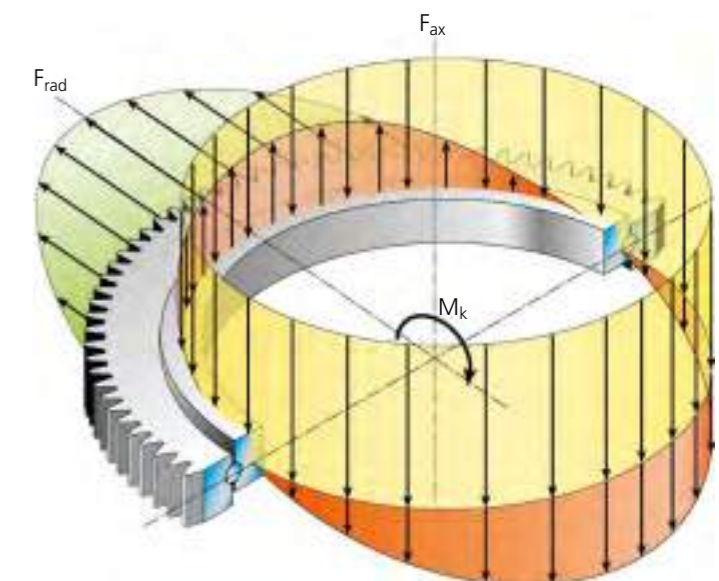
In the slew drive, rolling elements (6) transfer the loads between the inner (7) and outer ring (8). The load carrying capacity of the raceway system is determined by, amongst other parameters, the bearing design, the hardening depth, the rolling element size and quantity. Spacers (9) separate the rolling elements of the rolling element chain and minimize wear.



#### Load distribution

Depending on the external load, different load distributions and contact angles occur in the rolling element chain.

- In the case of an axial load  $F_{ax}$ , all the rolling elements are loaded in the same direction.
- In the case of a radial load  $F_{rad}$ , one segment of the rolling element chain carries the load.
- In the case of a tilting moment  $M_k$ , one segment carries the load on one side and one segment on the opposite side.
- Usually, combinations of axial, radial and tilting moments occur.

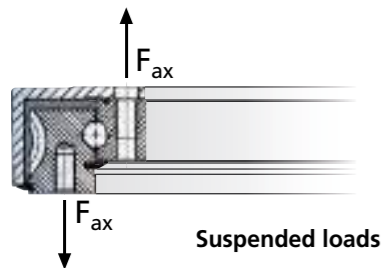




## Technical Information

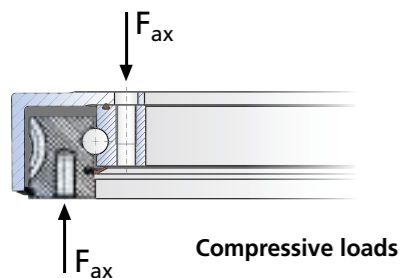
- Axial loads can be supported or suspended.
- Suspended axial loads and the load of the rising segment of the tilting moment must be held with the mounting bolts.

**Caution: In this case, catalog information is not valid!**



- Radial loads must be transmitted through frictional capability between the sleew drive and the mounting structure.
- Only a good bolted connection can ensure the function of the sleew drive. The bolted connection and the tilting clearance of the sleew drive must be checked regularly.

**All bolt data given in the catalog is valid only for compressive loads!**



### Gear

Sleew drives of the WD series are designed with a worm gear. Sleew drives of the SP series are designed with a spur bevel gear. Permissible torques are listed in the dimensioning tables.

### Drive

The drive is provided by a flange mounted hydraulic or electric motor. Both the connection flange and the shaft/hub connection conform to the normal industrial standard. This means that standard hydraulic motors can be mounted without any trouble. Appropriate adapters are required for electric motors. At IMO, the drive motors are designed according to the specifications of the customer and can be very flexible with regard to rotational speed and torque.

### Housing

The housings are made as a welded or cast components and are matched to the size of the sleew drive. As standard, the housings are supplied with a primer.

### Sealing

The polymer seals protect the sleew drive against the ingress of normal quantities of dirt, dust and light spray water. In case of severe dirt contamination, water jets or mechanical load, the seals must be protected with upstream labyrinths on the mounting structure. The functionality and achievable service life of the sleew drive are primarily dependent on avoiding the ingress of dirt particles into the sleew drive.

**High-pressure cleaners must not be used to clean sleew drives.**

### Operating temperature

Standard versions of IMO sleew drives can be used in ambient temperatures from  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+70^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

### Selection criteria

The criteria listed below must be taken into account for the correct selection of a sleew drive.

#### Position of the output shaft

Vertical: Sleew drives of any series can be used.

Horizontal: Sleew drives of any series can be used with the exception of the WD-H series as well as sizes 0478, 0625, 0620, and 0713 of the WD-L series. Here, it is essential that a sleew drive with a double-threaded worm is used, because otherwise a jerk-free operation cannot be ensured during reverse load situations.

Alternating: Sleew drives can be used as described under "Output shaft, vertical" up to an inclination angle of  $5^{\circ}$  to the vertical. In the case of inclination angles beyond this, sleew drives must be used as described under "Output shaft, horizontal", as otherwise jerk-free operation cannot be ensured.

Sleew drives that are not self-locking can optionally be equipped with a holding brake, if safe holding of the load is required.

### Loads

The operating load point of external loads, such as axial load, radial load and tilting moment, must lie below the static limiting load curve. For this, please refer to the sections "Static raceway load carrying capacity" and "Mounting bolts".

### Shocks, vibrations

To satisfy the special requirements of the various applications, shock coefficients for the gears must be taken into account. Sleew drives of the WD series are not suitable for applications with continuous vibrations.

### Reverse torques

Due to their high ratios WD-series sleew drives can be severely damaged under reverse load conditions if the reverse torque exceeds the maximum permissible table values  $M_{h \max}$ .

### Torque

The operating torque must not exceed the maximum torques stated in the dimensioning tables, calculated with the application service factor 1. You can find explanations of the different torque specifications below:

#### SP series:

##### Maximum torque $M_{d \max}$ :

SP-H sleew drive series:

The maximum torque is limited by the maximum radial load of the planetary gear used.

SP-I sleew drive series:

The maximum torque is limited by the maximum input torque of the hydraulic motor used for a  $\varnothing 25$  mm key shaft.

##### Nominal torque $M_{d \text{ nom}}$ :

The nominal torque is calculated with a safety factor against tooth base fatigue  $S_F = 1$ , at the output speed stated in the dimensioning table and one-way varying load.

#### WD series:

##### Maximum torque $M_{d \max}$ :

The calculation of the maximum torque with a safety factor against tooth fracture  $S_{F5} = 1$  is done according to G. Niemann / H. Winter, Maschinenelemente (machine elements) Band III, 1986, for worm gears and is influenced by the

- Limit value of the tooth base stress
- Module
- Gear width

##### Nominal torque $M_{d \text{ nom}}$ :

The nominal torque is calculated with a safety factor against tooth wear  $S_{W1} = 1$ ,

- At the output speed given in the table
- For a calculated service life of 10000 h
- At a duty of 5%

For sleew drives with two motors, the specified values are valid for a sleew angle  $\leq 170^{\circ}$ .

#### SP and WD series:

##### Maximum holding torque $M_h$ :

The maximum holding torque determines which reverse torque can be transmitted or held, without damage being caused to the gear. If the holding torque is unknown, the value of the maximum torque is assumed as the holding torque in the design process.

### Rotational speed

Sleew drives of SP series:

The max. permissible rotational speed is  $n_{\text{perm}} = \frac{40000}{D_L}$

WD sleew drive series:

The maximum permissible rotational speed is given in the dimensioning tables. For higher speeds, please contact our Sales department.

### Duty

Sleew drives of the WD series are designed for intermittent duty. Applications with continuous running or with a high rate of duty and, simultaneously, a high output torque are not permissible. This would lead to unacceptable temperature increases in the gear and thus to premature failure of the sleew drive. The transmission of the maximum torque must be limited to 10% of each minute.

### Static raceway load carrying capacity

**The static load carrying capacity of the sleew drive is determined by:**

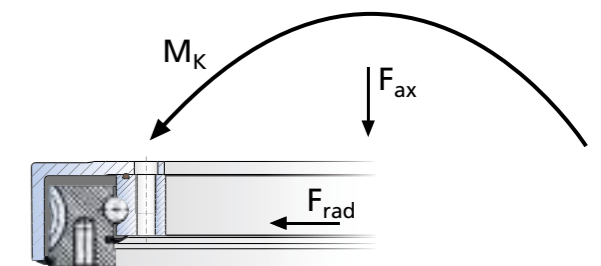
- Hardening depth of the raceway
- Number and size of the rolling elements
- Bearing design
- Raceway geometry

The limiting load diagram shows the permissible axial and tilting moments for the respective size of unit.

Each load case, including the required and recommended safety, must lie under the limiting load curve.

**The limiting load diagrams are valid under the following condition:**

- Static loading
- Limiting load curve with safety 1
- Grip length of the bolt at least 5x and maximum 10x the bolt diameter
- Continuous thread up to the bolt head is not permissible
- Bolt grade 10.9
- All mounting holes used
- Compressive load
- Sufficiently stiff and flat mounting structure
- Minimum strength of the mounting structure 500 N/mm<sup>2</sup>
- Radial loading taken into account as specified
- Compliance with all items of the Installation and Operating Manual



## Technical Information

To address the peculiarities of the different applications, the following application service factors must be taken into account in the prevailing loads:

Application	Application service factor $f_a$	Remark
Construction machines	1.25	Normal operation
Forestry machinery	1.50	Rough operation
Foundry works	1.75	Rough operation
Manlift platforms	1.30	Normal operation
Mech. engineering, general	1.25	Normal operation
Mech. engineering, general	1.50	Heavy-duty operation
Measurement technology	2.00	Accuracy
Robot / handling systems	1.50	Accuracy
Rail vehicles	1.50	Rough operation
Special vehicles	1.50	Rough operation
Deep mining companies	1.75	Rough operation
Machine tools	1.50	Accuracy

The application service factors should be taken into account in the following equations for the prevailing loads:

$$F_{axD} = F_{ax} \cdot f_a$$

$$M_{kD} = (M_k + 1.73 \cdot F_{rad} \cdot \frac{D_L}{1000}) \cdot f_a$$

The tilting moment is increased accordingly to take the prevailing radial load into account.

This equation only applies when:

$$F_{rad} \leq 220 \cdot \frac{M_k}{1000} + 0.5 \cdot F_{ax}$$

Should the value be exceeded, then the limiting load diagram is no longer valid. Please contact our Sales department.

### Calculation example:

Application: Slew equipment for a construction machine in normal operation

Load:	Axial load	55 kN
	Radial load	6 kN
	Tilting moment	86 kNm

Slew drive: pre-selected SP-H 0455/2 - 05910

Checking the radial load:

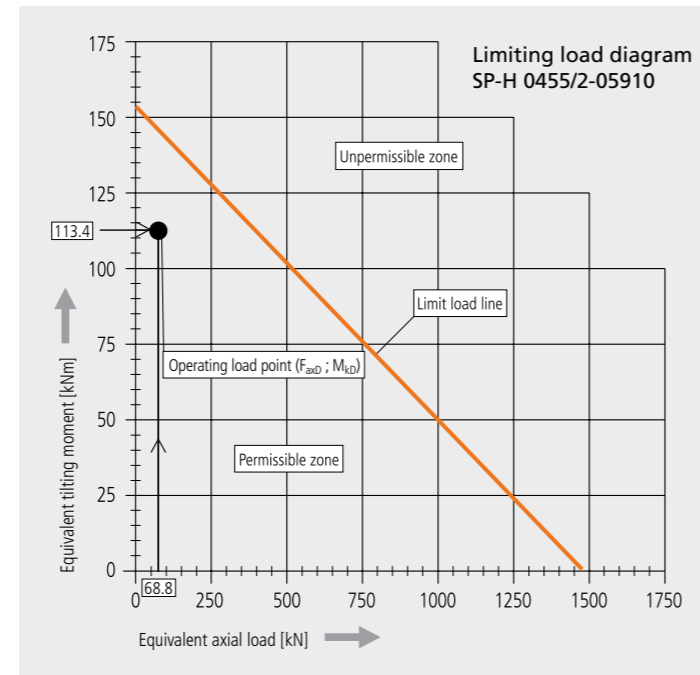
$$F_{rad} = 6 \text{ kN} \leq 46,4 \text{ kN} = 220 \cdot \frac{86}{1000} + 0.5 \cdot 55$$

An application service factor of 1.25 results in the following values:

$$F_{axD} = 55 \cdot 1.25 = 68.8 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{kD} = (86 + 1.73 \cdot 6 \cdot \frac{455}{1000}) \cdot 1.25 = 113.4 \text{ kNm}$$

At this point, it is possible to check in the limiting load diagram, whether or not the preselected slew drive is statically adequate:



If the operating load point is below the limiting load curve, then the slew drive is statically adequately dimensioned. If the loads occur frequently during slewing, then the selected types should be reevaluated, dynamically, for service life. Please contact our Sales department about this.

### Mounting bolts

Prevailing loads must be transmitted safely. To ensure this, besides checking the raceway loads, the mounting bolts must be sized accordingly.

The bolt curve is shown in the static limiting load diagram with the following conditions:

- Fulfillment of the conditions as specified for considering the static load carrying capacity of the raceway.
- Bolts are duly tightened with a torque wrench (bolt tightening factor  $\alpha_A = 1.6$ ).
- For slew drives with through holes, use the largest possible metric bolts with coarse-pitched threads.

Caution: In the case of suspended loads, the bolts are additionally subjected to tensional forces. Please contact our Sales department.

### Static load carrying capacity of the mounting bolts

The determination of the operating load point, both with and without a radial load, takes place analog to the checking of the static load carrying capacity of the raceway.

If the relevant load case lies below the limiting load curve in the static limiting load diagram, then the bolted connection is statically adequately dimensioned.

### Dynamic load carrying capacity of the mounting bolts

Usually, a static dimensioning of the bolted connection is sufficient. Dynamic checking is required in cases in which high numbers of load reversals act on the slew drive. Please contact our Sales department about this.

### Frictional capability of the bolted connection

If radial loads act on the slew drive, then it must be ensured that these loads can be transmitted to the bolts without shearing forces. Therefore it must be determined whether the radial load can be transmitted through frictional capability between the mounting structure and the slew drive.

$$F_{rad \max} = \frac{n_b \cdot F_{sp}}{18.8}$$

$n_b$  = Number of mounting holes per ring

$F_{sp}$  = Bolt tightening force of the mounting bolts

If the prevailing radial load exceeds the limit value, then we request you to contact our Sales department.

For slew drives with a different number of bolts or size of bolts in the inner and outer ring, the permissible radial load must be determined for both rings. The smaller value is the limiting value.

Frictional capability prevails if  $F_{rad \max}$  is greater than the prevailing radial load.

Slew drives of the WD-H series must always be centered.

### Securing the bolts

If the customer requires the bolts to be secured, we recommend the following products (the manufacturer's specifications apply):

#### Loctite

Application of Loctite 270 is suitable for high strength connections. This counteracts loosening and seals the thread.

#### Nord-Lock

Nord-Lock – self-locking bolt washers – are recommended for vibration and dynamic loads.

Due to a pair of wedge-locking washers, with tapered surface gradients between the two Nord-Lock washers greater than the gradient of the bolt thread, any bolt loosening tendencies are counteracted immediately.

We do not recommend using other bolt securing systems.

### Friction torque

The friction torque of slew drives is dependent on many influence factors, such as:

- Stiffness and flatness of the mounting structure
- Load and loading combination
- Rotational speed and operating temperature
- Slew drive design
- Number and frictional torque of the seals
- Lubrication grease and filling level
- Production tolerances
- and other factors

The following equations can be used to approximately determine the friction torque of an unloaded slew drive:

Slew drives, SP series, with a minimum bearing clearance greater than zero

$$M_{wA} = 0.2 \cdot \frac{D_L^2}{2000}$$

WD-L slew drive series, with bearing preload

$$M_{wA} = 2.0 \cdot \frac{D_L^2}{2000}$$

WD-H slew drive series, with bearing preload

$$M_{wA} = 4.0 \cdot \frac{D_L^2}{2000}$$

The friction torque for a slew drive under load can approximately be determined using the following equation:

$$M_w = 0.005 \cdot (4400 \cdot M_k + 4 \cdot D_L \cdot F_{rad} + D_L \cdot F_{ax}) + M_{wA}$$

### Gear

#### Shock coefficients

For applications, in which shocks can be expected, appropriate shock coefficients must be included to determine the max. torque.

#### Service life

The expected service life of the gear depends primarily on the operating conditions. These include:

- Torque
- Output speed
- Duty
- Ambient temperature
- etc.

## Technical Information

### SP series slew drives

#### Gear design

Slew drives of the SP series are designed with a spur bevel gear according to DIN 3960, DIN 3962 and DIN 3967. If higher torques are necessary or if a longer service life is required, the gear can be manufactured as a tempered or hardened version.

#### Permissible torques

Please refer to the dimensioning tables for relevant information.

#### Drive pinion

The pinions used in the different sizes have hardened gears. You can find information on the transmission ratios and numbers of teeth in the dimensioning tables. In a direct drive (SP-I), the drive pinion is supported by two radial bearings, which are integrated into the housing and the motor mount. In the case of slew drives equipped with a planetary gear, the drive pinion is supported by the planetary gear.

### WD series slew drives

#### Gear design

Slew drives of the WD series are designed with a hardened worm gear according to DIN 3975.

#### Permissible torques

Please refer to the dimensioning tables for relevant information.

#### Worm shaft

The worm shafts are made of hardened steel, with ground tooth flanks.

### Angular accuracy

The angular accuracy of the slew drives is dependent on various factors:

- Tooth flank backlash
- Tolerances of the individual parts
- Elastic deformation under loads
- Gear wear
- Attachments

Should a slew drive with increased positioning accuracy be required, please contact our Sales department.

#### Tooth flank backlash

The tooth flank backlash is required to ensure smooth rotation of the slew drives. It relates to the highest point of the gear in the unloaded condition. A greater tooth flank backlash can be assumed at other positions of the slewing ring circumference. Adjustment or modification of the tooth flank backlash by the customer is not intended and also not permitted!

#### Tolerances of the individual parts

As with every machined part, the individual parts of the slew drives are subject to tolerances, the combination of which influence the angular accuracy.

### Elastic deformation under loads

Under the influence of external loads, elastic deformations inevitably occur at the slew drives, any installed extension parts and the customer mounting structure, irrespective of any rotation of the slew drives.

#### Gear wear

Wear leads to increasing play in the gear as the period of use increases. We recommend regular checking of the wear state by determining the tooth flank backlash. Please refer to the Installation and Operating Manual for more detailed information.

#### Attachments

Optional attachments, such as motors, gearboxes and brakes, have an additional influence on the angular accuracy of the overall system. For more detailed information, please consult the appropriate manufacturer's information.

### SP series slew drives

The tooth flank backlash is factory set to the highest point of the gear in the unloaded state to a value of  $\geq 0.04 \cdot \text{module}$ .

### WD series slew drives

The tooth flank backlash is  $\geq 0.3 \text{ mm}$  at the highest point of the gear and in the unloaded state.

Caution: Slew drives of the WD-H series and some slew drives of the WD-L series are equipped with disk springs in the bearing of the drive train as standard. Depending on the size, these can lead to an additional axial shift of the worm shaft of  $\pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$  to  $\pm 2.5 \text{ mm}$ !

### Self-locking

#### SP series slew drives

Slew drives of the SP series are not self-locking. We recommend using a brake to transmit the required holding torque, to hold a desired position safely or achieve a safe stop.

#### WD series slew drives

Self-locking on slew drives of the WD series exists only if the slew drive cannot be driven from the output side. Self-locking is directly related to the efficiency of the slew drive, which depends on many factors, such as

- Lead angle
- Friction angle
- Rotational speed
- Lubrication
- Material matching
- Surface finish
- etc.

Theoretically the slew drives are self-locking when the efficiency of the gear is  $< 50\%$ .

The information in the dimensioning table corresponds to this statement. However, it is essential that the actual availability of self-locking in the supplied slew drive is determined individually under the given operating conditions.

We take no responsibility for the agreement between the theoretical information in the dimensioning tables and the practically available self-locking or non-self-locking characteristics. We recommend using a brake to transmit the required holding torque, to hold a desired position safely or achieve a safe stop.

### Lubrication

Sufficient, regular lubrication is required to ensure reliable functioning and a long service life. In this regard, the lubrication grease fulfills the following functions:

#### For the raceway:

- Reduction of friction and wear in the roller contact
- Corrosion protection
- Lubrication of the seals
- Additional sealing effect of the grease collar

#### For the gear:

- Smoother running
- Less wear
- Reduced running noise
- Long service life
- Less heat development

#### Initial greasing

IMO slew drives are supplied pre-lubricated. High-quality lithium grease based on mineral oil, with EP additives according to DIN 51502, KP 2 K-30, is the standard lubrication.

#### Regreasing intervals

Depending on the frequency of use and prevailing operating conditions, regreasing must be done at regular intervals. In general, care should be taken to ensure that the grease used is compatible with the initial greasing and the sealing material. In particular, care should be taken to ensure that the lubricating grease types specified in the order drawing are always used.

Should you wish to use another type of grease, you must check that this grease type is compatible with the one used for initial greasing. In this case, please contact your grease manufacturer. In addition, please always comply with the information in our Installation and Operating Manual.

Besides regular regreasing during operation, it is also necessary to lubricate the slew drive before and after longer down times. In addition, the equipment in which the slew drive is integrated must be regreased after cleaning.

#### CAUTION:

**Slew drives must not be cleaned with high-pressure cleaners. Otherwise, larger pressurized volumes of water may ingress through the sealing gap and into the slew drive. This cannot be removed, even through considerable amounts of regreasing. This greatly reduces the service life of a slew drive.**

### Miscibility

Greases with different saponification and base oils cannot be mixed. The grease manufacturers should always confirm the miscibility of different grease types.

### Storage of lubricants

Even when unused, lubricants are subject to aging. After about 3 years, the grease used should be used up or replaced.

### Design of the mounting structure

The safe transmission of prevailing loads and the reliable operation of the slew drive is achieved, among other things, through using an adequately dimensioned mounting structure. In this regard, the mounting structure must comply with certain minimum requirements for the slew drive to function reliably:

- Sufficient stiffness (see Installation and Operating Manual)
- The flatness requirements in the Installation and Operating Manual must be observed
- No hard points (e.g. from cross beams)
- Surfaces for bolts must at least be machined
- A cup-shaped structure is preferable
- Use all mounting bolts
- Use recommended bolt grade
- Minimum strength of the mounting structure  $500 \text{ N/mm}^2$

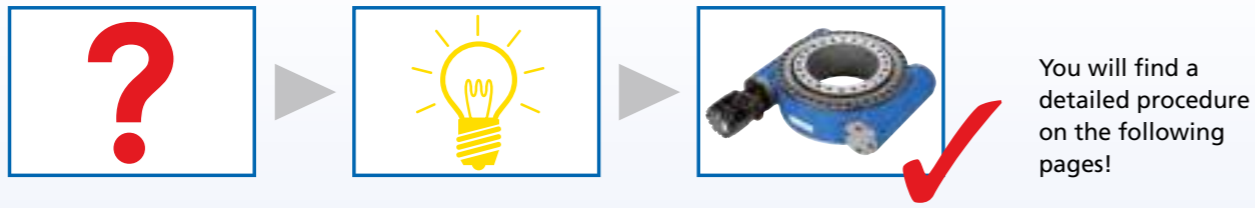
Depending on the maximum load and the application, the solutions for the design of the mounting structure may be very different. If the mounting structure is designed as a cup-shaped structure, the flange thickness should be at least 50% of the slew drive's overall height. The wall thickness of the cup should be about 30% of the flange thickness. For weight-critical applications, the flange thicknesses can only be reduced if appropriate stiffening is provided and the specifications for the permissible deviation from flatness and angular misalignment as well as deformation under load are complied with. Please refer to the Installation and Operating Manual for values.

#### Please comply with our Installation and Operating Manual.

This compliance is of essential functional and safety relevance for our product and has a decisive influence on the intended service life. You can find the current version of the Installation and Operating Manual on the Internet at [www.imo.de](http://www.imo.de).

On request, we can also send you the manual in paper form.

# Selection of a slew drive in just a few steps



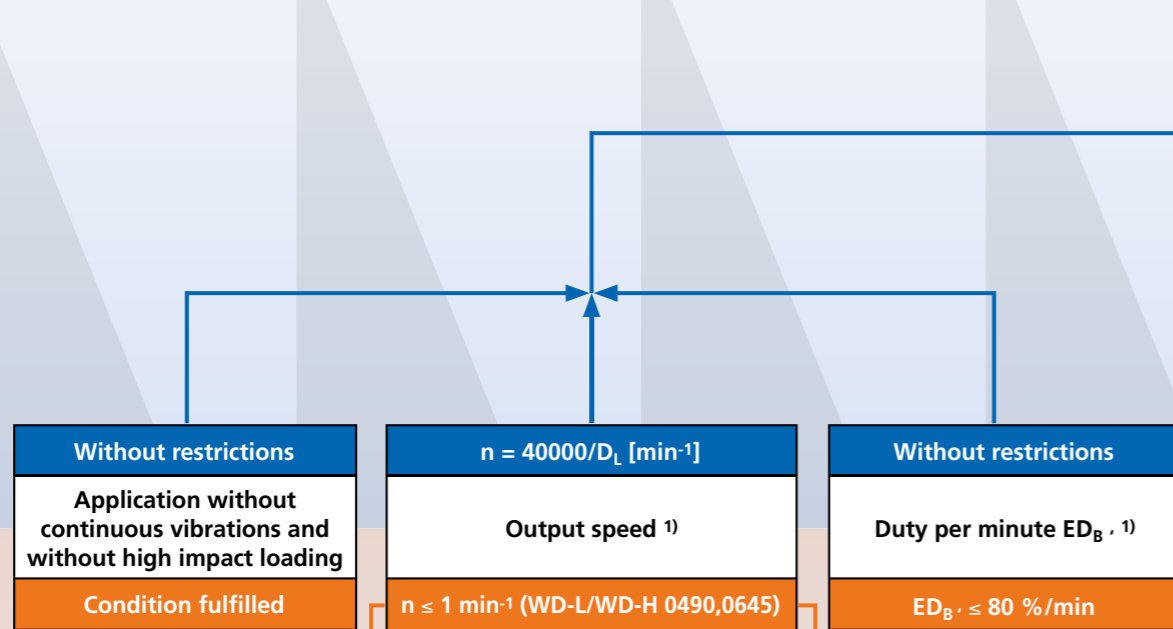
**SP series**  
Spur gear driven type



**START**



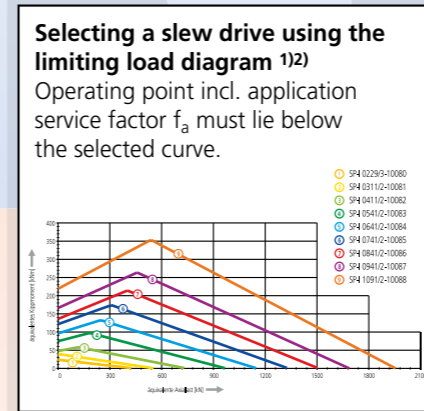
**WD series**  
Worm gear driven type



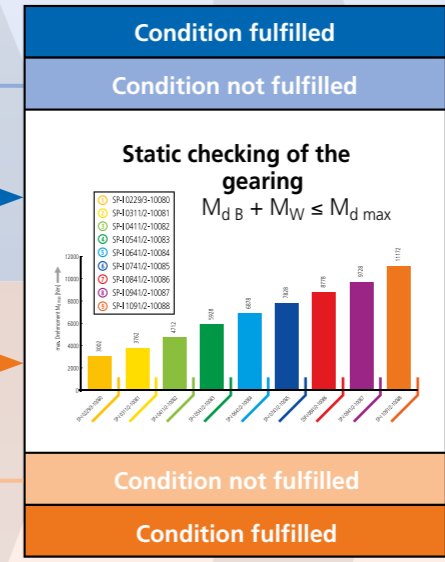
Position of the output shaft <sup>1)</sup>		
Vertical	Horizontal	Alternating
		Angle of inclination to the vertical
		≤ 5 degrees
		> 5 degrees

WD-L or WD-H	WD-L or WD-L 0478, WD-L 0625, WD-L 0620, WD-L 0713, WD-H with double-threaded gearing	WD-L or WD-H with single-threaded gearing	WD-L or WD-L 0478, WD-L 0625, WD-L 0620, WD-L 0713, WD-H with double-threaded gearing
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Selecting a slew drive with greater max. torque M<sub>d max</sub>



Selecting a slew drive with greater max. torque M<sub>d max</sub>



**Checking the selected slew drive at IMO for service life and static suitability**  
Please provide the "Application Data Sheet" (see end of the catalog) and sketch of the application for inspection.

1) Selection criteria can only be used as rough guide values; if the limit value is exceeded, please contact IMO.  
 2) Please take the validity conditions into account as accurately as possible.

**SOLUTION**

## Technical Information

### Procedure for selecting a slew drive in just 3 steps:

Using an example, the following section describes the pre-selection of a suitable slew drive:

#### Example

**Application:** Steering gear for an in-house transport vehicle; rough operation; limited installation space; output axis installed vertically, compressive loads

#### Load data:

Axial load:  $F_{ax} = 100 \text{ kN}$   
 Radial load:  $F_{rad} = 40 \text{ kN}$   
 Tilting moment:  $M_k = 80 \text{ kNm}$   
 Operating torque:  $M_{dB} = 13200 \text{ Nm}$   
 Output speed:  $n = 1.0 \text{ min}^{-1}$

#### Description of the slew cycle under operating torque:

Slew  $60^\circ$  in 10 seconds in clockwise direction  
 Slew  $60^\circ$  in 10 seconds in counter-clockwise direction, slewing pause for 40 seconds  
 In terms of one minute: 20 seconds slewing - 40 seconds slew pause

→ 0.333 minutes slewing per minute

→ Duty per minute of operation:

$$ED_B = \frac{0.333}{\text{min}} \cdot 100\% = \frac{33.3}{\text{min}}\%$$

### Step 1: Selecting a suitable design (WD or SP) Comparing product characteristics

#### WD design:

- Features high torques at low output speeds and transfers high tilting moments, axial and radial loads
- Achieves the highest power density with the smallest diameter configuration
- Flat design thanks to tangentially arranged drives
- Provides high torque transmission, however the duty must always be taken into account.
- Slew drives without self-locking can be equipped with holding brakes
- Always take the position of the output shaft into account when selecting the slew drive
- Not recommended in cases of continuous vibrations or heavy impact loading

#### Typical applications:

Manlift platforms, steering gears for undercarriages of crane and heavy-duty vehicles, loading cranes, turntables, forklift rotators, mining equipment, and much more.

#### SP design:

- Enables higher output speeds
- Extremely narrow around the slewing ring but the drive protrudes in the axial direction
- Offers a large, open internal diameter
- Very suitable for structures with a large radial diameters
- Fundamentally not self-locking in design

- Can be equipped with holding brakes
- The position of the output shaft is insignificant
- Preferred design for vibrations and impact loading applications

#### Typical applications:

Handling and automation units, packaging machines, tool changers, picker arms, construction machines, agricultural and forest harvesters, and much more.

#### Example step 1:

Worm gear driven types have proved their worth as steering gears. A high torque level and low output speed with a small installation height and diameter clearly speak for the use of a WD design. A single-threaded worm gear can be selected on account of the vertical output shaft installation position. The WD-L series offers the smallest assembly height of the worm gear driven slew drives.

### Step 2: Selecting a suitable construction size in the limiting load diagram for compressive loads:

A suitable slew drive is selected iteratively. For a pre-selected slew drive (e.g. WD-L 0478/3-04904), an operating load point is calculated depending on the external load, the application service factor and the raceway diameter  $D_L$ . Loading is permissible for the raceway and bolt connection, if the operating load point lies below the limiting load curve of the pre-selected slew drive.

If the operating load point lies above the corresponding limiting load curve, a slew drive with a higher load capacity must be selected, whose limiting load curve lies above the current operating load point. The operating load point must be recalculated for the newly selected size and the permissibility of the new operating load point checked in the limiting load diagram.

If, on the other hand, the operating load point lies even below the limiting load curve of a smaller size, then the permissibility of the newly calculated operating load point for this size can be checked in the limiting load diagram.

This iterative procedure is continued until an optimally suitable size has been determined, by which the operating load point lies below the corresponding limiting load curve.

The following conditions must be fulfilled:

- Preconditions for the limiting load diagram apply (see section "Static raceway load carrying capacity")
- Equation  $F_{rad} \leq 220 \cdot \frac{M_k}{1000} + 0.5 \cdot F_{ax}$  fulfilled

### Step 3: Static checking of the permissibility of the operating torque $M_{dB}$ :

The following condition must be fulfilled:

- Operating torque  $M_{dB}$  + friction torque  $M_w \leq$  maximum torque  $M_{d \max}$

#### Please note:

We recommend having IMO check the service life of the selected slew drive. For this, please send our "Application Data Sheet" (see end of the catalog) to our Sales department together with sketches of the application.

#### Example step 2:

- Preconditions for the limiting load diagram apply
- Checking the condition:

$$F_{rad} \leq 220 \cdot \frac{M_k}{1000} + 0.5 \cdot F_{ax}$$

$$40 \leq 220 \cdot \frac{80}{1000} + 0.5 \cdot 100 = 67.6 \text{ (condition fulfilled)}$$

Calculation of the operating load point:

Application service factor:  $f_a = 1.5$  (special vehicles)

Raceway diameter for WD-L 0478/3-04904:  $D_L = 478 \text{ mm}$  (see product range overview / compare P. 6 and P. 7)

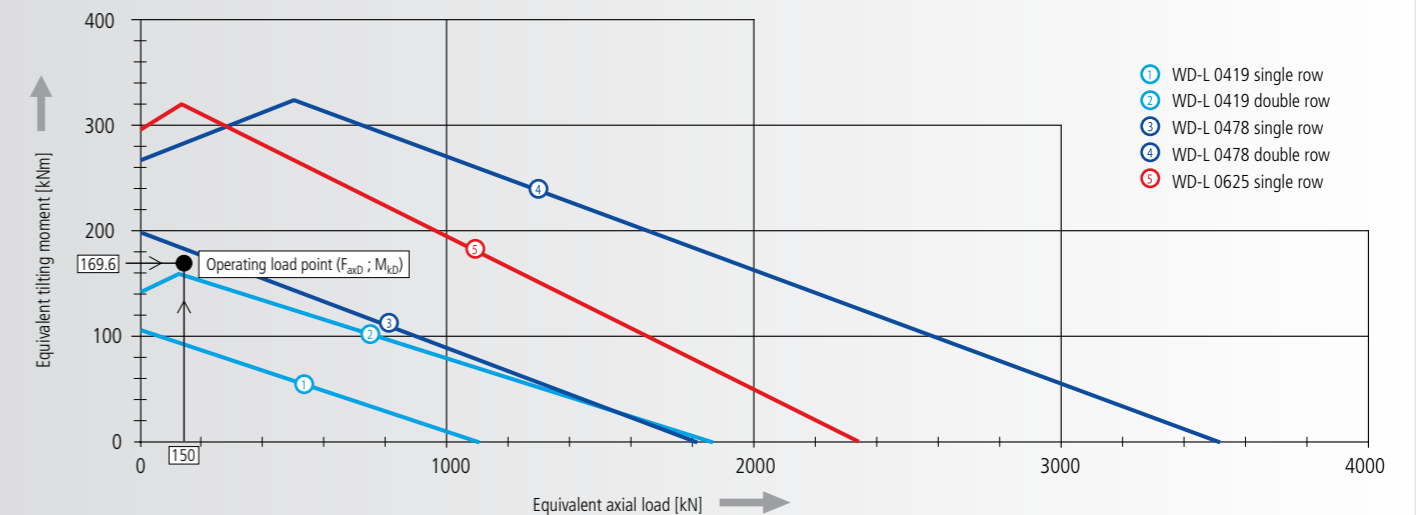
$$F_{axD} \leq F_{ax} \cdot f_a$$

$$F_{axD} = 100 \text{ kN} \cdot 1.5 = 150 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{kD} = (M_k + 1.73 \cdot F_{rad} \cdot \frac{D_L}{1000}) \cdot f_a$$

$$M_{kD} = (80 + 1.73 \cdot 40 \cdot \frac{478}{1000}) \cdot 1.5 = 169.6 \text{ kNm}$$

The operating load point lies below the limiting load curve of the selected slew drive WD-L 0478/3-04904 and is permissible. The operating load point of the selected slew drive lies above the limiting load curves of the smaller sizes, which are then not permissible. A slew drive that is larger than the selected slew drive WD-L 0478/3-04904 would not be the best solution in economic terms.



#### Example step 3:

- Checking the condition  $M_{dB} + M_w \leq M_{d \max}$

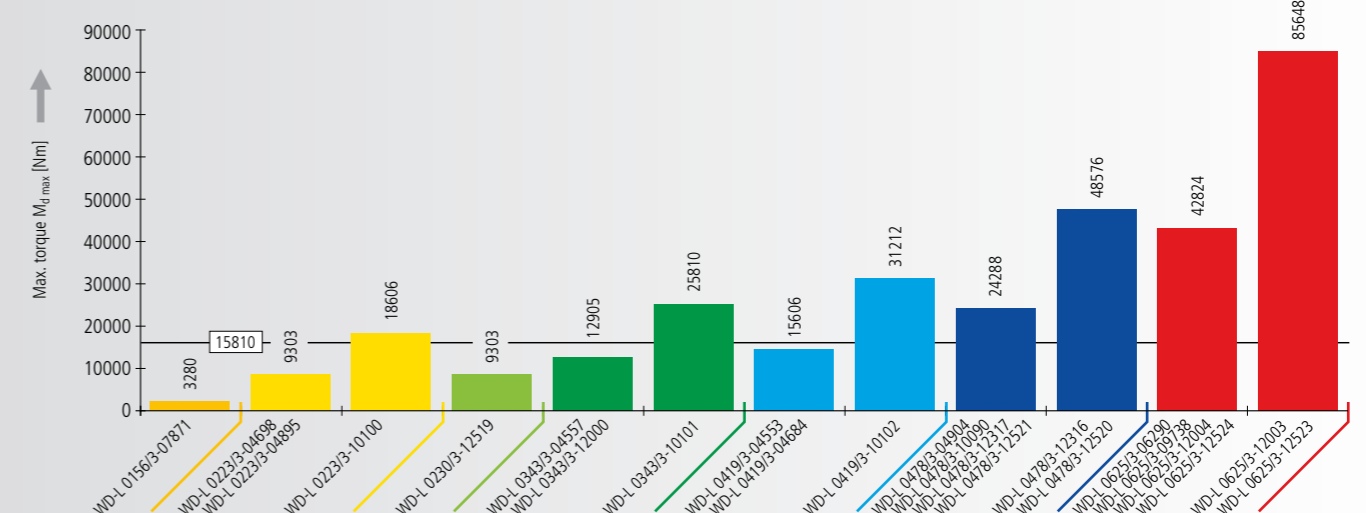
$$M_w = 0.005 \cdot (4400 \cdot M_k + 4 \cdot D_L \cdot F_{rad} + D_L \cdot F_{ax}) + M_{wA}$$

$$M_w = 0.005 \cdot (4400 \cdot 80 + 4 \cdot 478 \cdot 40 + 478 \cdot 100) + 2.0 \cdot 478^2 / 2000 = 2610 \text{ Nm}$$

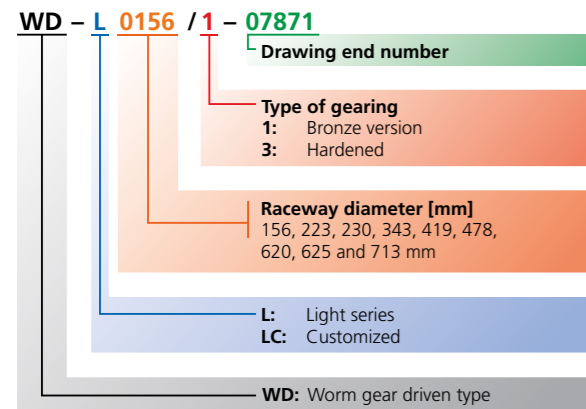
$$13200 \text{ Nm} + 2610 \text{ Nm} = 15810 \text{ Nm} \leq 24288 \text{ Nm} \text{ (condition fulfilled)}$$

The slew drives of the sizes WD-L 0223, WD-L 0343 and WD-L 0419, each with two drives, and WD-L 0478 and WD-L 0625, with one and two drives, can statically transfer the operating torque  $M_{dB} + M_w$ . As the operating load points of the WD-L 0419 sizes and smaller are inadmissibly above their limiting load curves (cf. step 2), the smallest selectable sizes are WD-L 0478/3-04904. If torques  $M_{dB} + M_w$  of greater than 24288 Nm are required, then slew drives of the sizes WD-L 0478 with two drives or WD-L 0625 with one or two drives must be selected. However, in this example, they do not represent an economic solution.

#### Maximum torque $M_{d \max}$ of the individual sizes

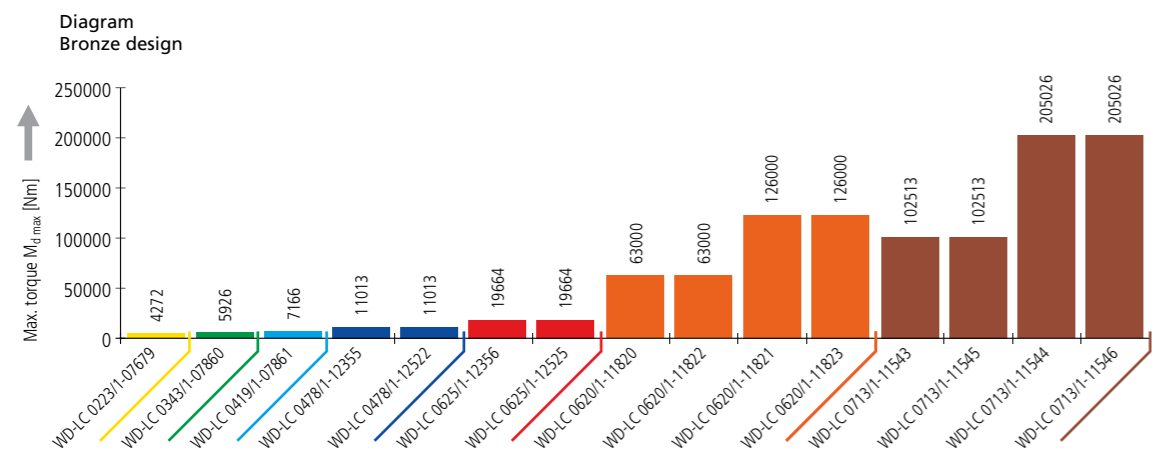
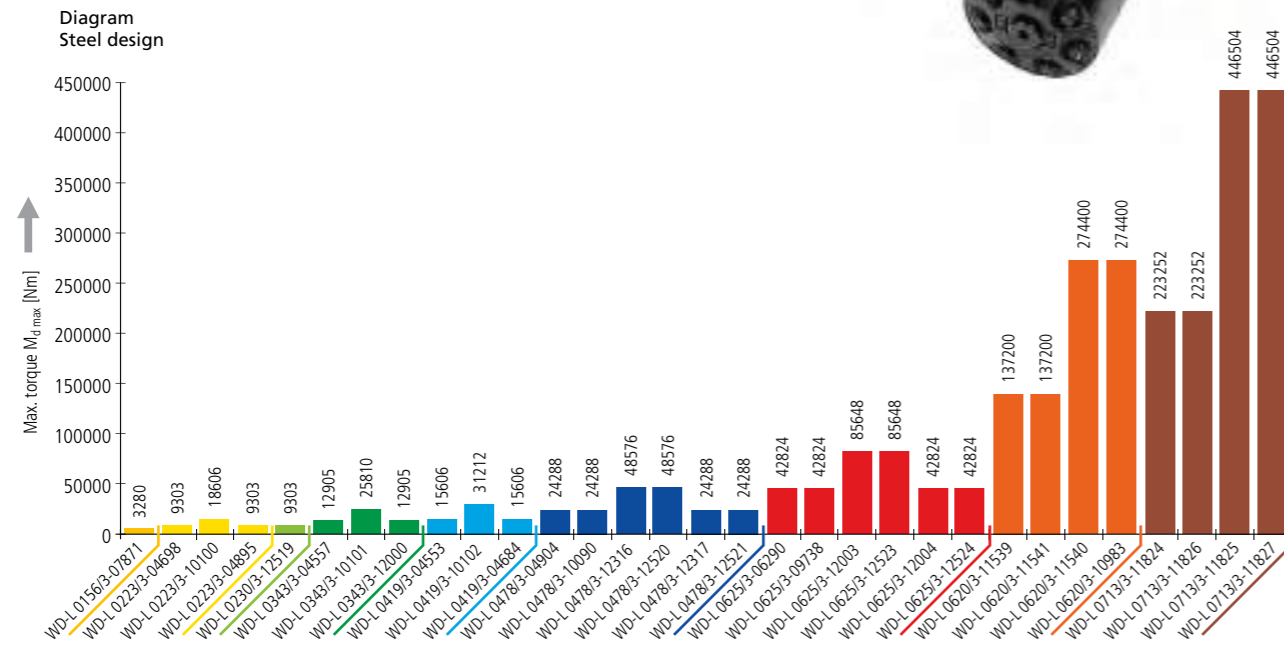


## WD-L series overview



### Maximum torque $M_{d\max}$ of the individual sizes

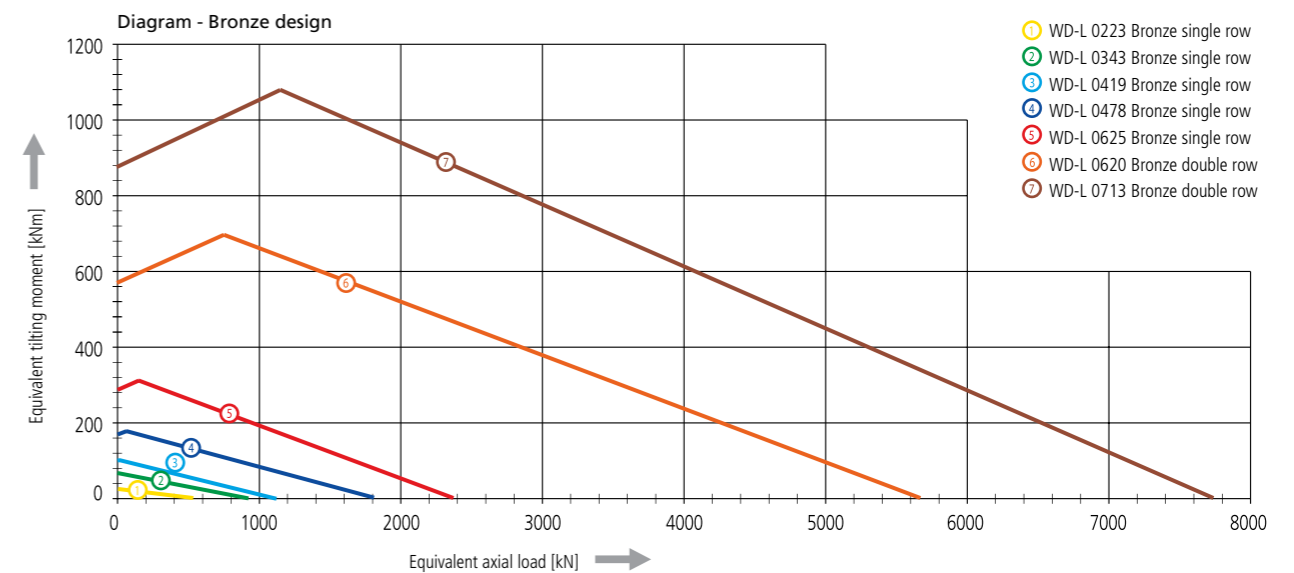
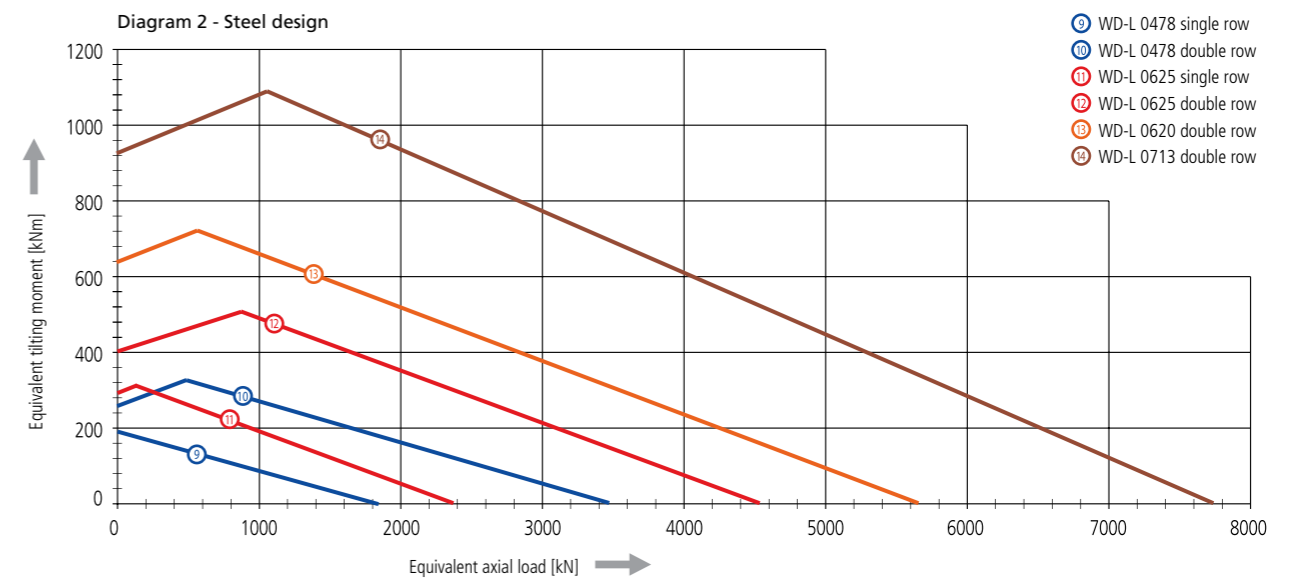
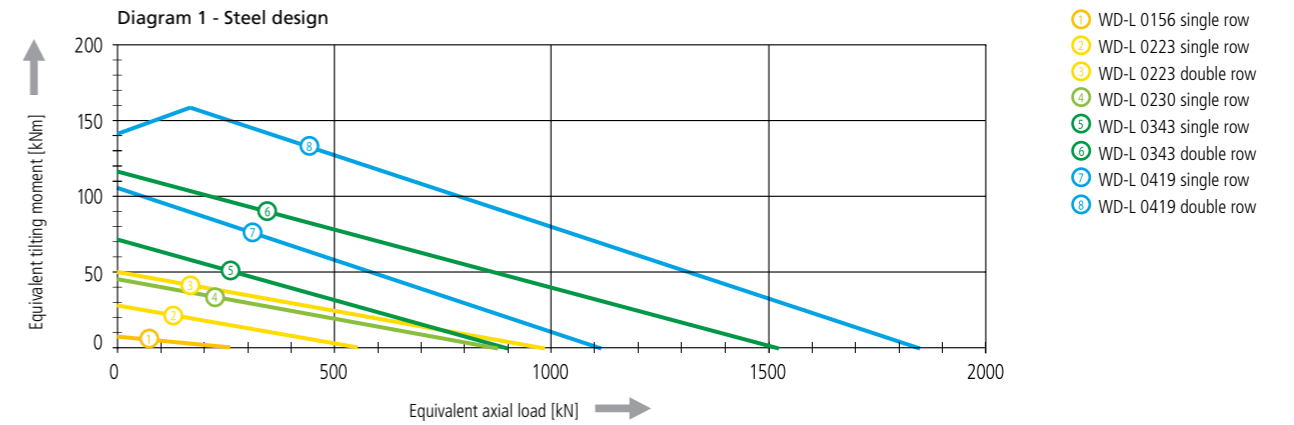
CAUTION: The duty per minute is limited. Please always observe the explanations in the Technical Information section (from page 60).



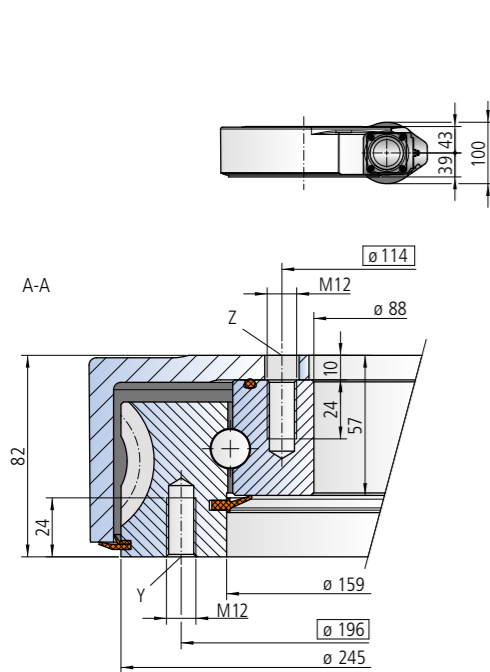
## WD-L series overview

### Limiting load diagrams of the individual sizes for compressive loads

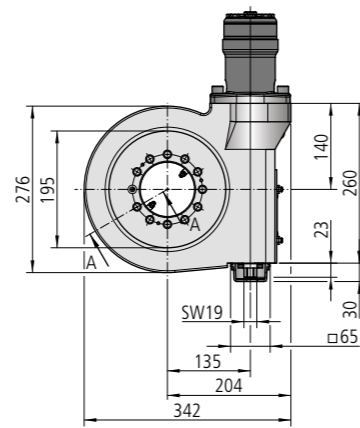
Please always observe the explanations in the Technical Information section (from page 60).



## Size WD-L 0156 / 1-row / 1 drive



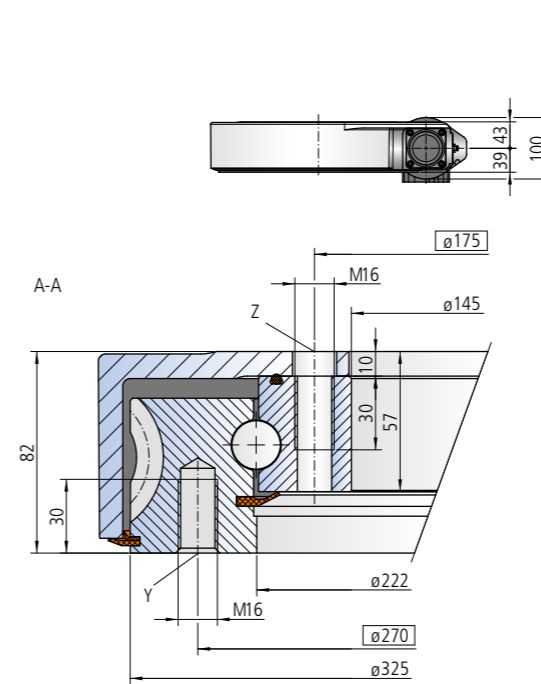
The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 156$  and at most to  $\phi 225$



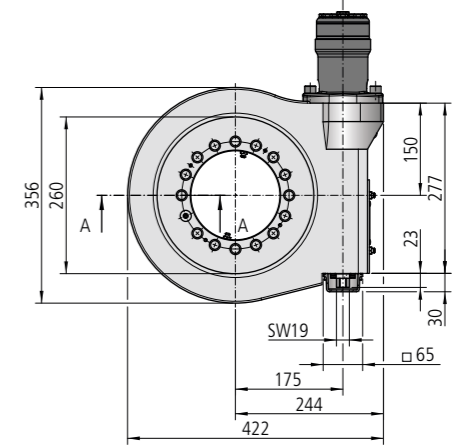
**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 12 drill holes M12-24 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 11 drill holes  $\phi 14$ -10 deep / M12-24 deep, evenly spaced over 12 pitch

**Lubricating ports**  
 2 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
 2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

## Size WD-L 0223 / 1-row / 1 drive



The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 223$  and at most to  $\phi 329$



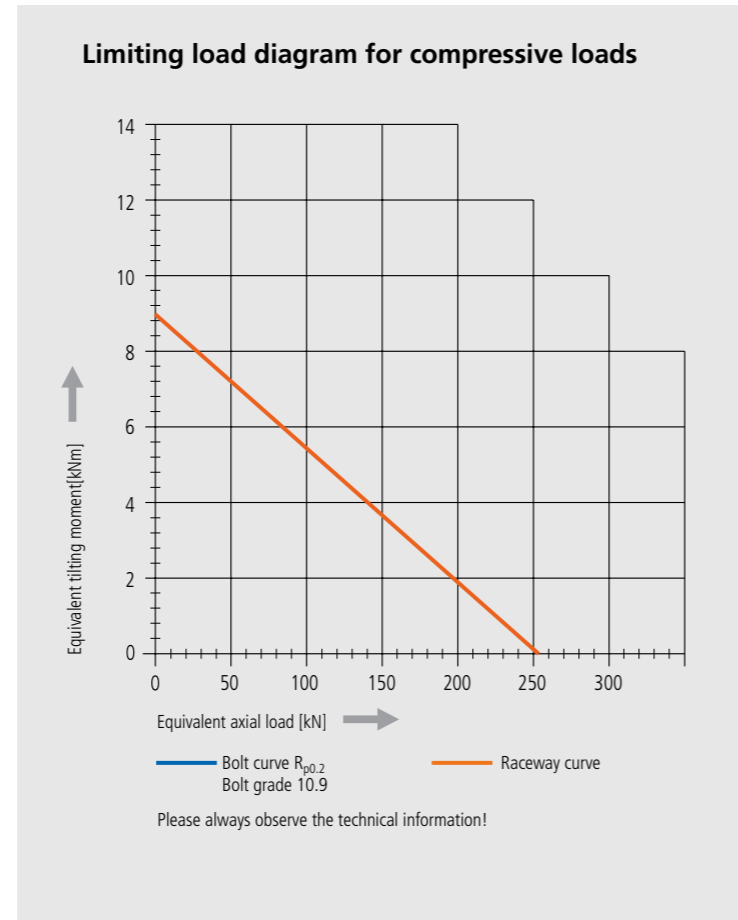
**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 16 drill holes M16-30 deep, evenly distributed.  
 Z = 15 drill holes  $\phi 18$ -10 deep / M16-30 deep, evenly spaced over 16 pitch

**Lubricating ports**  
 2 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
 2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

Drawing number WD-L 0156/3-07871			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	5
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	1
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	46
Self-locking gears			No**
Max. torque $S_f = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	3280
Nom. torque $S_w = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	2520
Max. holding torque* $S_{f5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	3280
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	94
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	253
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	83
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	97
Weight, incl. 6 kg for hydraulic motor OMP (X)160		[kg]	40

\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.  
 Selection example:  
 Performance data with hydraulic motor OMP (X) 160

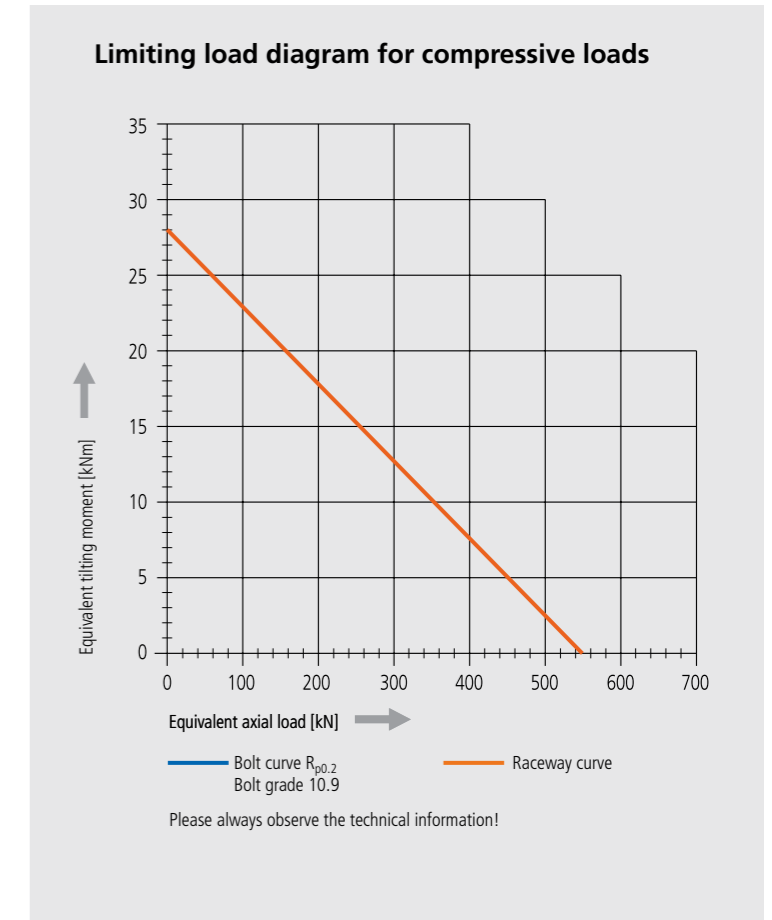
Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	75
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	8
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	3280



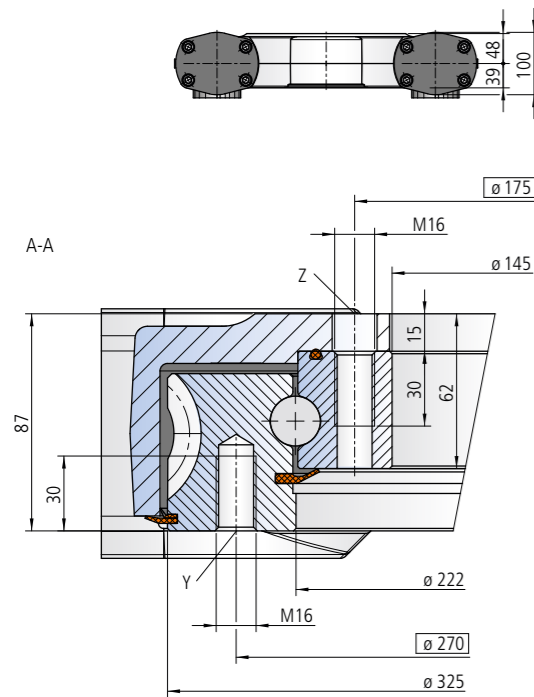
Drawing number WD-L 0223/3-04698			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	5
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	1
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	62
Self-locking gears			No**
Max. torque $S_f = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	9303
Nom. torque $S_w = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	4795
Max. holding torque* $S_{f5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	9303
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	204
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	547
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	132
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	154
Weight, incl. 6 kg for hydraulic motor OMP (X)160		[kg]	50

\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.  
 Selection example:  
 Performance data with hydraulic motor OMP (X) 160

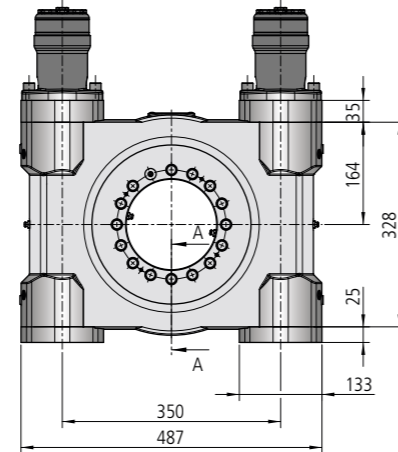
Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	140
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	14
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	9303



## Size WD-L 0223 / 1-row / 2 drives



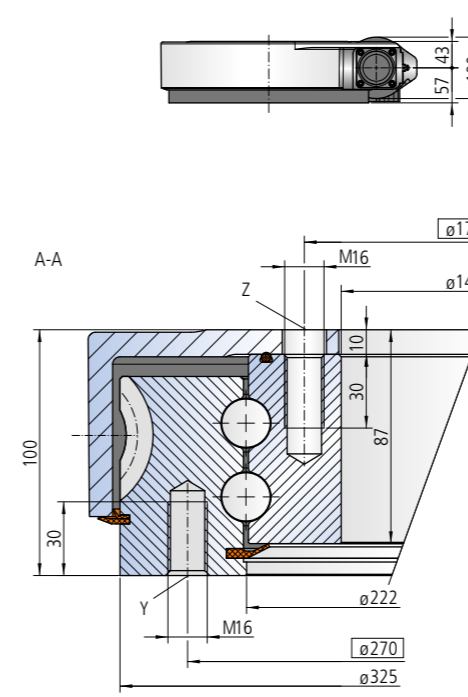
The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 223$  and at most to  $\phi 345$



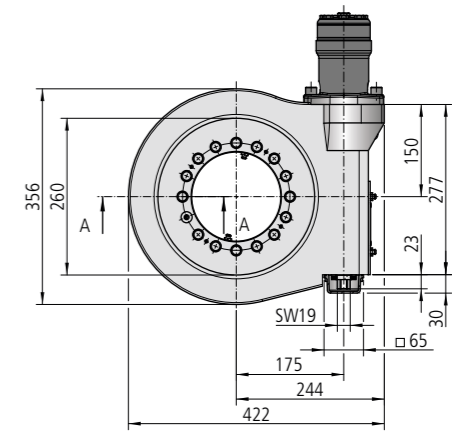
**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 16 drill holes M16-30 deep, evenly distributed.  
 Z = 15 drill holes  $\phi 18-15$  deep / M16-30 deep, evenly spaced over 16 pitch

**Lubricating ports**  
 2 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
 2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

## Size WD-L 0223 / 2-row / 1 drive



The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 223$  and at most to  $\phi 329$



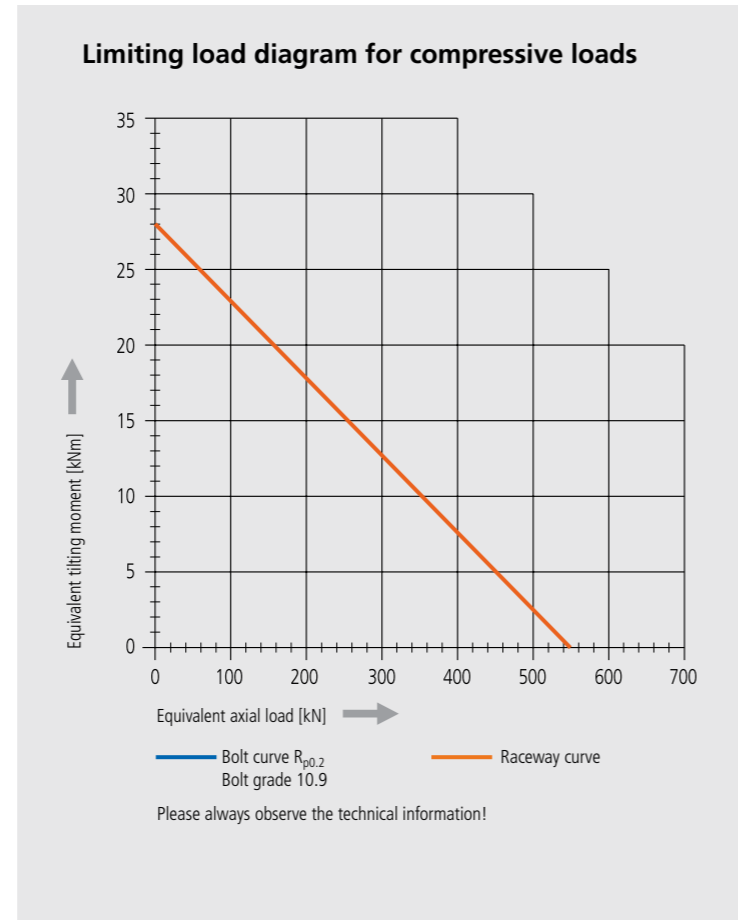
**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 16 drill holes M16-30 deep, evenly distributed.  
 Z = 15 drill holes  $\phi 18-10$  deep / M16-30 deep, evenly spaced over 16 pitch

**Lubricating ports**  
 4 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
 2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

Drawing number WD-L 0223/3-10100			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	5
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	1
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	62
Self-locking gears			No**
Max. torque $S_f = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	18606
Nom. torque $S_w = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	9590
Max. holding torque* $S_{f5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	18606
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	204
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	547
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	132
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	154
Weight, incl. 12 kg for two hydraulic motors OMP (X) 160		[kg]	93

\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.  
 Selection example:  
 Performance data with two hydraulic motors OMP (X) 160

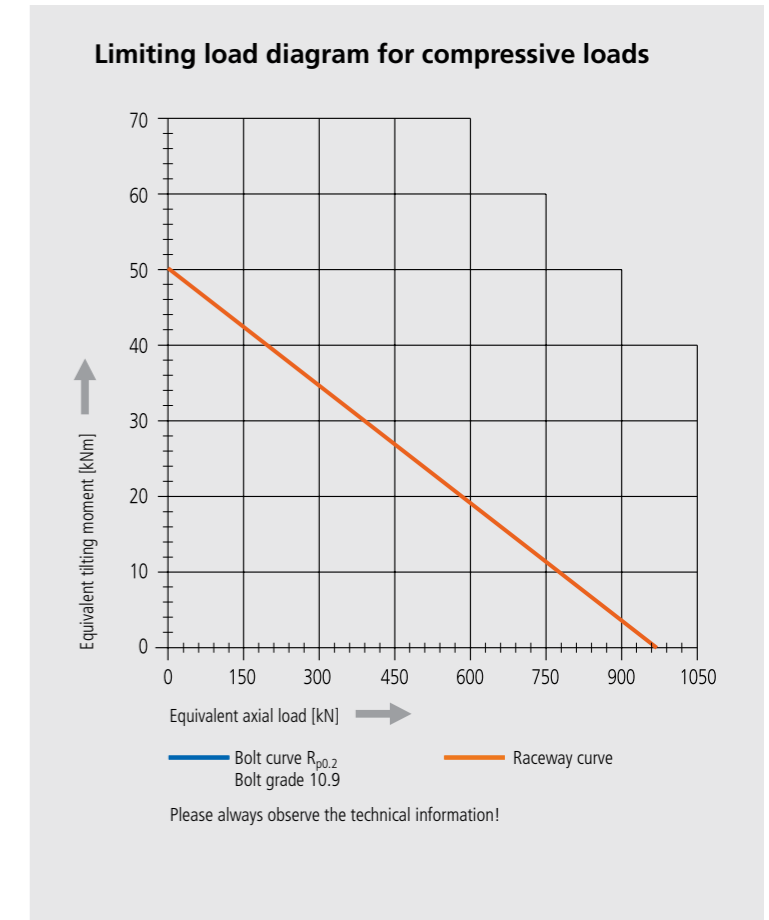
Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	140
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	28
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	18606



Drawing number WD-L 0223/3-04895			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	5
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	1
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	62
Self-locking gears			No**
Max. torque $S_f = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	9303
Nom. torque $S_w = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	4795
Max. holding torque* $S_{f5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	9303
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	367
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	984
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	215
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	250
Weight, incl. 6 kg for hydraulic motor OMP (X) 160		[kg]	60

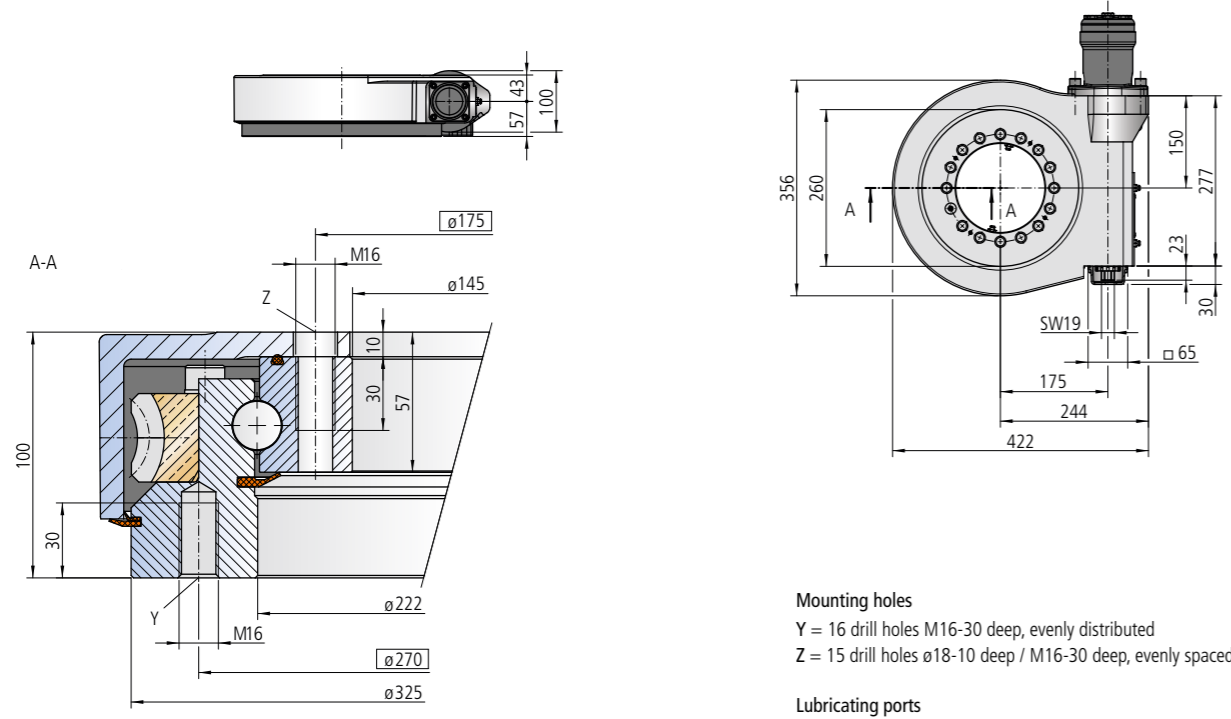
\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.  
 Selection example:  
 Performance data with hydraulic motor OMP (X) 160

Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	140
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	14
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	9303





## Size WD-LC 0223 / 1-row / 1 drive - Bronze special design

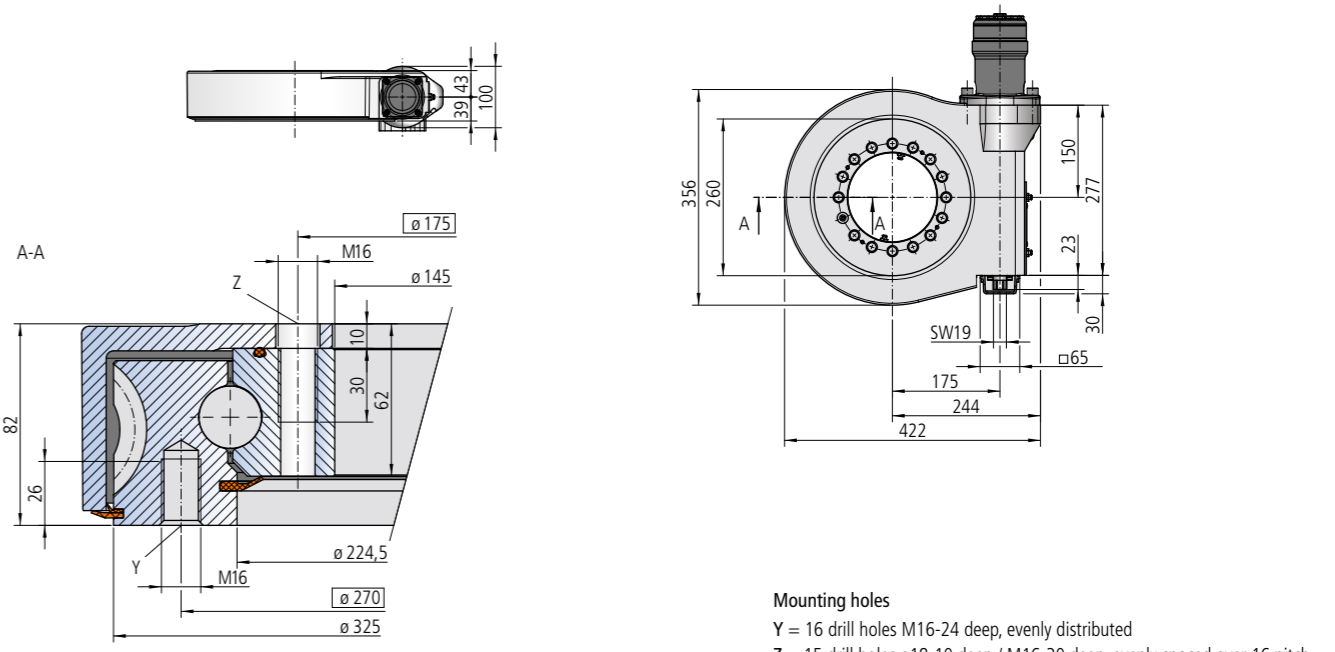


The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 223$  and at most to  $\phi 329$

**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 16 drill holes M16-30 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 15 drill holes  $\phi 18-10$  deep / M16-30 deep, evenly spaced over 16 pitch

**Lubricating ports**  
 2 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
 2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

## Size WD-L 0230 / 1-row / 1 drive



The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 230$  and at most to  $\phi 329$

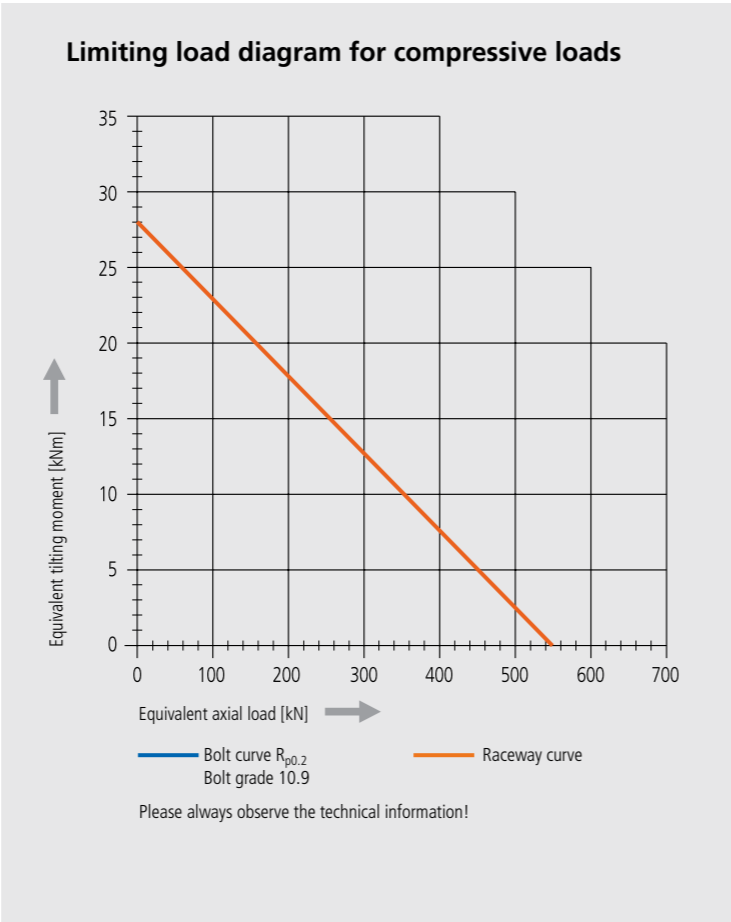
**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 16 drill holes M16-24 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 15 drill holes  $\phi 18-10$  deep / M16-30 deep, evenly spaced over 16 pitch

**Lubricating ports**  
 2 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
 2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

Drawing number WD-LC 0223/1-07679			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	5
Number of threads of the worm	-		1
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	-	62
Self-locking gears			No**
Max. torque $S_f = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	4272
Nom. torque $S_w = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	4272
Max. holding torque* $S_{f5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	4272
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	204
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	547
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	132
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	154
Weight, incl. 6 kg for hydraulic motor OMP (X) 160		[kg]	58

\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.  
 Selection example:  
 Performance data with hydraulic motor OMP (X) 160

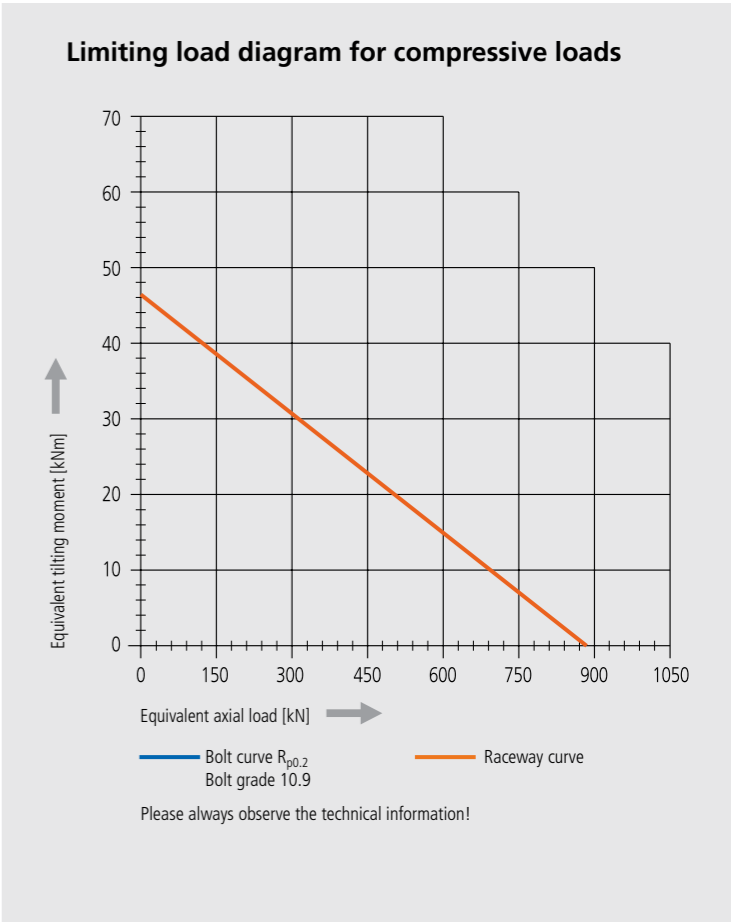
Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	59
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	10
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	4272



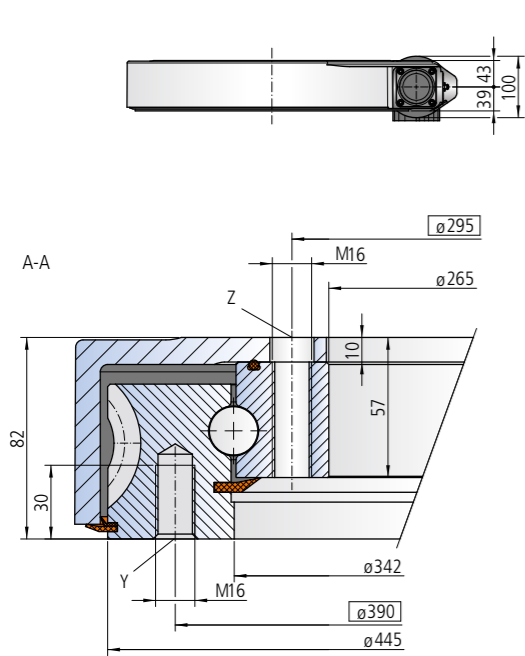
Drawing number WD-L 0230/3-12519			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	5
Number of threads of the worm	-		1
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	-	62
Self-locking gears			No**
Max. torque $S_f = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	9303
Nom. torque $S_w = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	4795
Max. holding torque* $S_{f5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	9303
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	328
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	878
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	186
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	216
Weight, incl. 6 kg for hydraulic motor OMP (X) 160		[kg]	55

\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.  
 Selection example:  
 Performance data with hydraulic motor OMP (X) 160

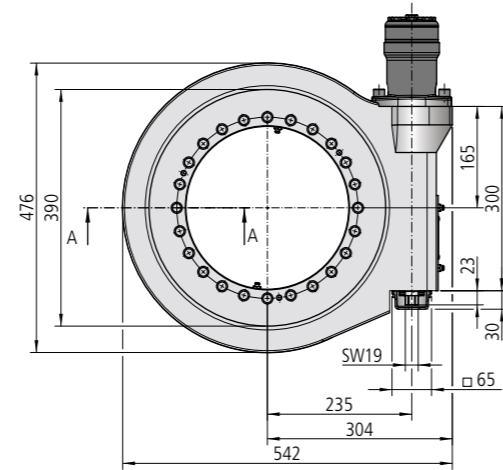
Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	140
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	14
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	9303



## Size WD-L 0343 / 1-row / 1 drive



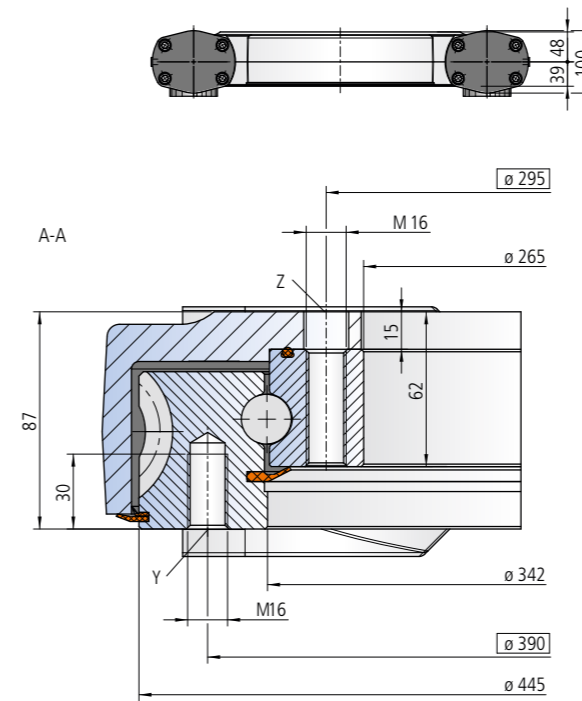
The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 343$  and at most to  $\phi 449$



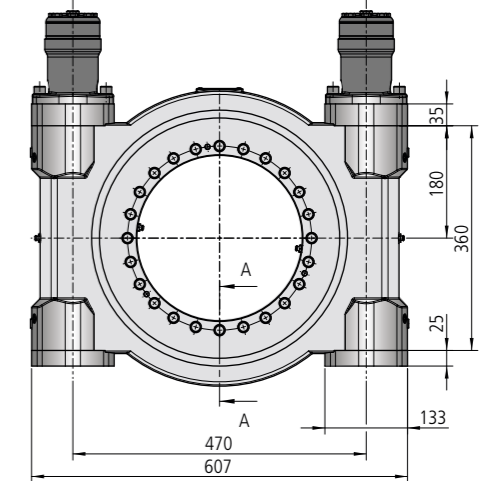
**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 18 drill holes M16-30 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 24 drill holes  $\phi 18-10$  deep / M16, evenly distributed

**Lubricating ports**  
 2 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
 2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

## Size WD-L 0343 / 1-row / 2 drives



The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 343$  and at most to  $\phi 465$



**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 18 drill holes M16-30 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 24 drill holes  $\phi 18-15$  deep / M16, evenly distributed

**Lubricating ports**  
 2 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
 2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

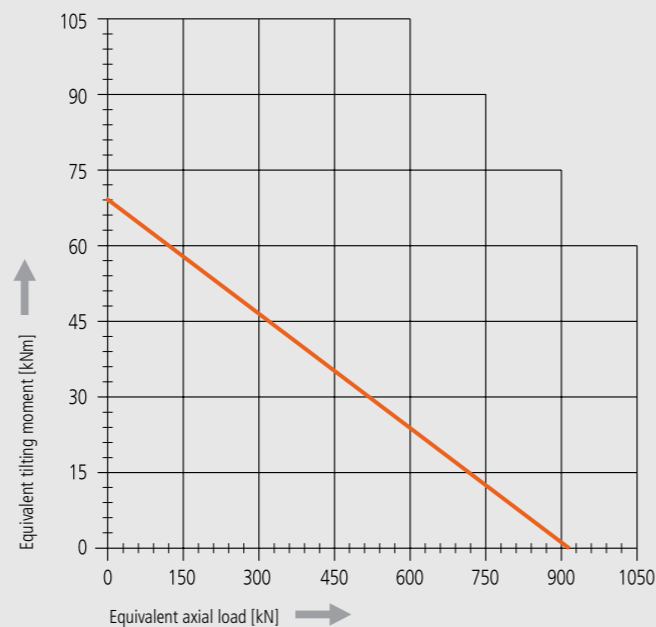
Drawing number WD-L 0343/3-04557			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	5
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	1
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	86
Self-locking gears			No**
Max. torque $S_f = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	12905
Nom. torque $S_w = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	10150
Max. holding torque* $S_{f5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	12905
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	338
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	905
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	157
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	183
Weight, incl. 6 kg for hydraulic motor OMP (X) 160		[kg]	68

\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.

Selection example:  
 Performance data with hydraulic motor OMP (X) 160

Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	140
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	18
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	12905

### Limiting load diagram for compressive loads



Please always observe the technical information!

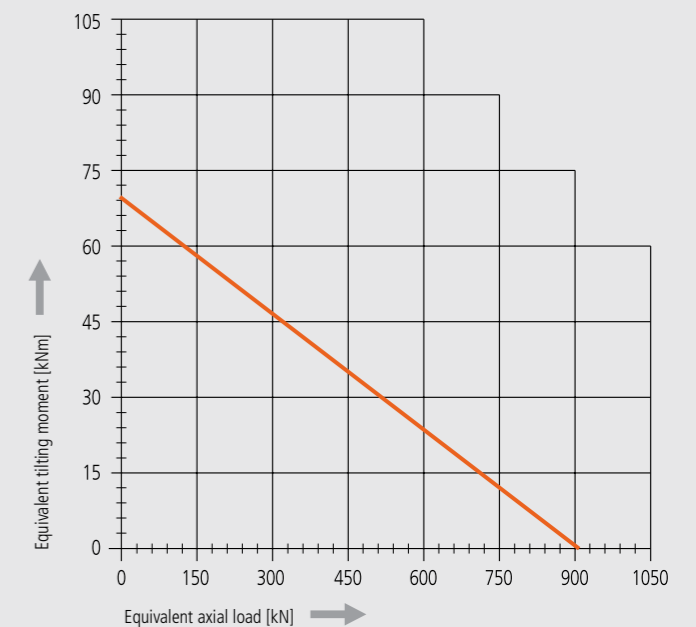
Drawing number WD-L 0343/3-10101			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	5
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	1
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	86
Self-locking gears			No**
Max. torque $S_f = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	25810
Nom. torque $S_w = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	20300
Max. holding torque* $S_{f5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	36872
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	338
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	905
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	157
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	183
Weight, incl. 12 kg for two hydraulic motors OMP (X)b 160		[kg]	107

\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.

Selection example:  
 Performance data with two hydraulic motors OMP (X) 160

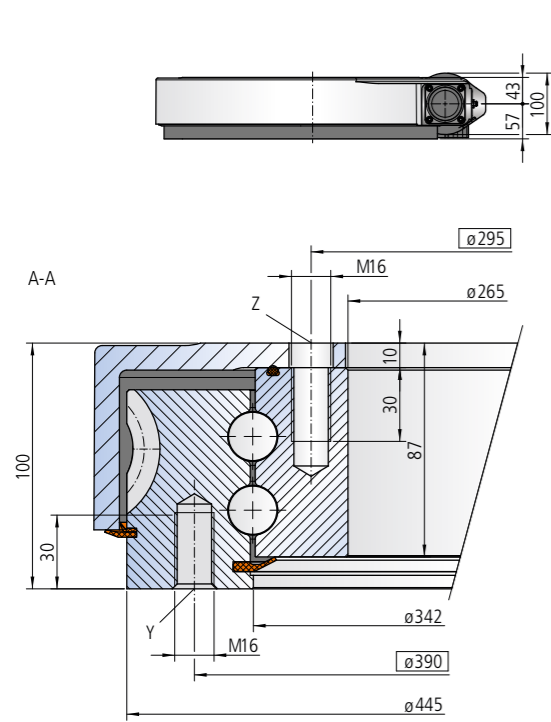
Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	140
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	36
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	25810

### Limiting load diagram for compressive loads

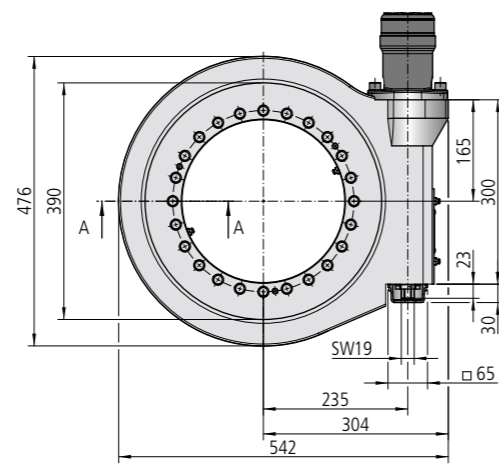


Please always observe the technical information!

## Size WD-L 0343 / 2-row / 1 drive



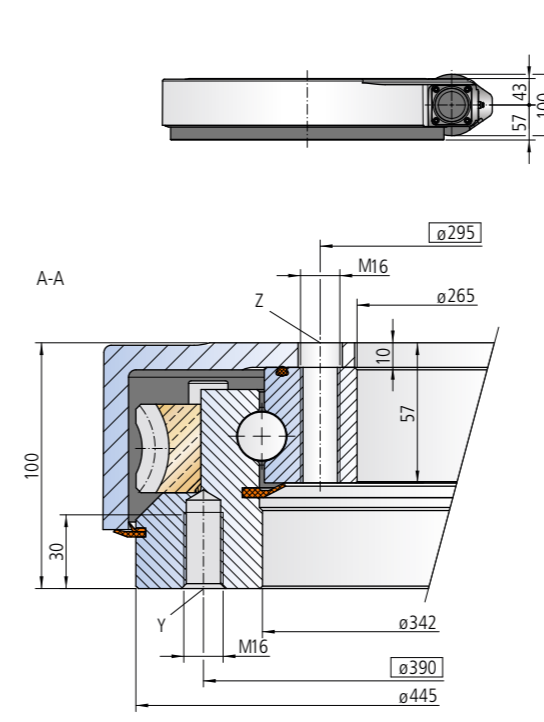
The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 343$  and at most to  $\phi 449$



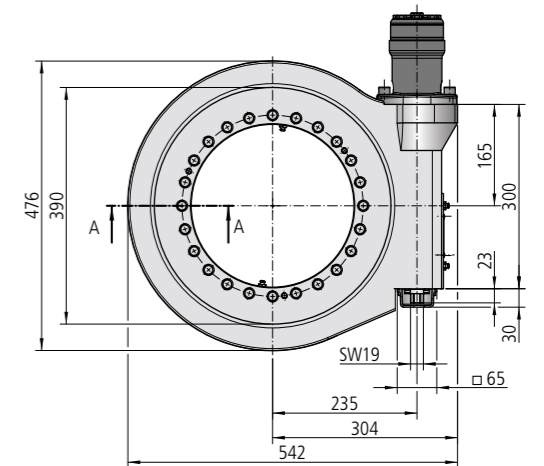
**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 18 drill holes M16-30 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 24 drill holes  $\phi 18-10$  deep / M16-30 deep, evenly distributed

**Lubricating ports**  
 4 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
 2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

## Size WD-LC 0343 / 1-row / 1 drive - Bronze special design



The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 343$  and at most to  $\phi 449$



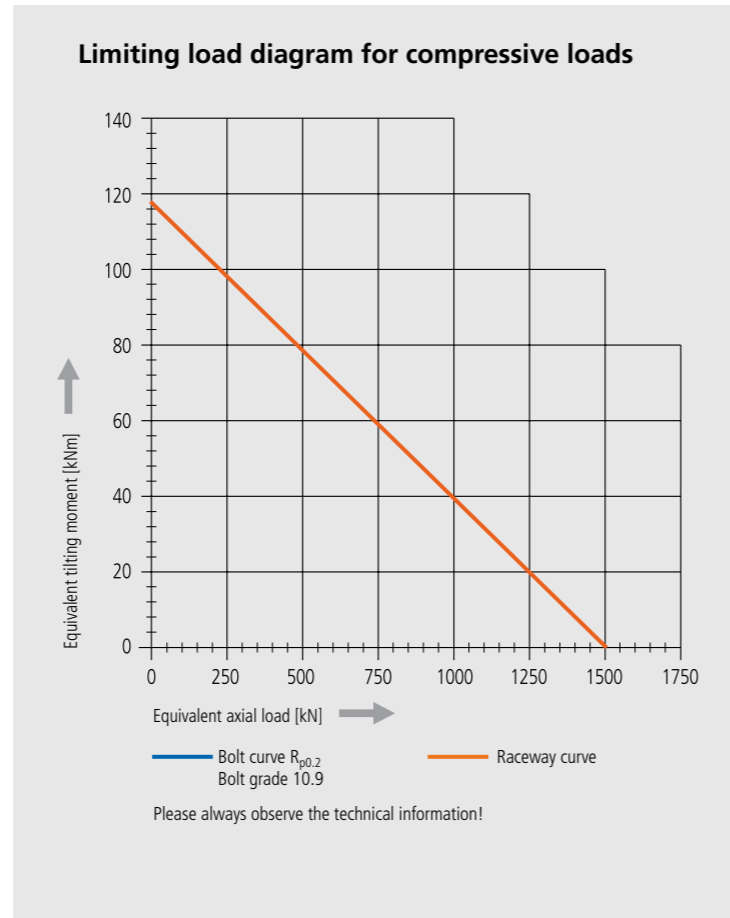
**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 18 drill holes M16-30 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 24 drill holes  $\phi 18-10$  deep / M16, evenly distributed

**Lubricating ports**  
 2 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
 2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

Drawing number WD-L 0343/3-12000			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	5
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	1
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	86
Self-locking gears			No**
Max. torque $S_f = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	12905
Nom. torque $S_w = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	10150
Max. holding torque* $S_{f5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	12905
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	564
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	1511
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	255
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	298
Weight, incl. 6 kg for hydraulic motor OMP (X) 160		[kg]	82

\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.  
 Selection example:  
 Performance data with hydraulic motor OMP (X) 160

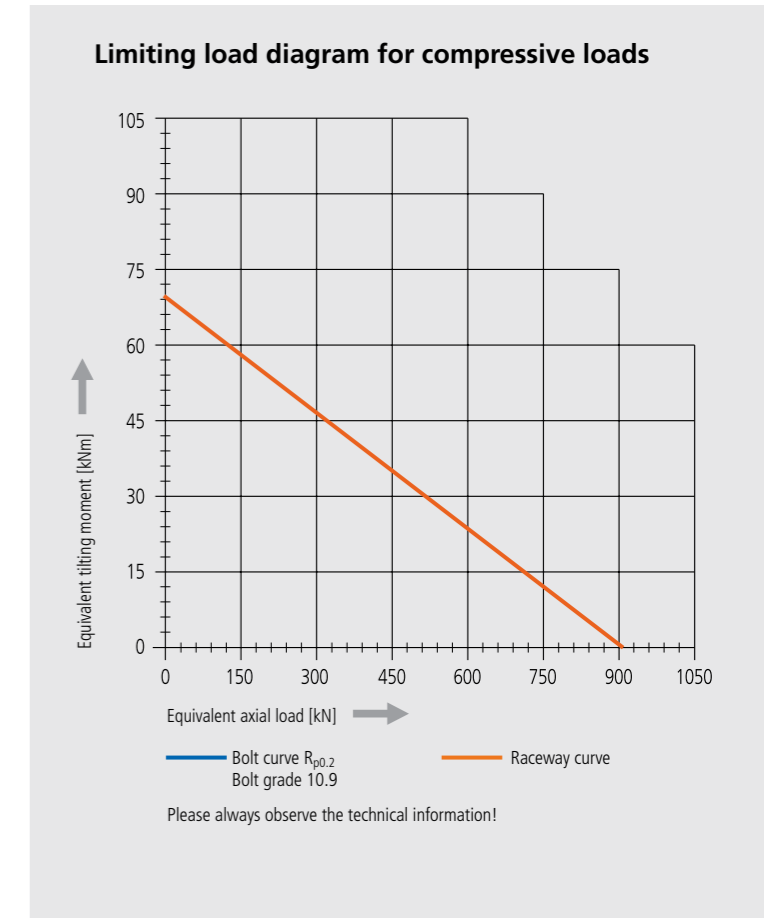
Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	140
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	18
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	12905



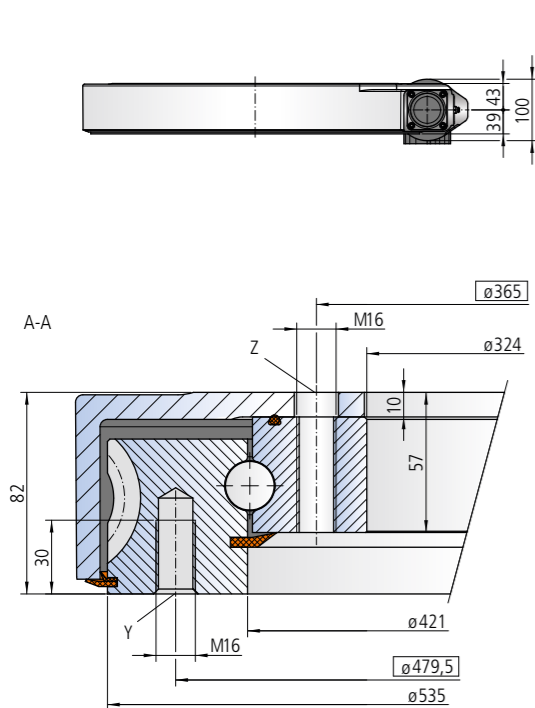
Drawing number WD-LC 0343/1-07860			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	5
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	1
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	86
Self-locking gears			No**
Max. torque $S_f = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	5926
Nom. torque $S_w = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	5926
Max. holding torque* $S_{f5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	5926
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	338
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	905
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	157
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	183
Weight, incl. 6 kg for hydraulic motor OMP (X) 160		[kg]	88

\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.  
 Selection example:  
 Performance data with hydraulic motor OMP (X) 160

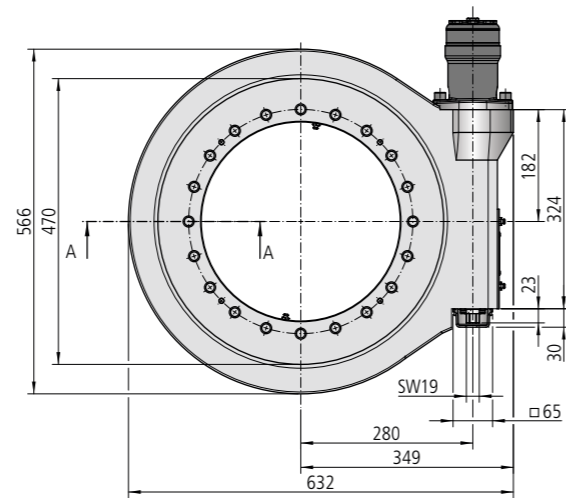
Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	59
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	14
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	5926



## Size WD-L 0419 / 1-row / 1 drive



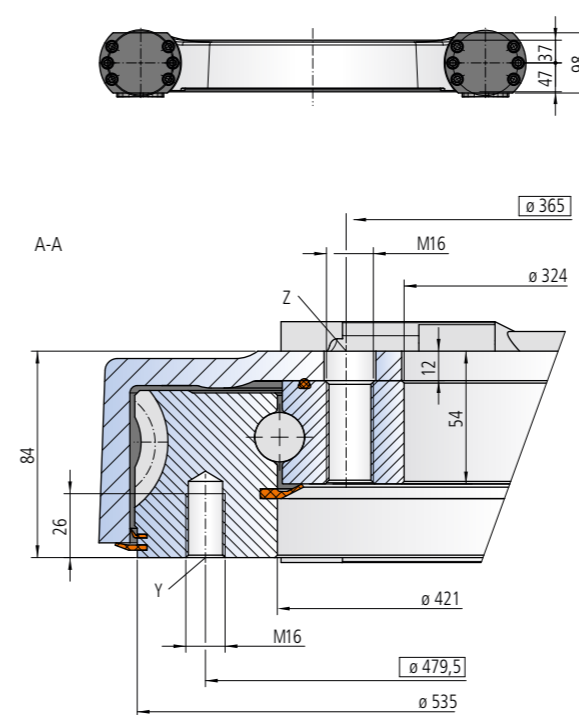
The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 419$  and at most to  $\phi 544$



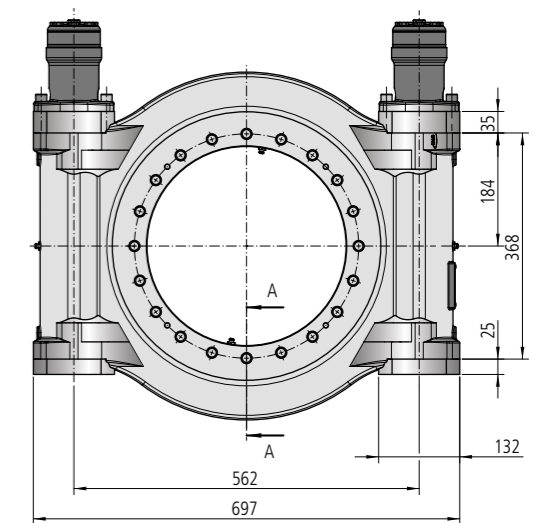
**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 20 drill holes M16-30 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 20 drill holes  $\phi 18-10$  deep / M16, evenly distributed

**Lubricating ports**  
 2 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
 2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

## Size WD-L 0419 / 1-row / 2 drives



The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 419$  and at most to  $\phi 486$



**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 20 drill holes M16-30 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 20 drill holes  $\phi 18-12$  deep / M16, evenly distributed

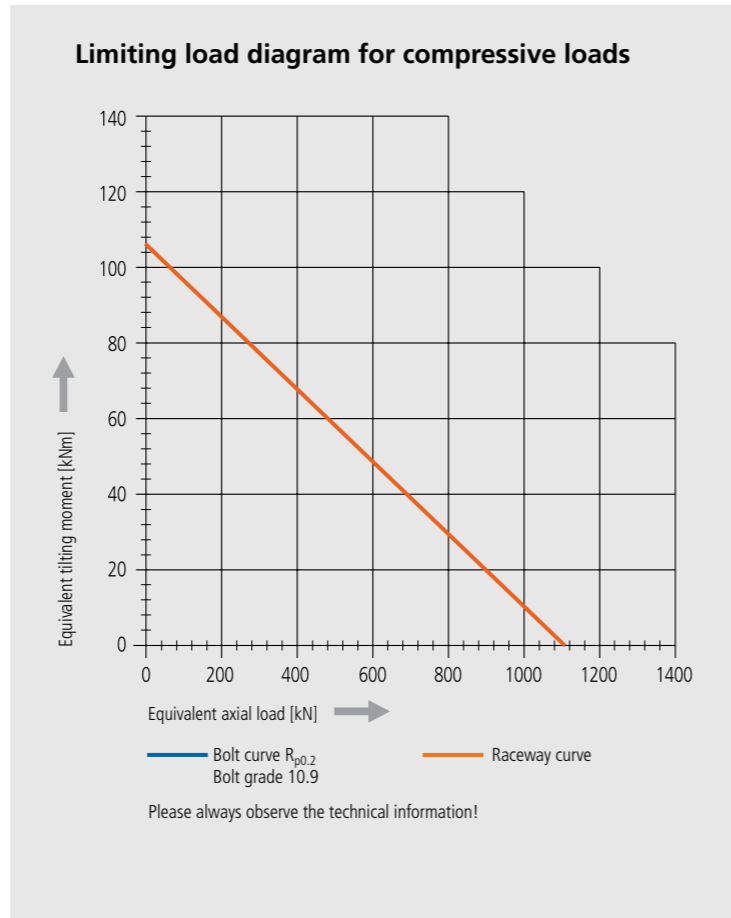
**Lubricating ports**  
 2 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
 2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

Drawing number WD-L 0419/3-04553			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	5
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	1
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	104
Self-locking gears			No**
Max. torque $S_f = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	15606
Nom. torque $S_w = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	15606
Max. holding torque* $S_{f5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	15606
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	413
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	1107
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	170
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	198
Weight, incl. 6 kg for hydraulic motor OMP (X) 160		[kg]	92

\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.

Selection example:  
 Performance data with hydraulic motor OMP (X) 160

Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	140
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	20
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	15606

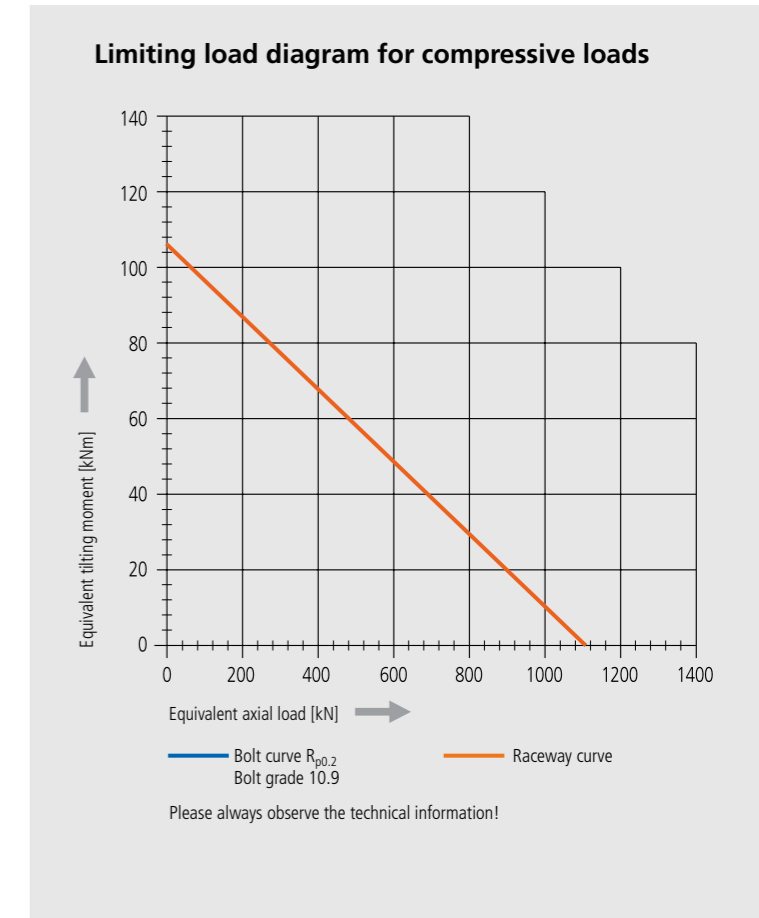


Drawing number WD-L 0419/3-10102			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	5
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	1
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	104
Self-locking gears			No**
Max. torque $S_f = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	31212
Nom. torque $S_w = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	31212
Max. holding torque* $S_{f5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	44590
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	413
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	1107
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	170
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	198
Weight, incl. 12 kg for two hydraulic motors OMP (X) 160		[kg]	150

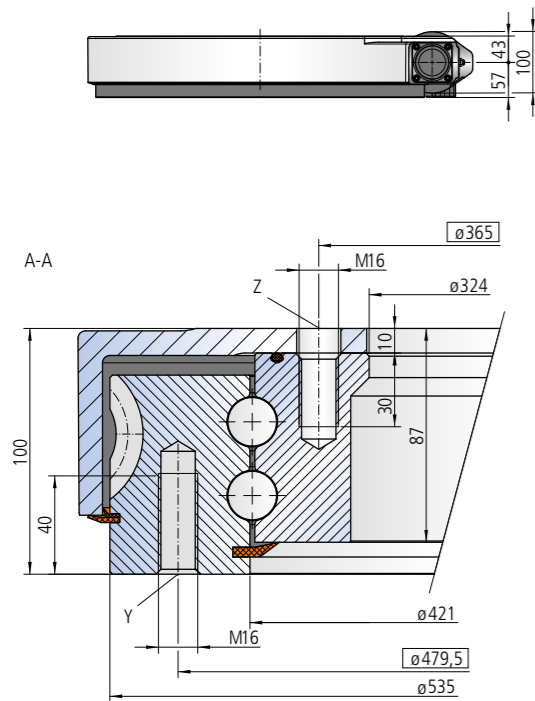
\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.

Selection example:  
 Performance data with two hydraulic motors OMP (X) 160

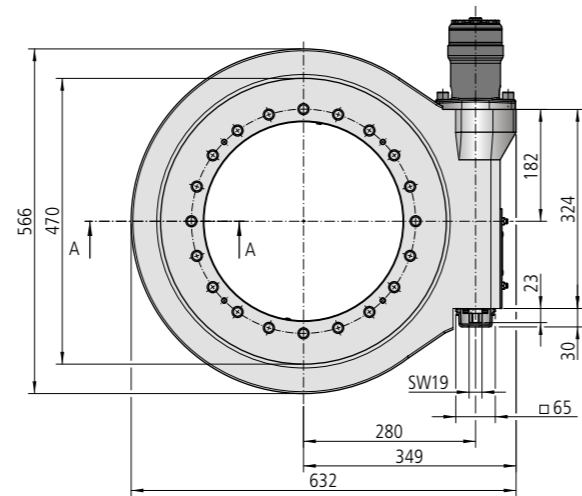
Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	140
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	40
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	31212



## Size WD-L 0419 / 2-row / 1 drive



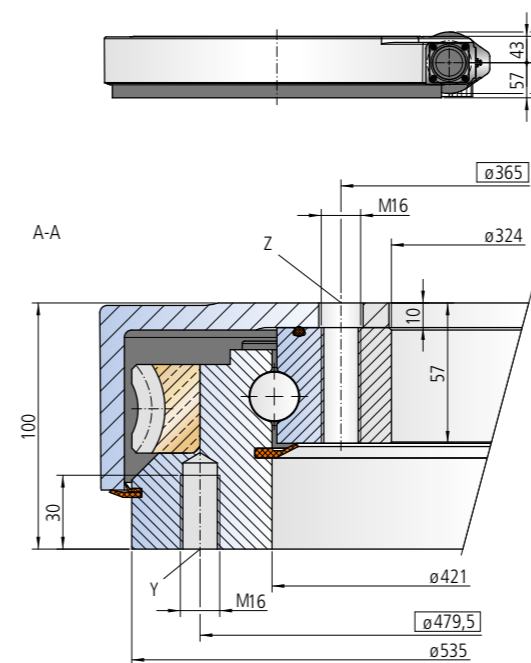
The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 419$  and at most to  $\phi 544$



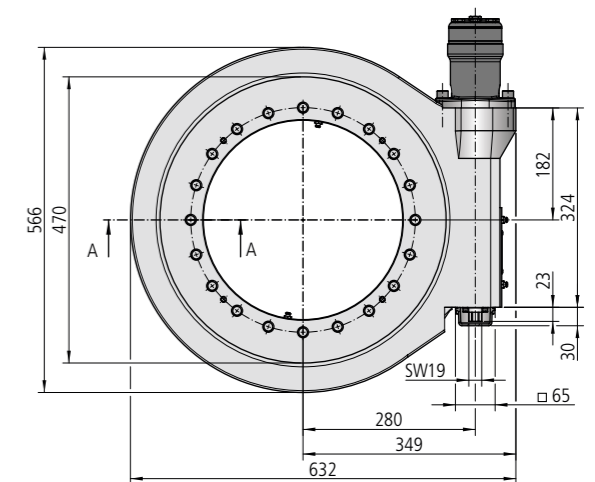
**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 20 drill holes M16-40 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 20 drill holes  $\phi 18$ -10 deep / M16-30 deep, evenly distributed

**Lubricating ports**  
 4 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
 2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

## Size WD-LC 0419 / 1-row / 1 drive - Bronze special design



The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 419$  and at most to  $\phi 544$



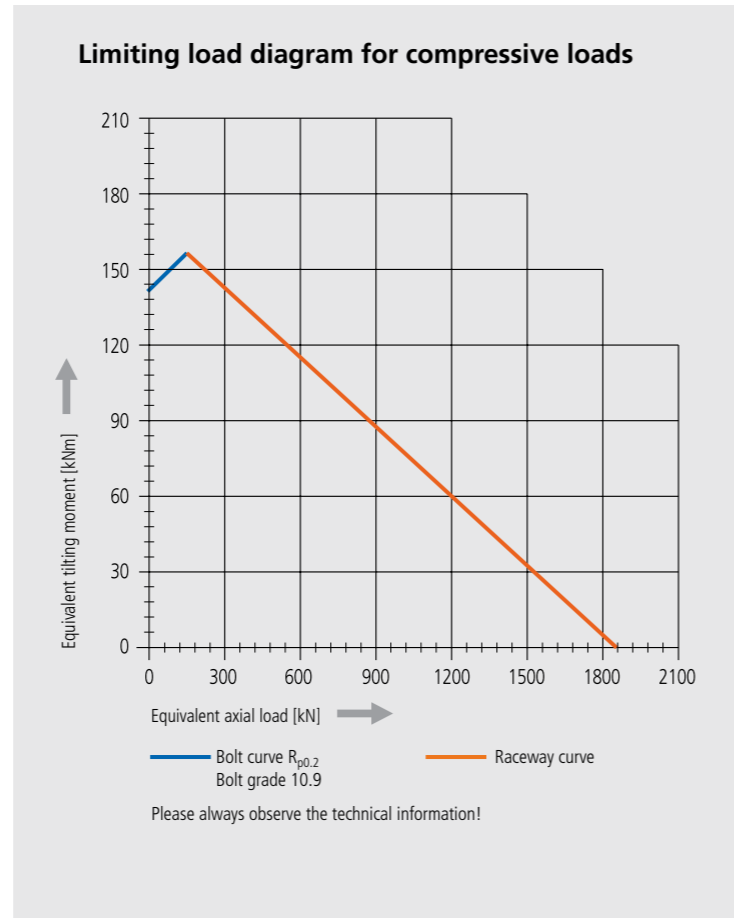
**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 20 drill holes M16-30 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 20 drill holes  $\phi 18$ -10 deep / M16, evenly distributed

**Lubricating ports**  
 2 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
 2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

Drawing number WD-L 0419/3-04684			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	5
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	1
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	104
Self-locking gears			No**
Max. torque $S_f = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	15606
Nom. torque $S_w = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	15606
Max. holding torque* $S_{f5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	15606
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	691
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	1849
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	277
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	323
Weight, incl. 6 kg for hydraulic motor OMP (X) 160		[kg]	112

\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.  
 Selection example:  
 Performance data with hydraulic motor OMP (X) 160

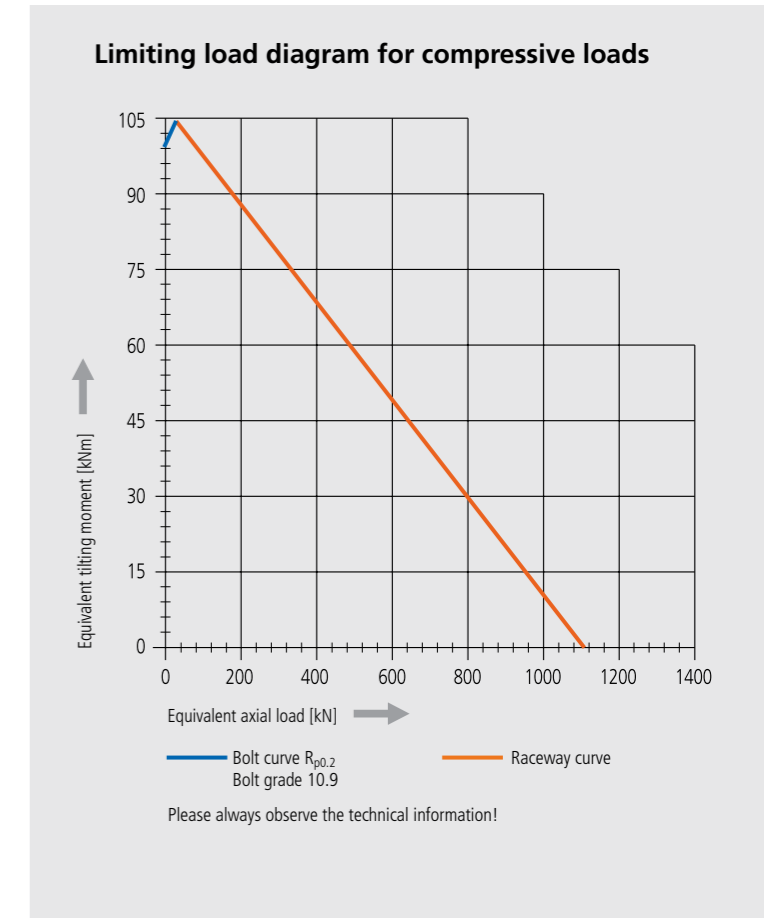
Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	140
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	20
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	15606



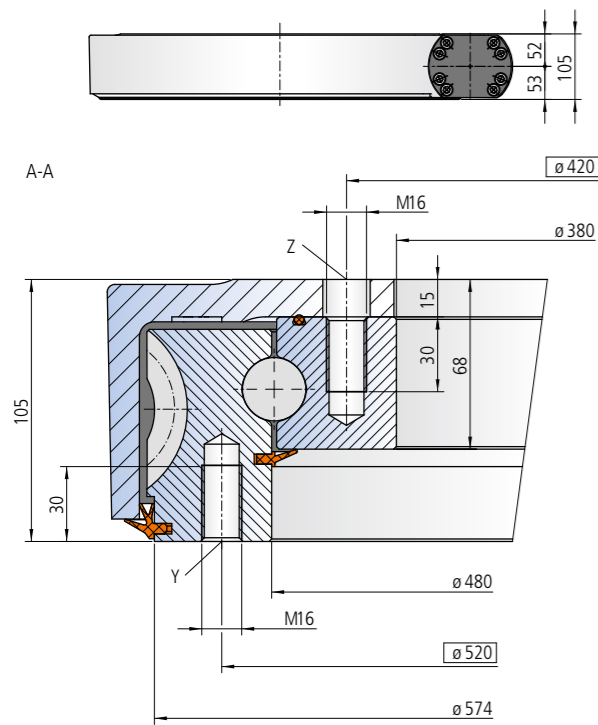
Drawing number WD-LC 0419/1-07861			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	5
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	1
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	104
Self-locking gears			No**
Max. torque $S_f = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	7166
Nom. torque $S_w = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	7166
Max. holding torque* $S_{f5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	7166
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	413
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	1107
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	170
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	198
Weight, incl. 6 kg for hydraulic motor OMP (X) 160		[kg]	103

\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.  
 Selection example:  
 Performance data with hydraulic motor OMP (X) 160

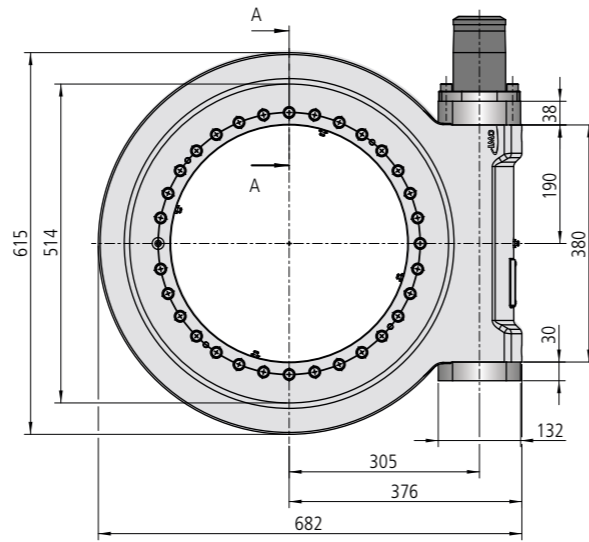
Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	59
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	17
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	7166



## Size WD-L 0478 / 1-row / 1 drive



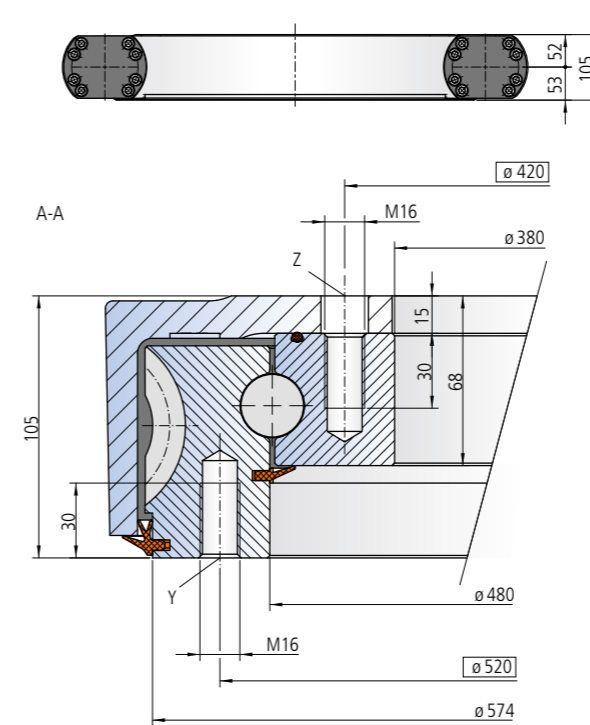
The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 478$



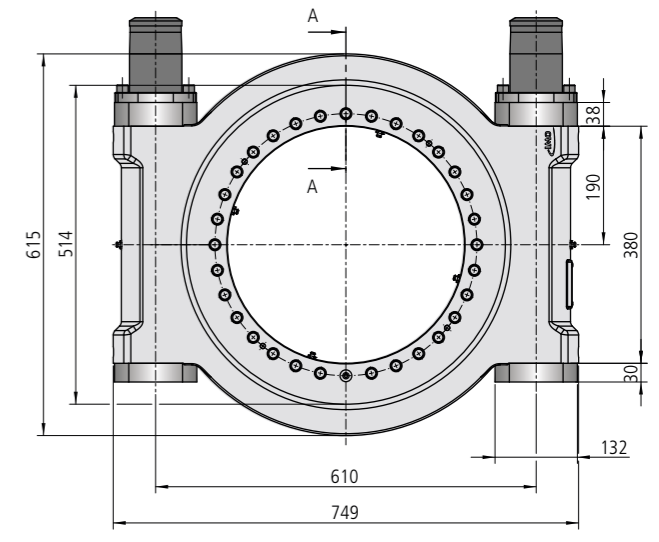
**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 32 drill holes M16-30 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 31 drill holes  $\phi 19-15$  deep / M16-30 deep, evenly spaced over 32 pitch

**Lubricating ports**  
 4 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
 1 conical grease nipple on housing exterior  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

## Size WD-L 0478 / 1-row / 2 drives



The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 478$



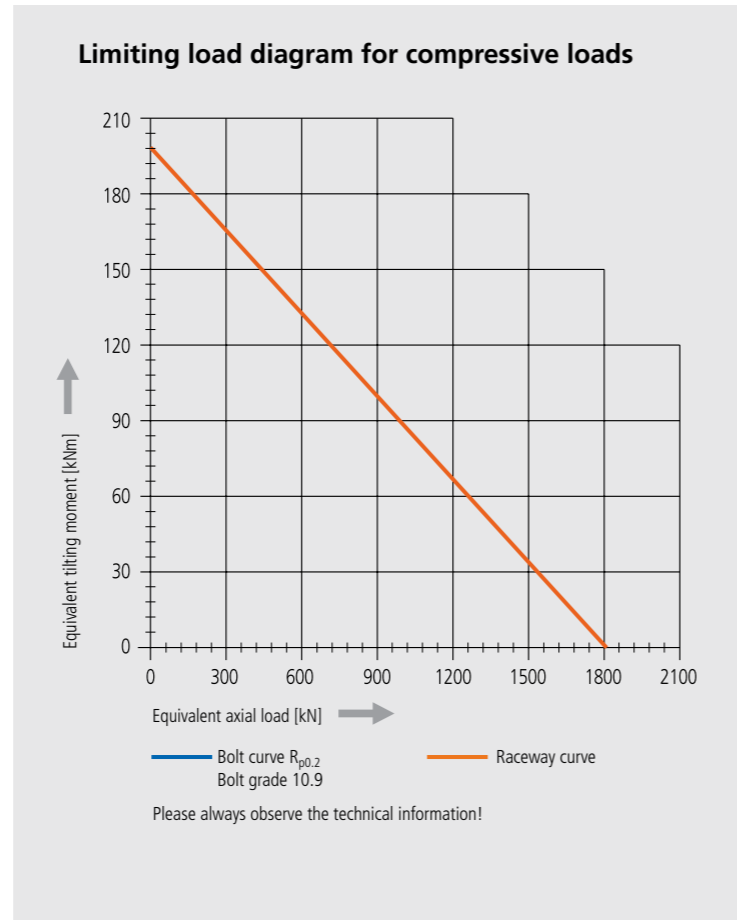
**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 32 drill holes M16-30 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 31 drill holes  $\phi 19-15$  deep / M16-30 deep, evenly spaced over 32 pitch

**Lubricating ports**  
 4 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
 2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

Drawing number WD-L 0478/3-10090				
Drawing number WD-L 0478/3-04904				
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	6	6
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	1	2
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	93	47
Self-locking gears			No**	No**
Max. torque $S_f = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	24288	24288
Nom. torque $S_w = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	24288	24288
Max. holding torque* $S_{f5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	34263	34263
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	675	675
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	1808	1808
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	251	251
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	293	293
Weight, incl. 12 kg for hydraulic motor RE 300		[kg]	139	139

\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.  
 Selection example:  
 Performance data with hydraulic motor RE 300

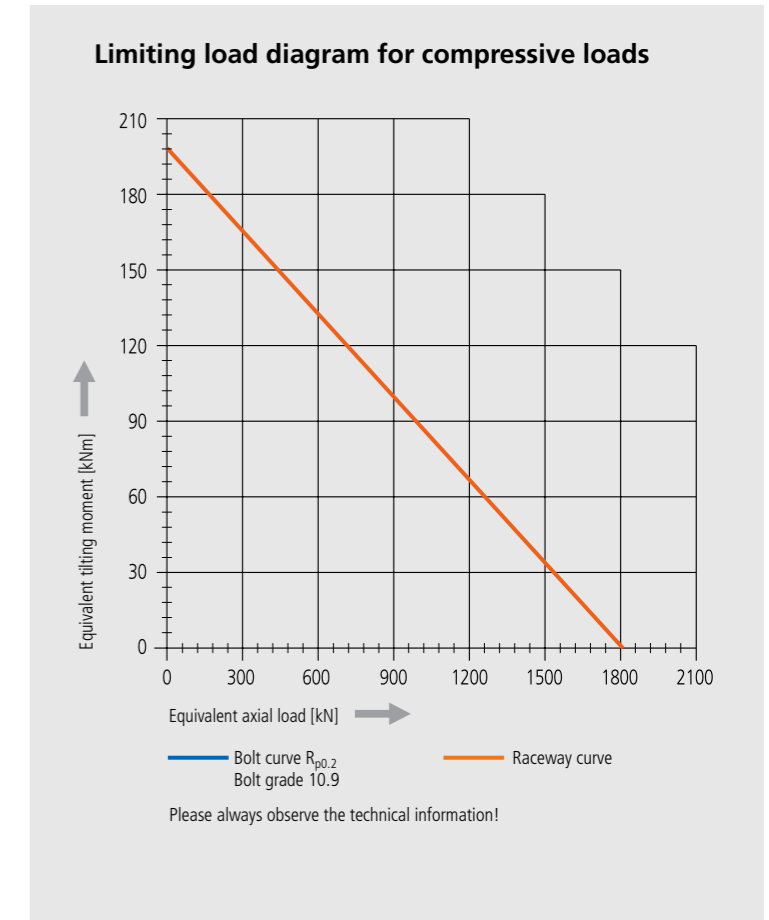
Pressure differential	$\Delta p$	[bar]	120	200
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	33	22
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1	1
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	24288	24288



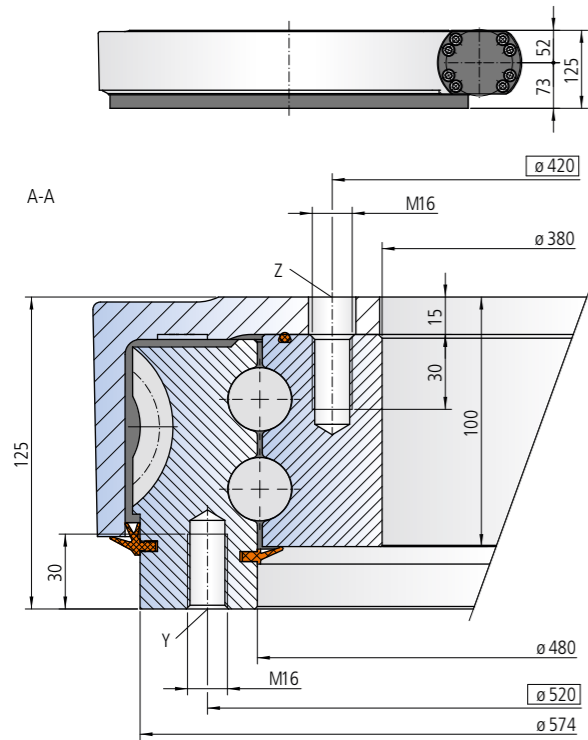
Drawing number WD-L 0478/3-12520				
Drawing number WD-L 0478/3-12316				
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	6	6
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	1	2
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	93	47
Self-locking gears			No**	No**
Max. torque $S_f = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	48576	48576
Nom. torque $S_w = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	48576	48576
Max. holding torque* $S_{f5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	68526	68526
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	675	675
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	1808	1808
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	251	251
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	293	293
Weight, incl. 24 kg for two hydraulic motors RE 300		[kg]	184	184

\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.  
 Selection example:  
 Performance data with two hydraulic motors RE300

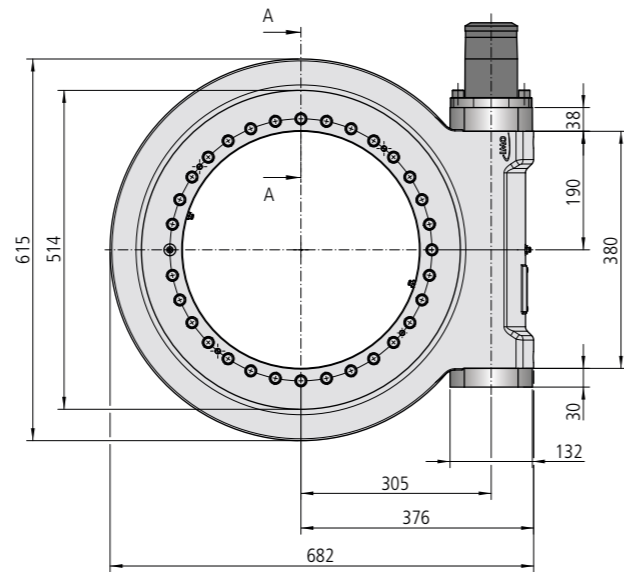
Pressure differential	$\Delta p$	[bar]	120	200
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	66	44
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1	1
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	48576	48576



## Size WD-L 0478 / 2-row / 1 drive



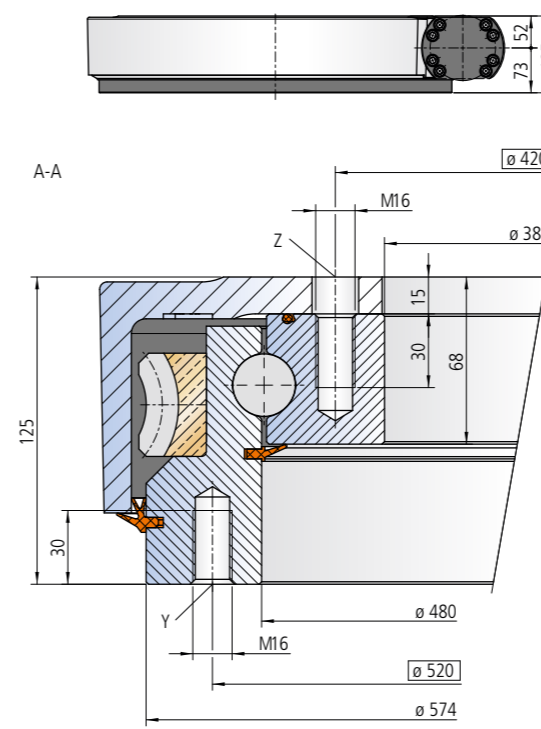
The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 478$



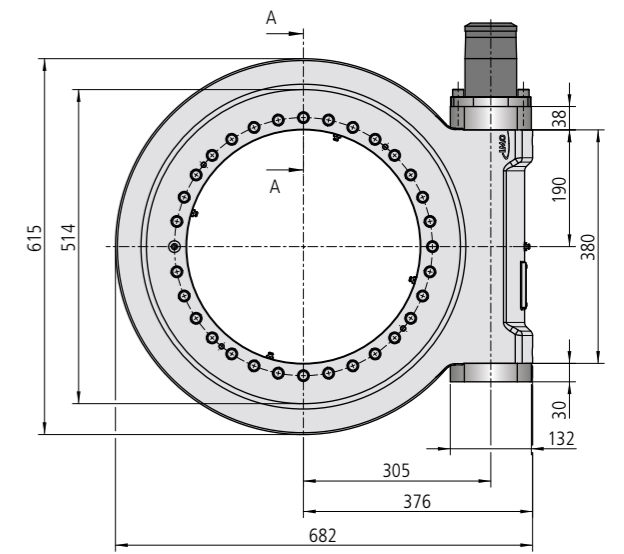
**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 32 drill holes M16-28 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 31 drill holes  $\phi 19$ -15 deep / M16-30 deep, evenly spaced over 32 pitch

**Lubricating drill holes**  
 4 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
 1 conical grease nipple on housing exterior  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

## Size WD-LC 0478 / 1-row / 1 drive - Bronze special design



The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 478$



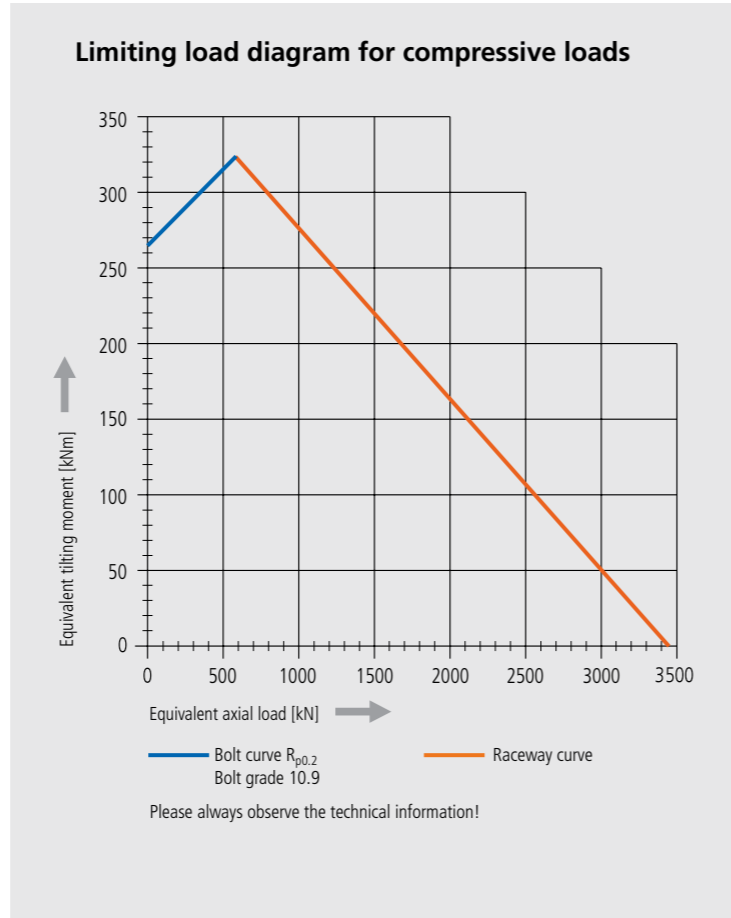
**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 32 drill holes M16-30 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 31 drill holes  $\phi 19$ -15 deep / M16-30 deep, evenly spaced over 32 pitch

**Lubricating ports**  
 4 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
 1 conical grease nipple on housing exterior  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

Drawing number WD-L 0478/3-12521				
Drawing number WD-L 0478/3-12317				
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	6	6
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	1	2
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	93	47
Self-locking gears			No**	No**
Max. torque $S_f = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	24288	24288
Nom. torque $S_w = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	24288	24288
Max. holding torque* $S_{f5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	34263	34263
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	1298	1298
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	3474	3474
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	460	460
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	536	536
Weight, incl. 12 kg for hydraulic motor RE 300		[kg]	179	179

\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.  
 Selection example:  
 Performance data with hydraulic motor RE300

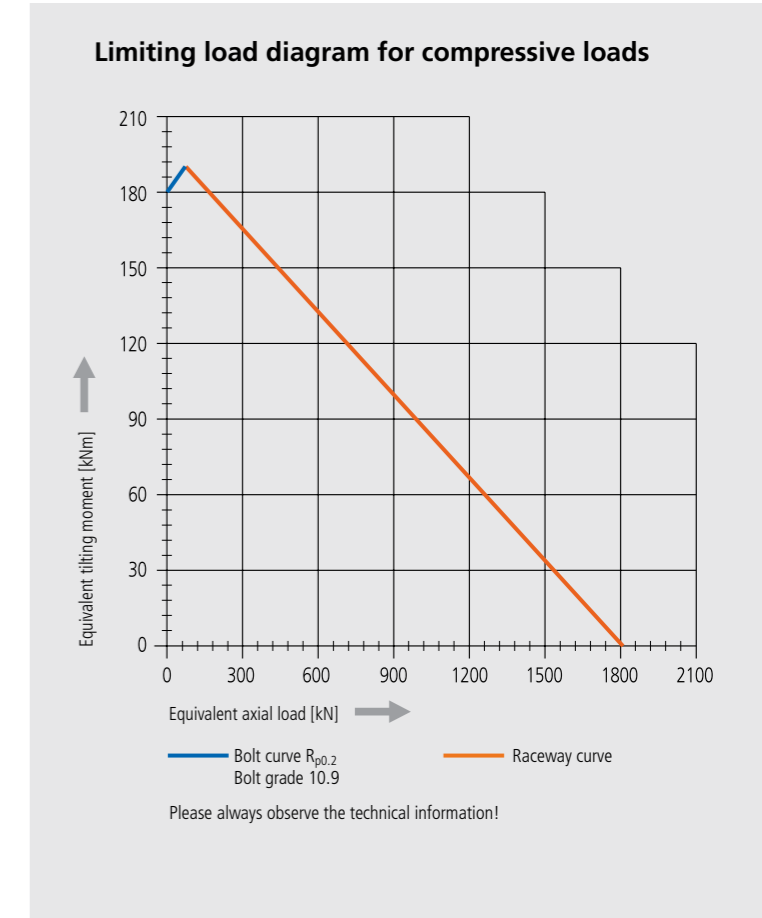
Performance data with hydraulic motor RE300				
Pressure differential	$\Delta p$	[bar]	120	200
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	33	22
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1	1
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	24288	24288



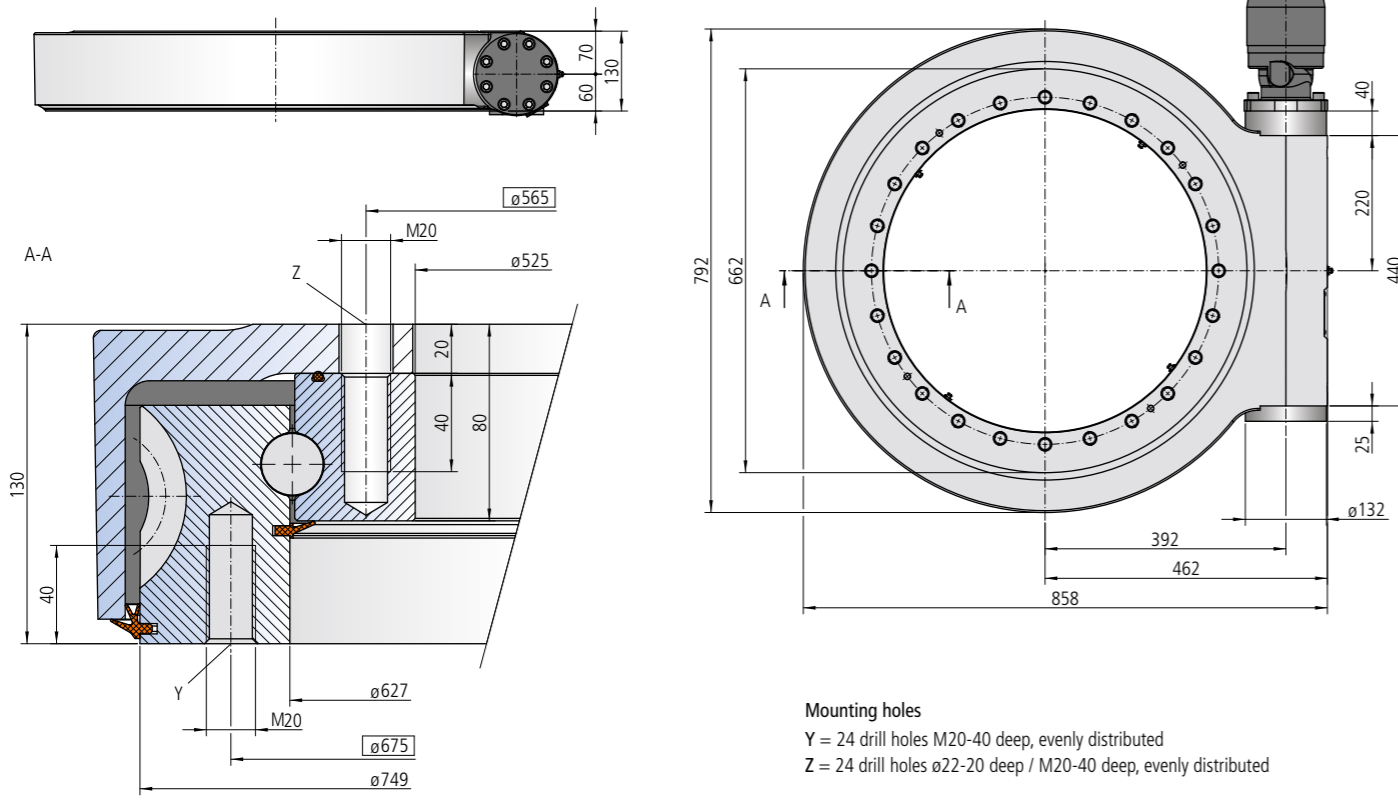
Drawing number WD-LC 0478/1-12522				
Drawing number WD-LC 0478/1-12355				
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	6	6
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	1	2
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	93	47
Self-locking gears			No**	No**
Max. torque $S_f = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	11013	11013
Nom. torque $S_w = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	11013	11013
Max. holding torque* $S_{f5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	11013	11013
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	675	675
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	1808	1808
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	251	251
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	293	293
Weight, incl. 6 kg for OMP (X) 160 / 11 kg for RE 160		[kg]	170	175

\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.  
 Selection example:  
 Performance data with hydraulic motor

Performance data with hydraulic motor				
			OMP (X) 160	RE160
Pressure differential	$\Delta p$	[bar]	99	138
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	17	10
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1	1
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	11013	11013



## Size WD-L 0625 / 1-row / 1 drive

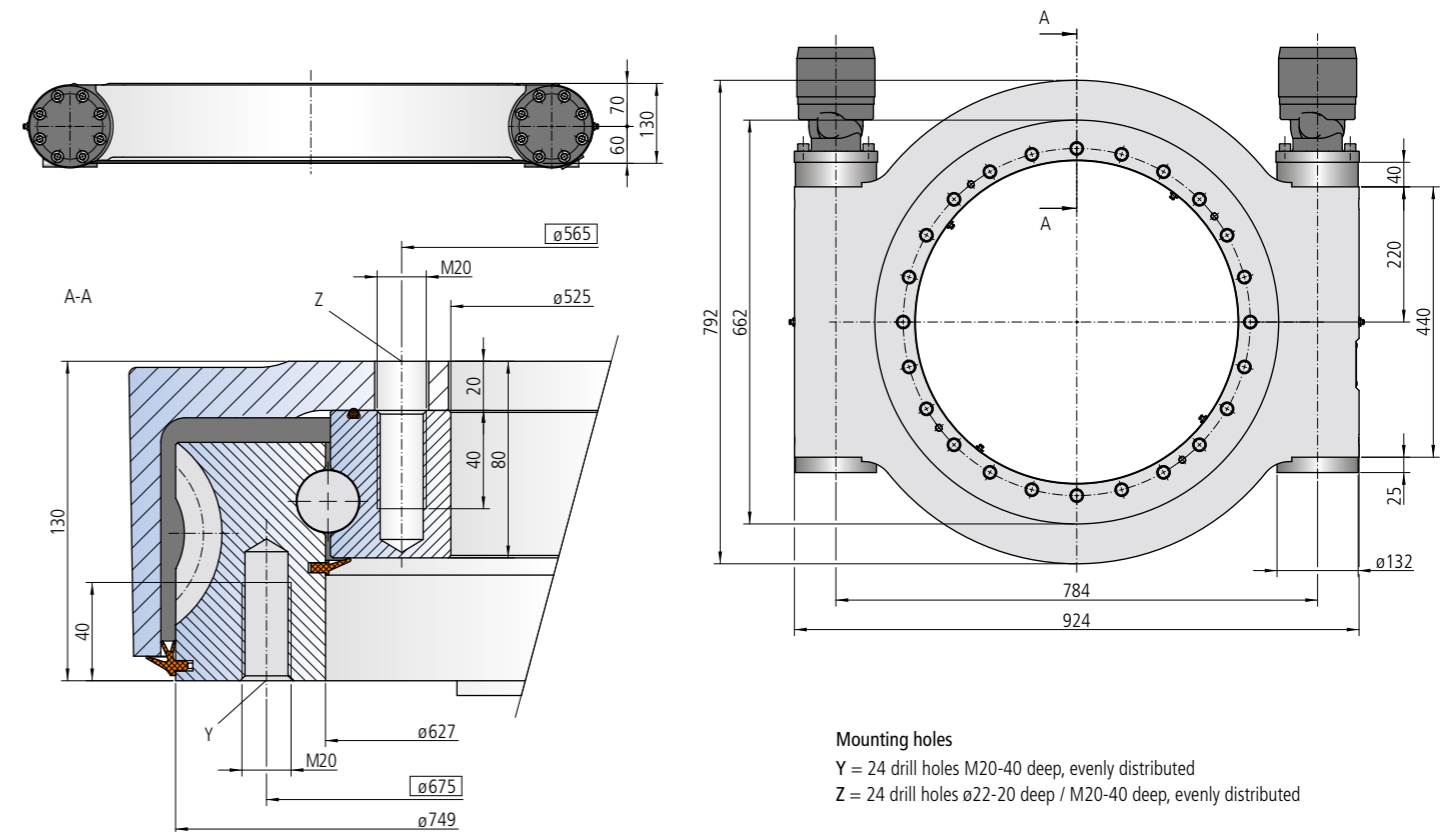


The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 625$

**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 24 drill holes M20-40 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 24 drill holes  $\phi 22-20$  deep / M20-40 deep, evenly distributed

**Lubricating ports**  
 4 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
 1 conical grease nipple on housing exterior  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

## Size WD-L 0625 / 1-row / 2 drives



The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 625$

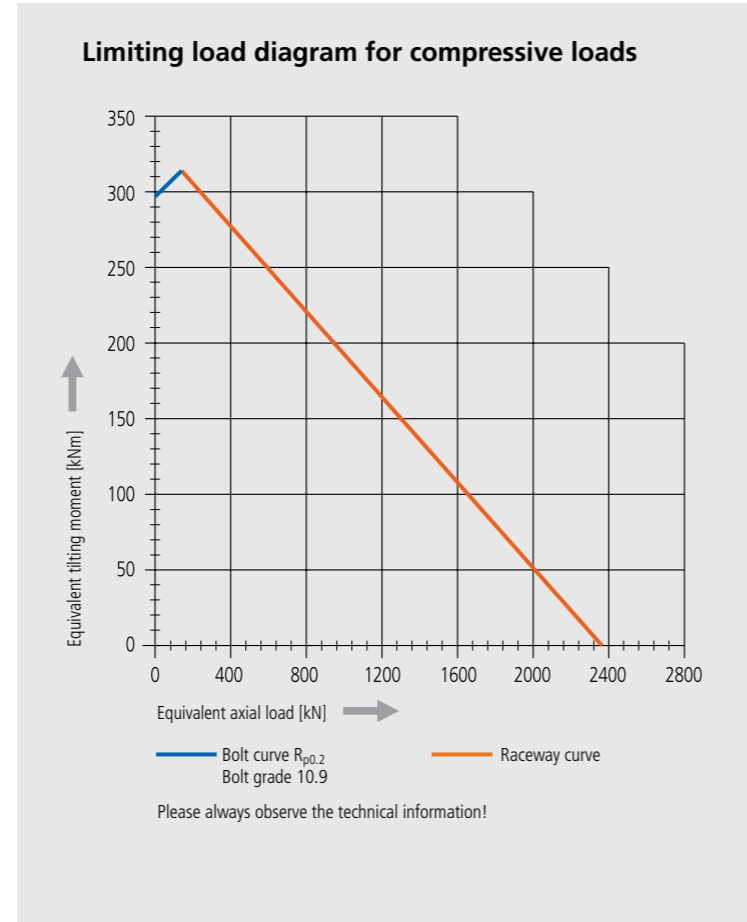
**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 24 drill holes M20-40 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 24 drill holes  $\phi 22-20$  deep / M20-40 deep, evenly distributed

**Lubricating ports**  
 4 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
 2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

Drawing number WD-L 0625/3-09738				
Drawing number WD-L 0625/3-06290				
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	7	7
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	1	2
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	104	51.5
Self-locking gears			No**	No**
Max. torque $S_f = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	42824	42824
Nom. torque $S_w = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	42824	42824
Max. holding torque* $S_{f5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	61177	61177
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	883	883
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	2364	2364
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	280	280
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	327	327
Weight, incl. 13 kg for RE470 / 24 kg for DT750		[kg]	235	246

\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.  
 Selection example:  
 Performance data with hydraulic motor

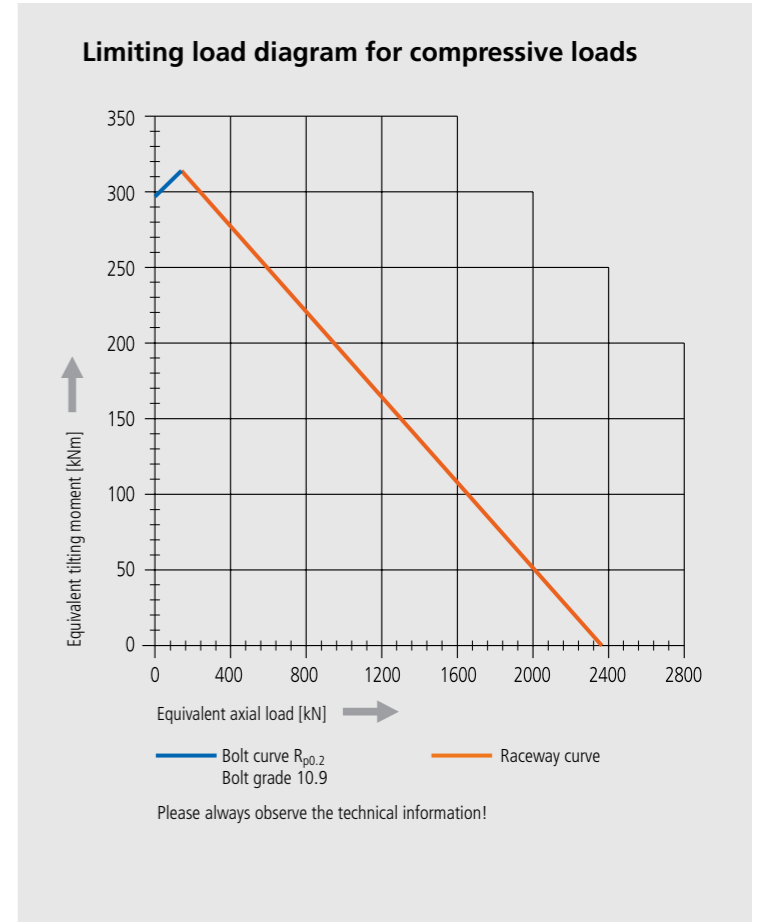
		RE470	DT750	
Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	138	128
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	51	46
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1	1
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	42824	42824



Drawing number WD-L 0625/3-12523				
Drawing number WD-L 0625/3-12003				
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	7	7
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	1	2
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	104	51.5
Self-locking gears			No**	No**
Max. torque $S_f = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	85648	85648
Nom. torque $S_w = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	85648	85648
Max. holding torque* $S_{f5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	122354	122354
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	883	883
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	2364	2364
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	280	280
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	327	327
Weight, incl. 26 kg for RE470 / 48 kg for 2x DT750		[kg]	291	313

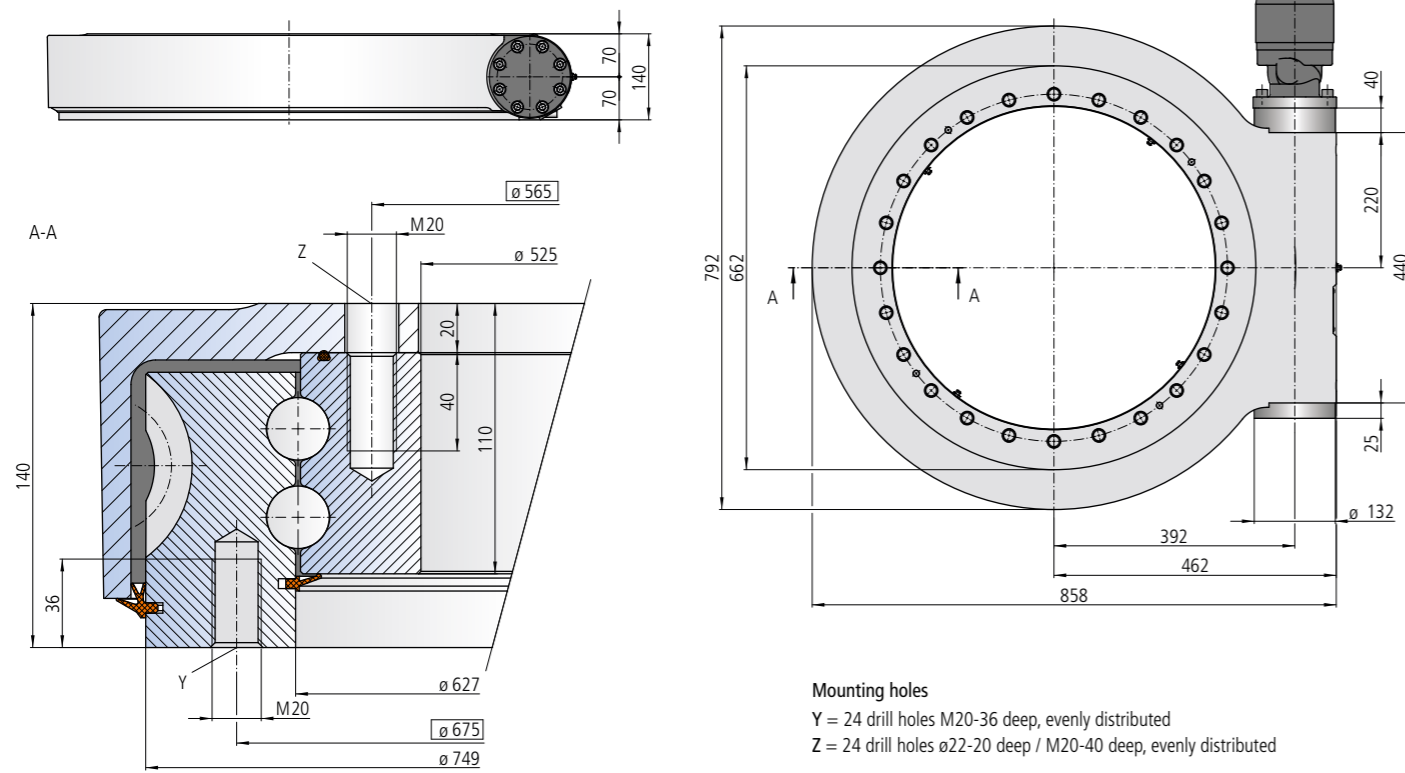
\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.  
 Selection example:  
 Performance data with two hydraulic motors

		RE470	DT750	
Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	138	128
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	102	92
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1	1
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	85648	85648





## Size WD-L 0625 / 2-row / 1 drive

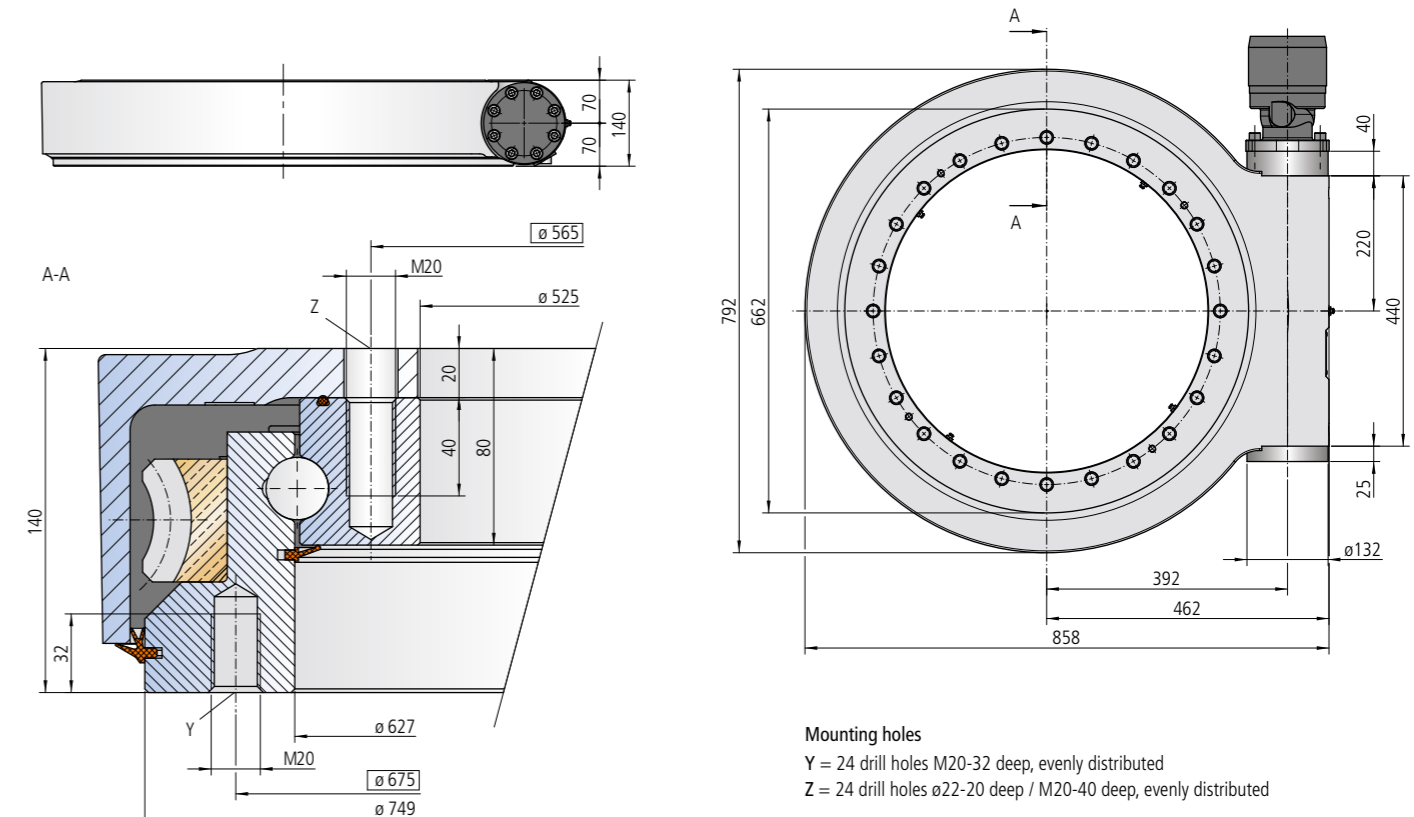


The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 625$

**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 24 drill holes M20-36 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 24 drill holes  $\phi 22$ -20 deep / M20-40 deep, evenly distributed

**Lubricating ports**  
 8 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
 1 conical grease nipple on housing exterior  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

## Size WD-LC 0625 / 1-row / 1 drive - Bronze special design



The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 625$

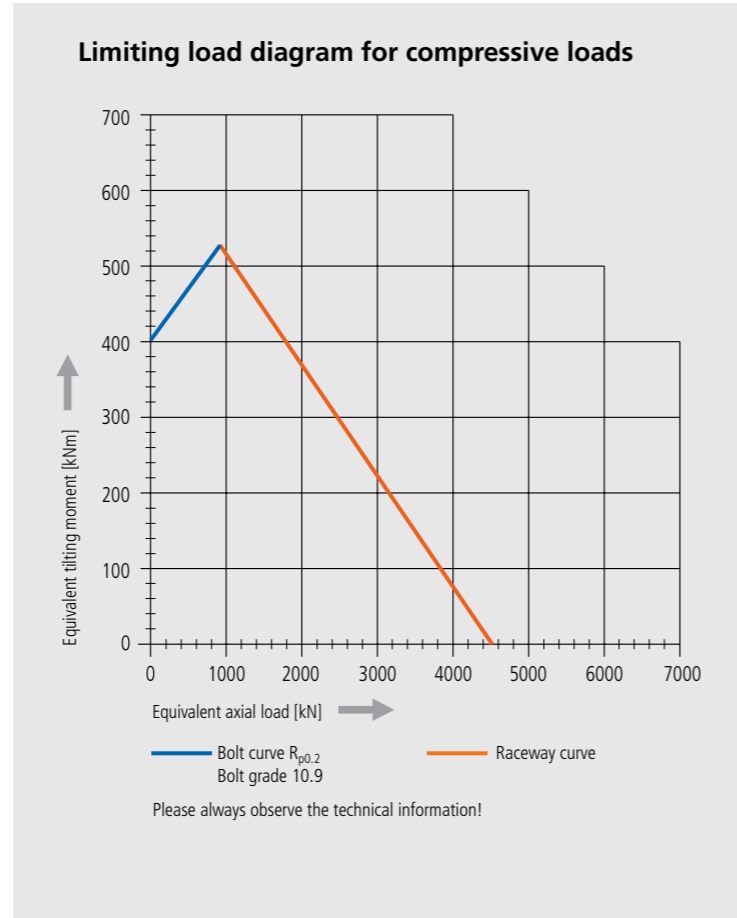
**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 24 drill holes M20-32 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 24 drill holes  $\phi 22$ -20 deep / M20-40 deep, evenly distributed

**Lubricating ports**  
 4 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
 1 conical grease nipple on housing exterior  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

Drawing number WD-L 0625/3-12524			
Drawing number WD-L 0625/3-12004			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	7 7
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	1 2
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	104 51.5
Self-locking gears			No** No**
Max. torque $S_F = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	42824 42824
Nom. torque $S_W = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	42824 42824
Max. holding torque* $S_{F5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	61177 61177
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	1697 1697
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	4543 4543
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	512 512
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	598 598
Weight, incl. 13 kg for RE470 / 24 kg for DT750		[kg]	281 292

\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.  
 Selection example:

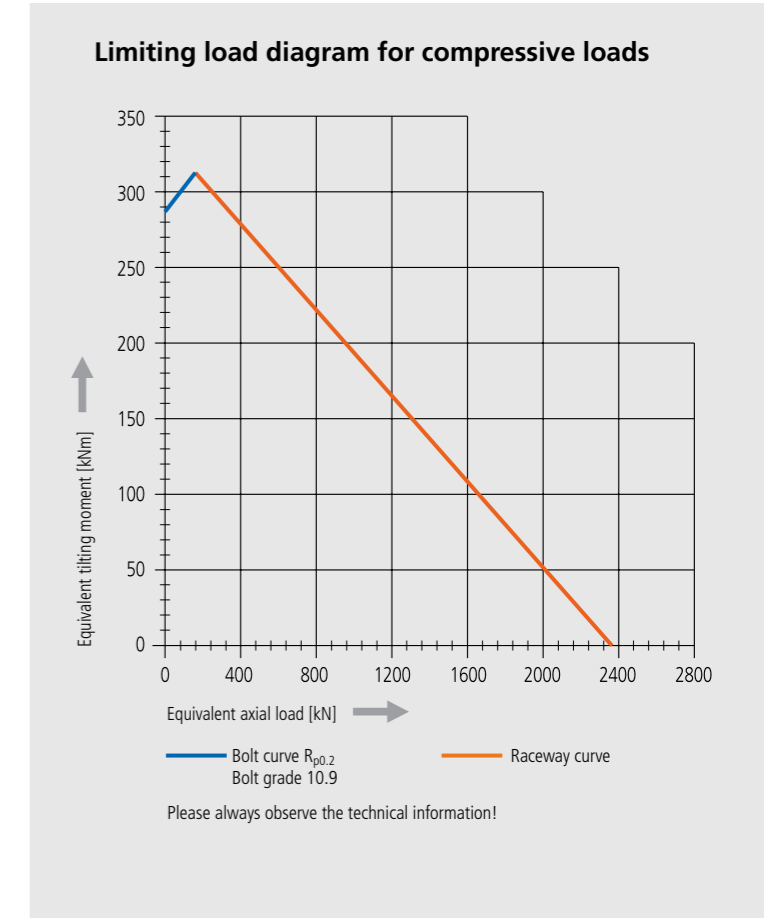
Performance data with hydraulic motor		RE470	DT750
Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	138 128
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	51 46
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1 1
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	42824 42824



Drawing number WD-LC 0625/1-12525			
Drawing number WD-LC 0625/1-12356			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	7 7
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	1 2
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	104 51.5
Self-locking gears			No** No**
Max. torque $S_F = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	19664 19664
Nom. torque $S_W = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	19664 19664
Max. holding torque* $S_{F5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	19664 19664
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	883 883
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	2364 2364
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	280 280
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	327 327
Weight, incl. 11 kg for RE160 / 12 kg for RE260		[kg]	253 254

\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.  
 Selection example:

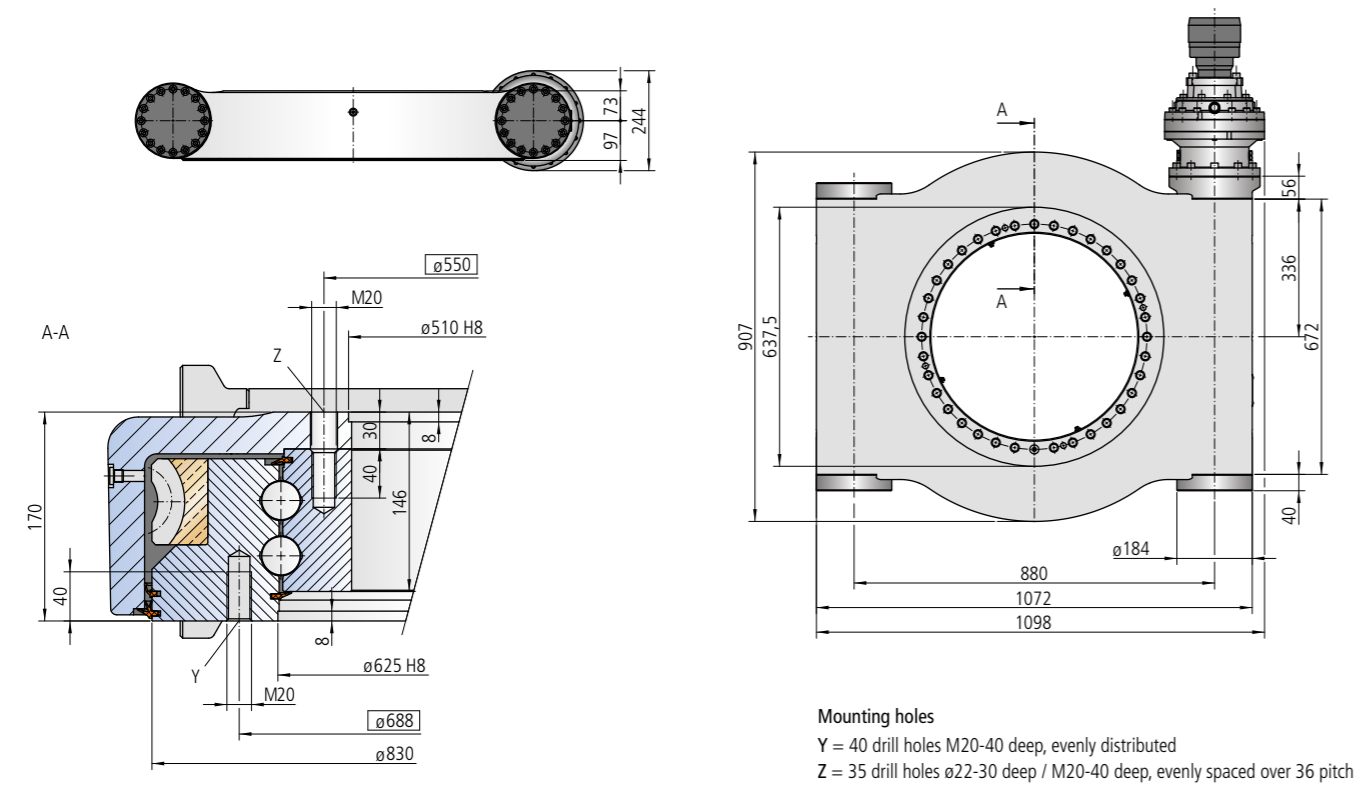
Performance data with hydraulic motor		RE160	RE260
Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	137 163
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	20 17
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1 1
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	19664 19664





Please note: This slew drive is only available after prior technical design by IMO Application Engineering department.

## Size WD-LC 0620 / 2-row / 1 drive - Bronze special design



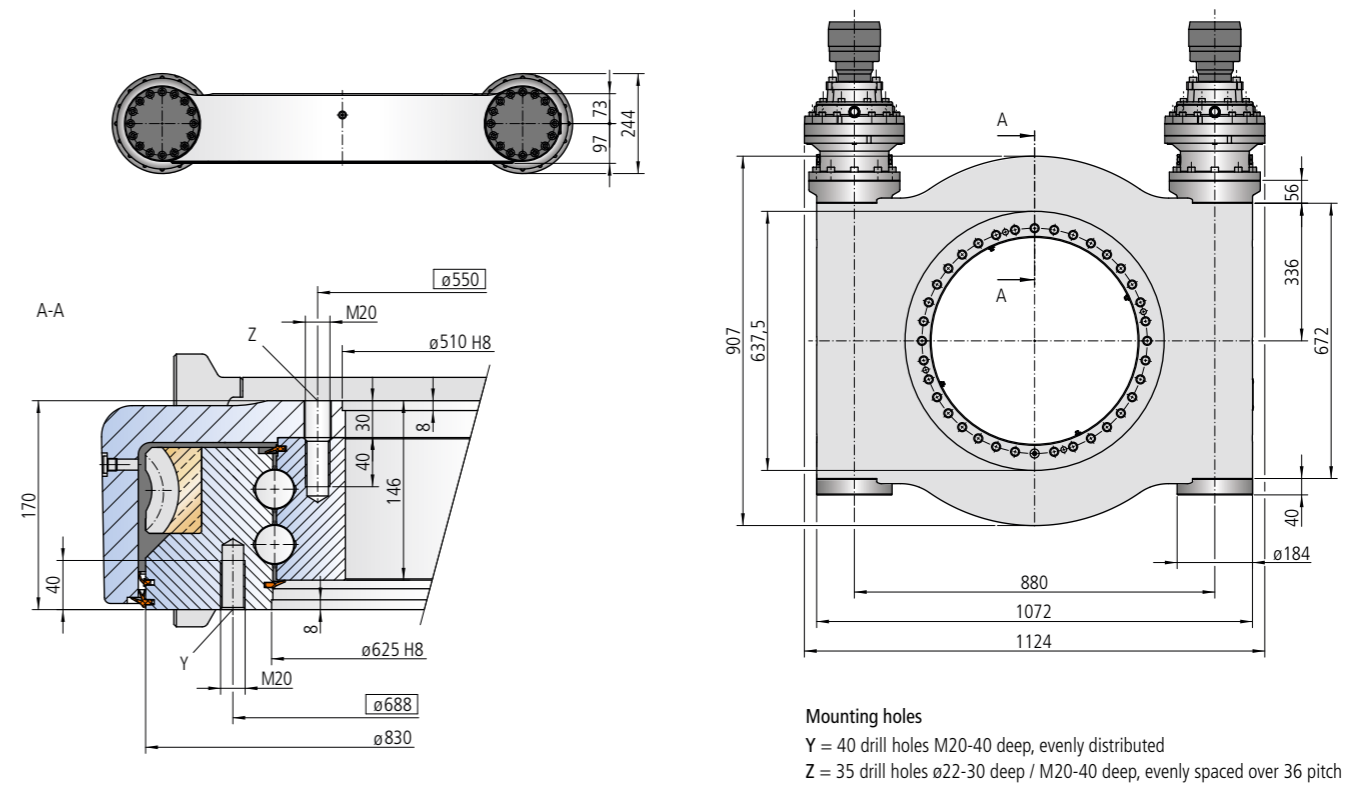
The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 620$  and at most to  $\phi 700$

**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 40 drill holes M20-40 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 35 drill holes  $\phi 22$ -30 deep / M20-40 deep, evenly spaced over 36 pitch

**Lubricating ports**  
 8 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
 4 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

Please note: This slew drive is only available after prior technical design by IMO Application Engineering department.

## Size WD-LC 0620 / 2-row / 2 drives - Bronze special design



The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 620$  and at most to  $\phi 700$

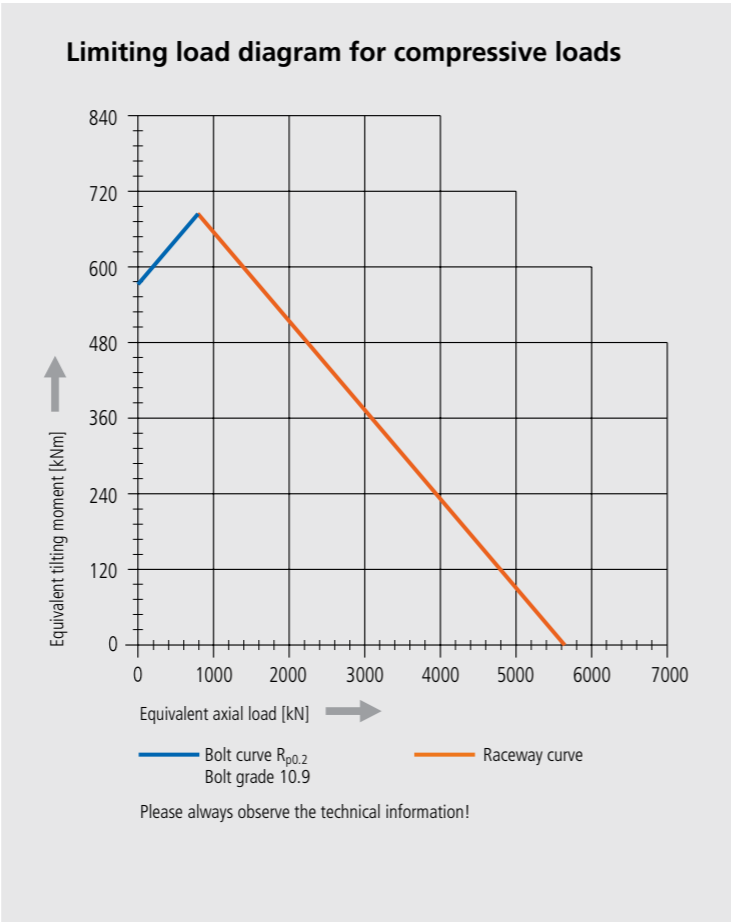
**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 40 drill holes M20-40 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 35 drill holes  $\phi 22$ -30 deep / M20-40 deep, evenly spaced over 36 pitch

**Lubricating ports**  
 8 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
 2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

Drawing number WD-LC 0620/1-11822				
Drawing number WD-LC 0620/1-11820				
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	10	10
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	1	2
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	80	40
Overall gear ratio incl. gear box	<b>i<sub>tot</sub></b>	[-]	340	170
Self-locking gears			No**	No**
Max. torque $S_F = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	63000	63000
Nom. torque $S_{F1} = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	63000	63000
Max. holding torque* $S_{F5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	63000	63000
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	2116	2116
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	5664	5664
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	753	753
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	878	878
Weight, incl. 11 kg for hydraulic motor RE200		[kg]	728	728

\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.  
 Selection example:  
 Performance data with gear box 303 and hydraulic motor RE200

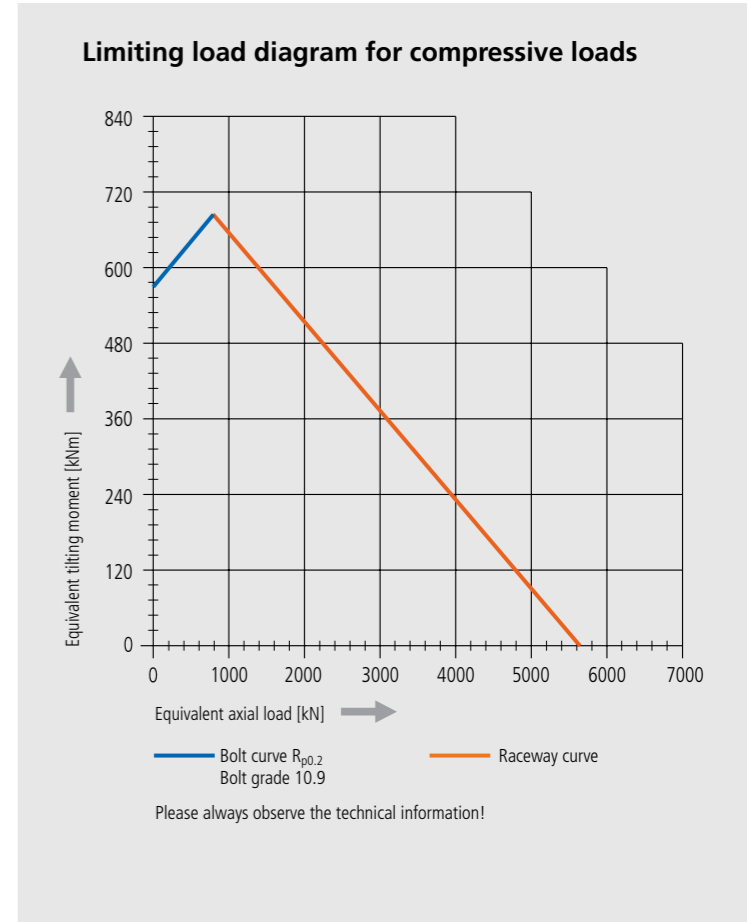
Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	141	202
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	71	38
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1	1
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	63000	63000



Drawing number WD-LC 0620/1-11823				
Drawing number WD-LC 0620/1-11821				
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	10	10
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	1	2
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	80	40
Overall gear ratio incl. gear box	<b>i<sub>tot</sub></b>	[-]	340	170
Self-locking gears			No**	No**
Max. torque $S_F = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	126000	126000
Nom. torque $S_{F1} = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	126000	126000
Max. holding torque* $S_{F5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	126000	126000
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	2116	2116
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	5664	5664
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	753	753
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	878	878
Weight, incl. 22 kg for 2 hydraulic motors RE200		[kg]	835	835

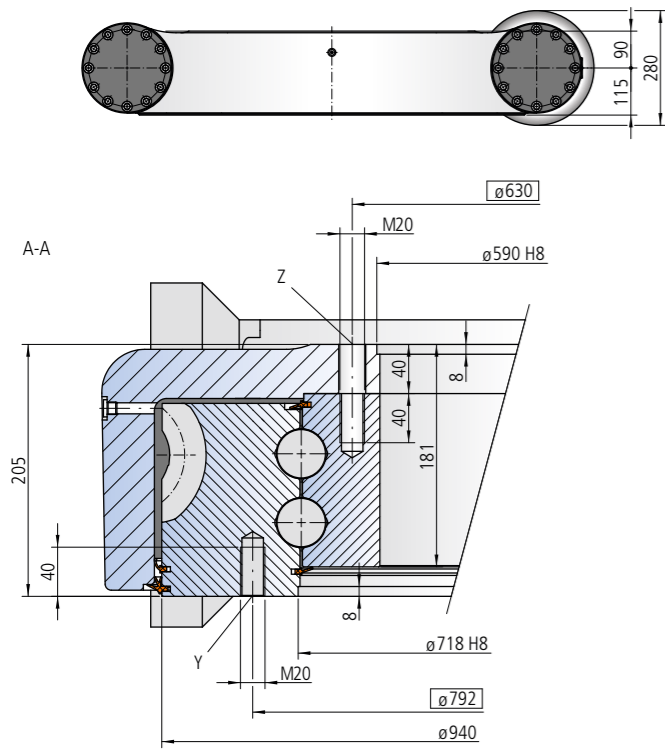
\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.  
 Selection example:  
 Performance data with gear box 303 and two hydraulic motors RE200

Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	141	202
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	142	76
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1	1
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	126000	126000

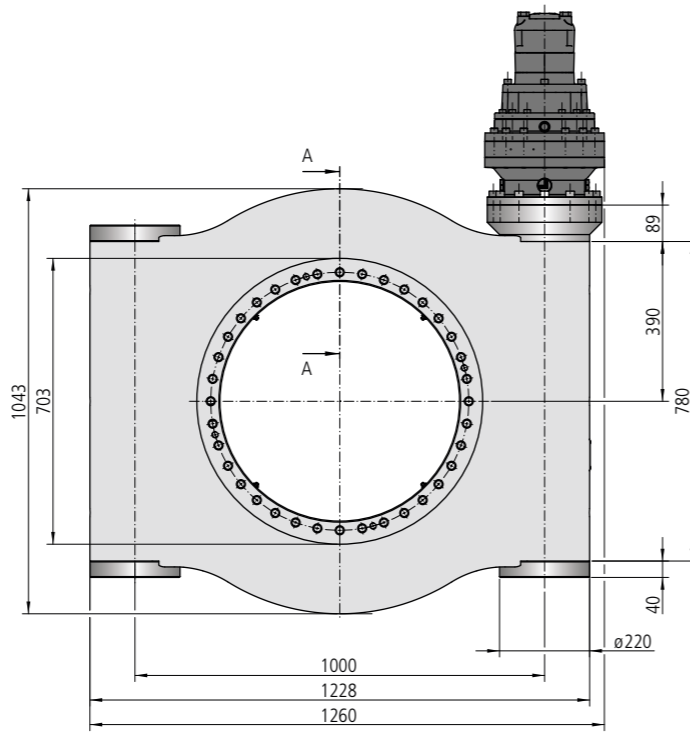


Please note: This slew drive is only available after prior technical design by IMO Application Engineering department.

## Size WD-L 0713 / 2-row / 1 drive



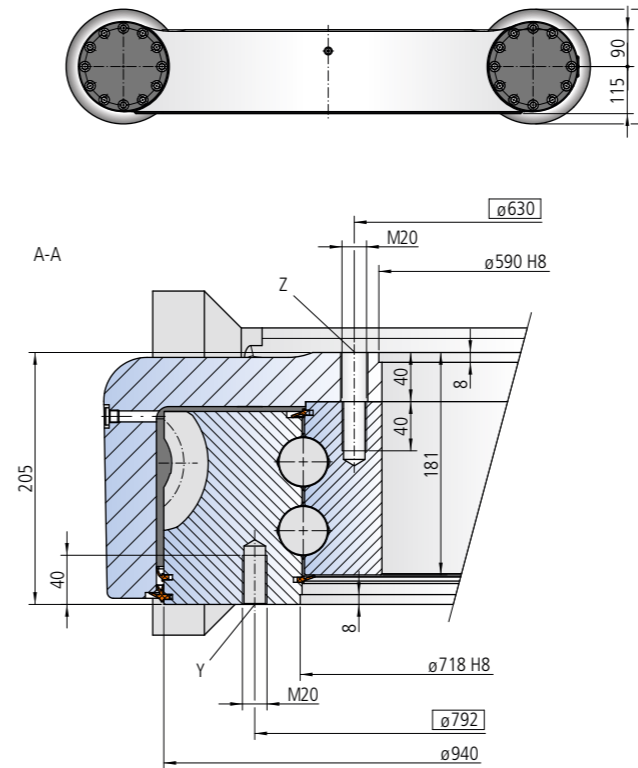
The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 713$  and at most to  $\phi 760$



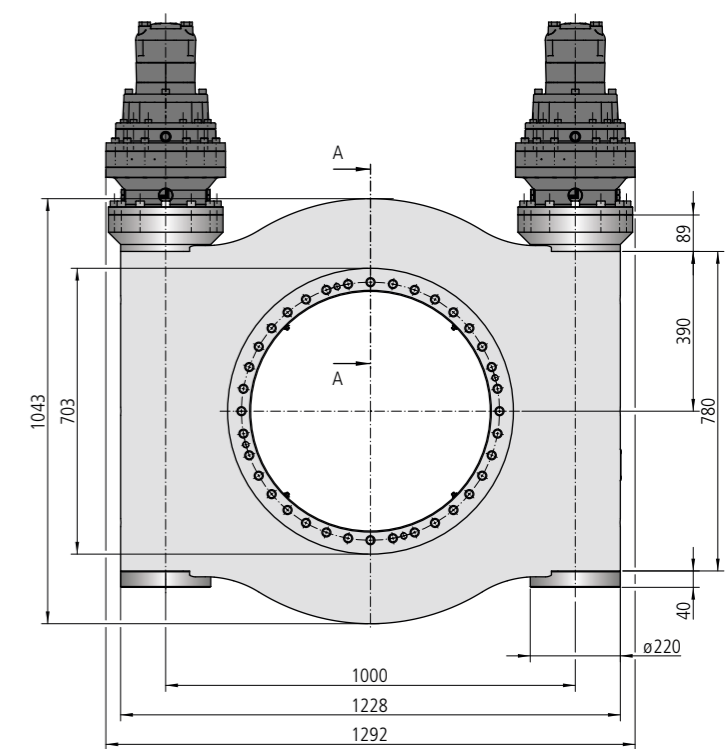
- Mounting holes**  
 Y = 48 drill holes M20-40 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 36 drill holes  $\phi 22$ -40 deep / M20-40 deep, evenly distributed
- Lubricating ports**  
 8 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
 4 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

Please note: This slew drive is only available after prior technical design by IMO Application Engineering department.

## Size WD-L 0713 / 2-row / 2 drives



The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 713$  and at most to  $\phi 760$



- Mounting holes**  
 Y = 48 drill holes M20-40 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 36 drill holes  $\phi 22$ -40 deep / M20-40 deep, evenly distributed
- Lubricating ports**  
 8 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
 2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

Drawing number WD-L 0713/3-11826			
Drawing number WD-L 0713/3-11824			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	12 12
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	1 2
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	75 37.5
Overall gear ratio incl. gear box	<b>i<sub>tot</sub></b>	[-]	270 200
Self-locking gears			No** No**
Max. torque $S_F = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	223252 223252
Nom. torque $S_{F1} = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	223252 223252
Max. holding torque* $S_{F5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	223252 223252
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	2906 2906
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	7777 7777
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	1003 1003
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	1169 1169
Weight, incl. 26 kg for hydraulic motor OMVS630		[kg]	1215 1215

\* Optionally with brake

\*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*

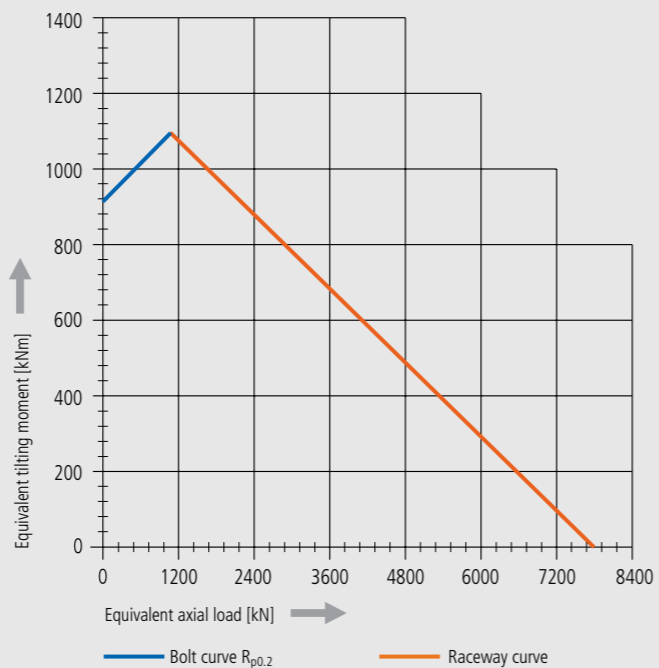
The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.

Selection example:

Performance data with gear box 306 and hydraulic motor OMVS630

Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	185 190
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	180 135
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1 1
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	223252 223252

### Limiting load diagram for compressive loads



Please always observe the technical information!

Drawing number WD-L 0713/3-11827			
Drawing number WD-L 0713/3-11825			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	12 12
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	1 2
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	75 37.5
Overall gear ratio incl. gear box	<b>i<sub>tot</sub></b>	[-]	270 200
Self-locking gears			No** No**
Max. torque $S_F = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	446504 446504
Nom. torque $S_{F1} = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	446504 446504
Max. holding torque* $S_{F5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	446504 446504
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	2906 2906
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	7777 7777
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	1003 1003
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	1169 1169
Weight, incl. 52 kg for 2 hydraulic motors OMVS630		[kg]	1400 1400

\* Optionally with brake

\*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*

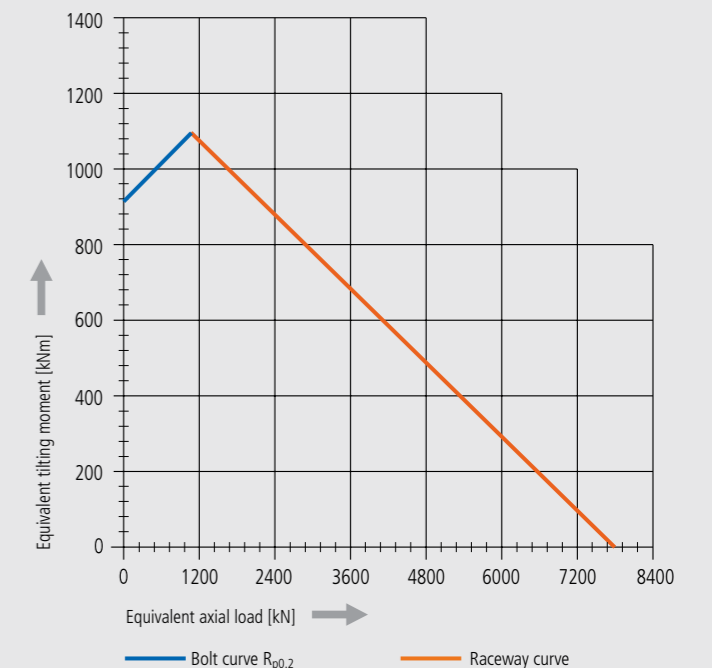
The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.

Selection example:

Performance data with gear box 306 and two hydraulic motors OMVS630

Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	185 190
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	360 270
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1 1
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	446504 446504

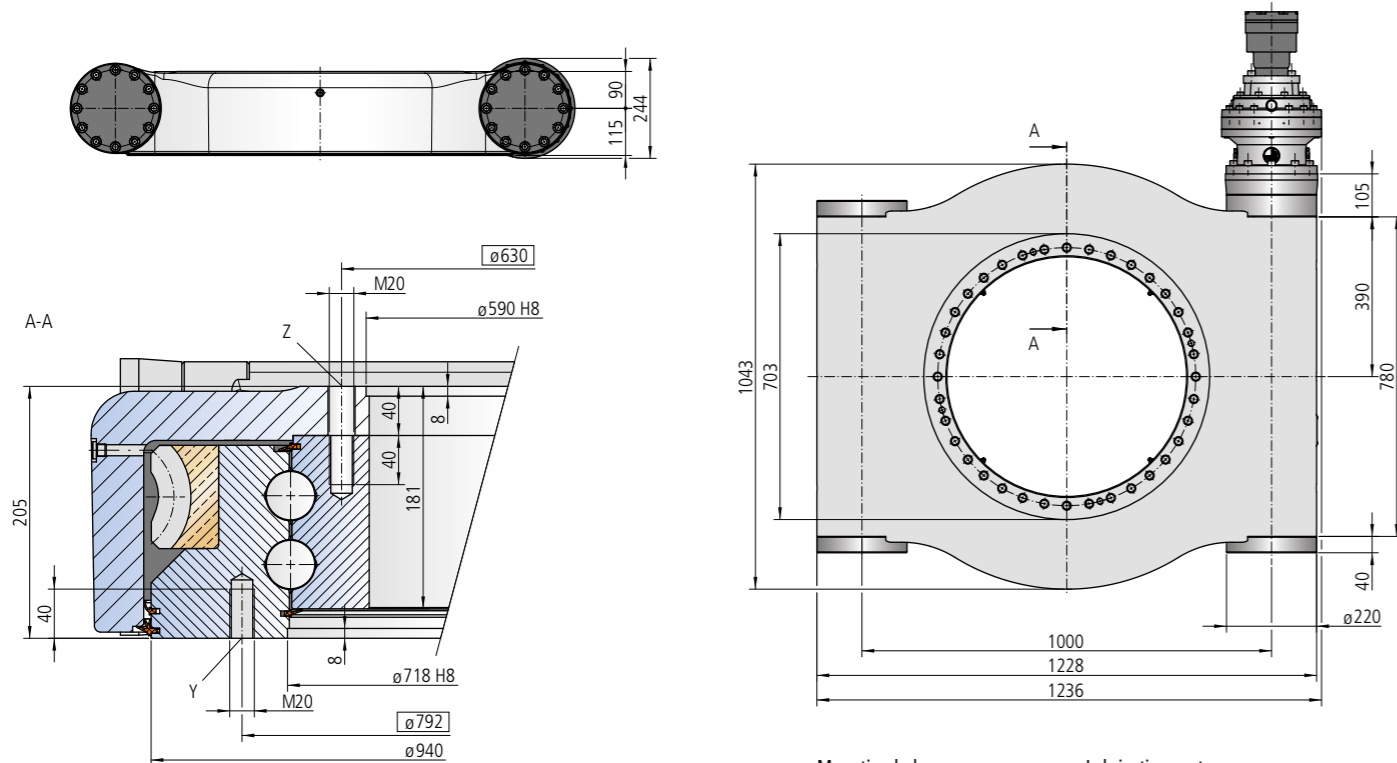
### Limiting load diagram for compressive loads



Please always observe the technical information!

Please note: This slew drive is only available after prior technical design by IMO Application Engineering department.

## Size WD-LC 0713 / 2-row / 1 drive - Bronze special design



The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 713$  and at most to  $\phi 760$

### Mounting holes

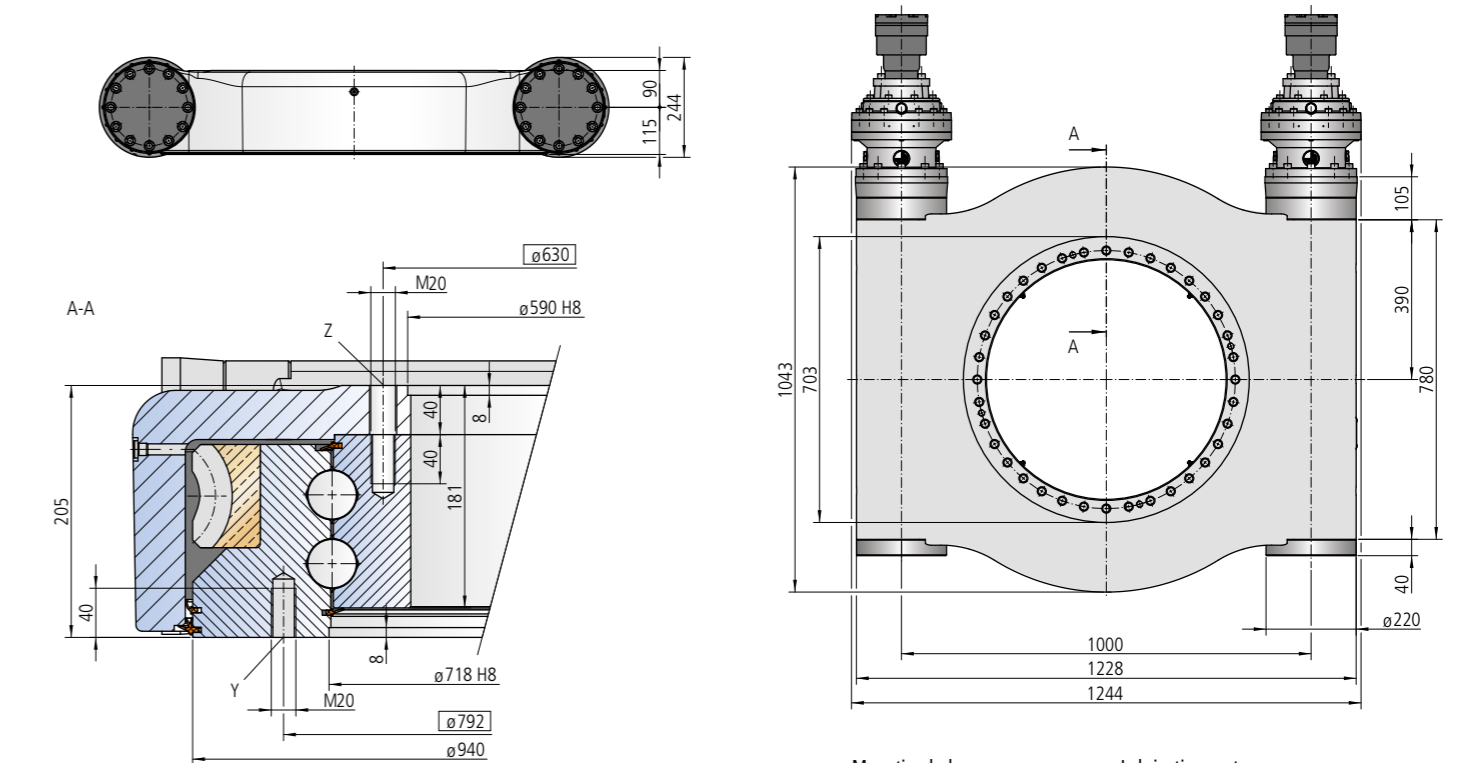
Y = 48 drill holes M20-40 deep, evenly distributed  
Z = 36 drill holes  $\phi 22$ -40 deep / M20-40 deep, evenly distributed

### Lubricating ports

8 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
4 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

Please note: This slew drive is only available after prior technical design by IMO Application Engineering department.

## Size WD-LC 0713 / 2-row / 2 drives - Bronze special design



The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 713$  and at most to  $\phi 760$

### Mounting holes

Y = 48 drill holes M20-40 deep, evenly distributed  
Z = 36 drill holes  $\phi 22$ -40 deep / M20-40 deep, evenly distributed

### Lubricating ports

8 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

Drawing number WD-LC 0713/1-11545				
Drawing number WD-LC 0713/1-11543				
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	12	12
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	1	2
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	75	37.5
Overall gear ratio incl. gear box	<b>i<sub>tot</sub></b>	[-]	270	200
Self-locking gears			No**	No**
Max. torque $S_F = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	102513	102513
Nom. torque $S_{Fw} = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	102513	102513
Max. holding torque* $S_{FS} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	102513	102513
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	2906	2906
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	7777	7777
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	1003	1003
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	1169	1169
Weight, incl. 12 kg for hydraulic motor RE300		[kg]	1132	1132

\* Optionally with brake

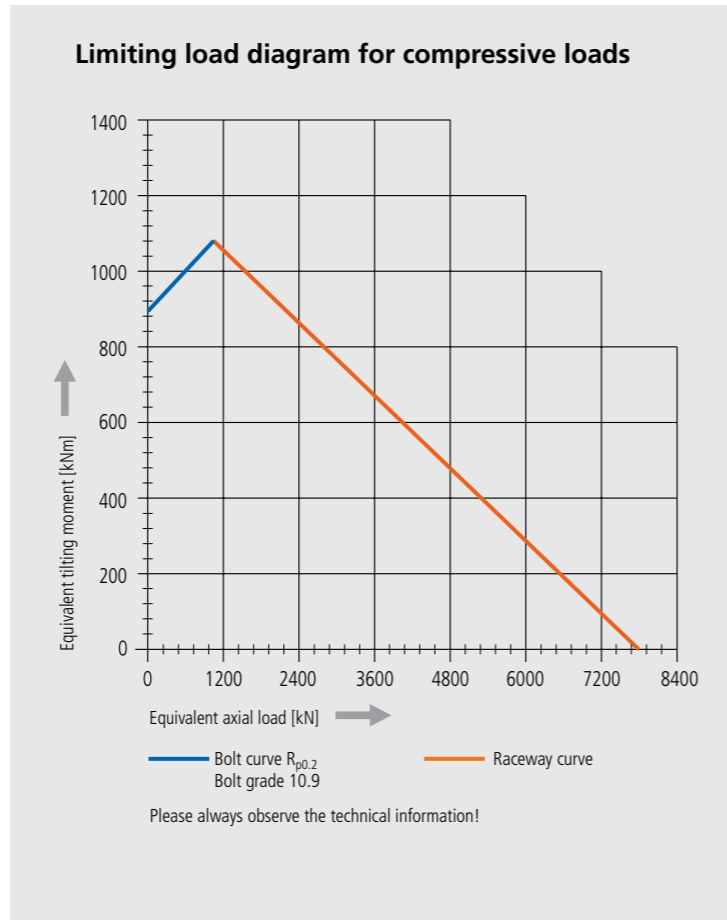
\*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*

The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.

Selection example:

Performance data with gear box 305 and hydraulic motor RE300

Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	197	192
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	87	69
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1	1
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	102513	102513



Drawing number WD-LC 0713/1-11546				
Drawing number WD-LC 0713/1-11544				
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	12	12
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	1	2
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	75	37.5
Overall gear ratio incl. gear box	<b>i<sub>tot</sub></b>	[-]	270	200
Self-locking gears			No**	No**
Max. torque $S_F = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	205026	205026
Nom. torque $S_{Fw} = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	205026	205026
Max. holding torque* $S_{FS} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	205026	205026
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	2906	2906
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	7777	7777
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	1003	1003
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	1169	1169
Weight, incl. 24 kg for 2 hydraulic motors RE300		[kg]	1285	1285

\* Optionally with brake

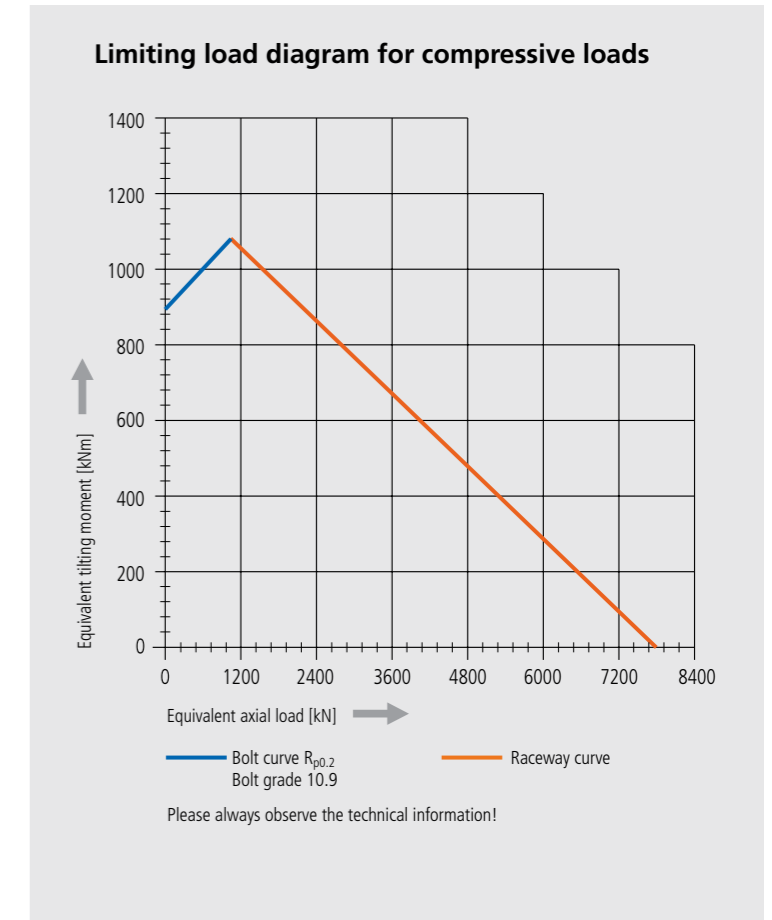
\*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*

The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.

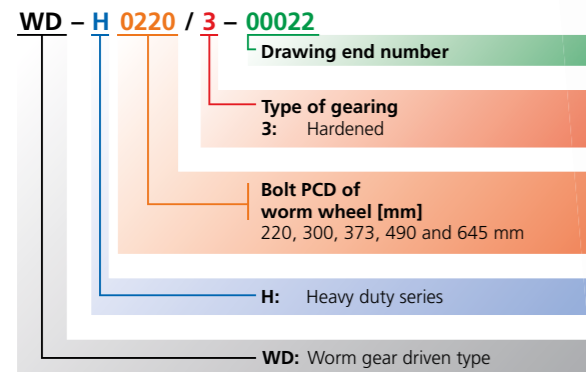
Selection example:

Performance data with gear box 305 and two hydraulic motors RE300

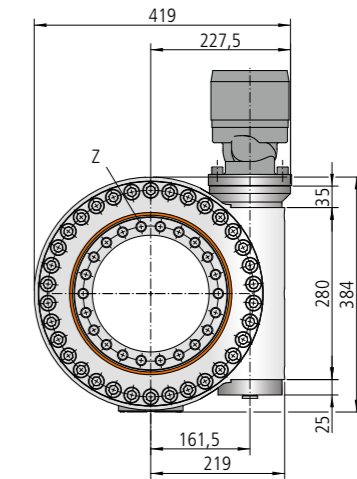
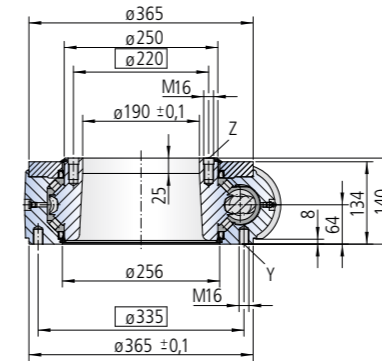
Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	197	192
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	174	138
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1	1
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	205026	205026



## WD-H series overview

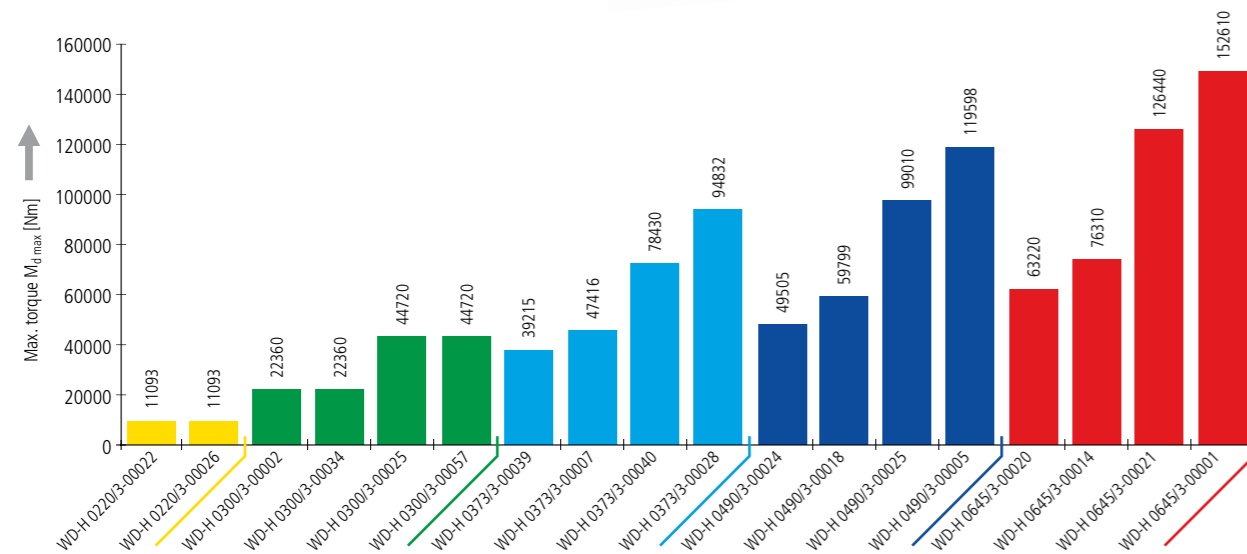


## Size WD-H 0220 / 1 drive



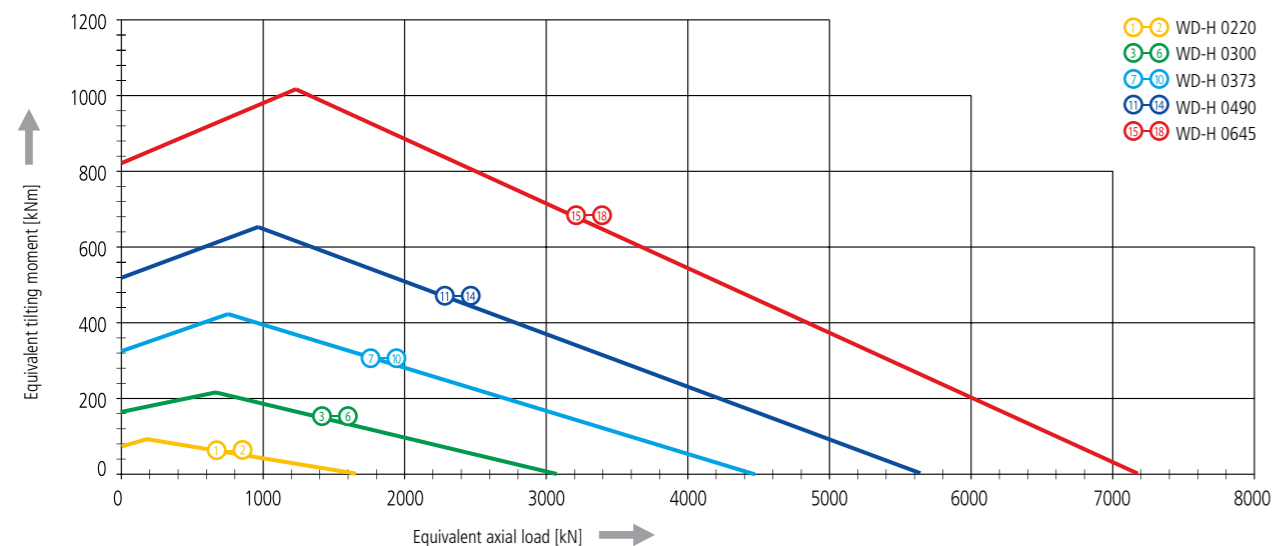
### Maximum torque $M_{d \max}$ of the individual sizes

CAUTION: The duty per minute is limited.  
Please always observe the explanations in the Technical Information section (from page 60).



### Limiting load diagrams of the individual sizes for compressive loads

Please always observe the explanations in the Technical Information section (from page 60).



**Mounting holes**  
Y = 24 drill holes M16-24 deep, evenly distributed  
Z = 22 drill holes  $\phi 17$ -10 deep / M16-25 deep, evenly distributed

**Lubricating ports**  
1 conical grease nipple on housing exterior  
Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

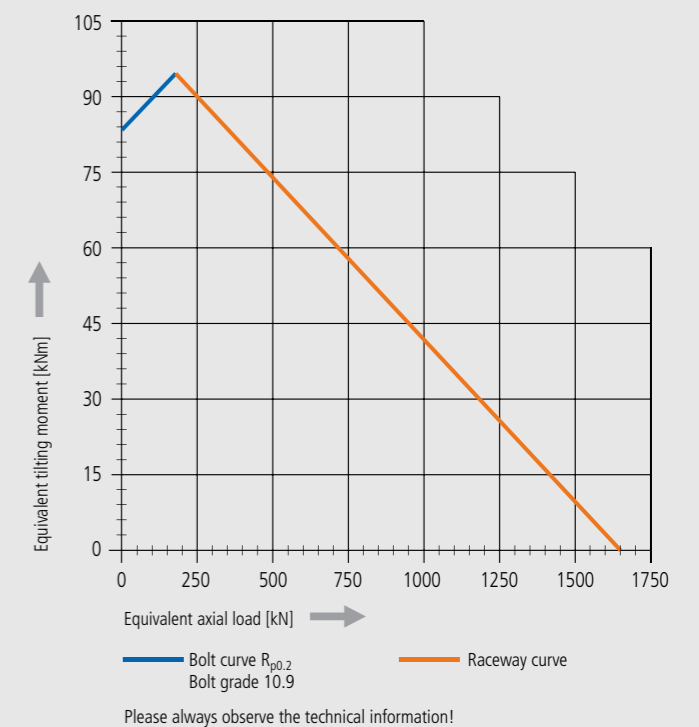
Drawing number WD-H 0220/3-00022			
Drawing number WD-H 0220/3-00026			
Module	<b>m</b> [mm]	5	5
Number of threads of the worm	-	1	2
Gear ratio	<b>i</b> [-]	56	28
Self-locking gears		No**	No**
Max. torque $S_f = 1$	<b><math>M_{d \max}</math></b> [Nm]	11093	11093
Nom. torque $S_{Wf} = 1$ at $n = 3 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b><math>M_{d \text{ nom}}</math></b> [Nm]	4800	5150
Max. holding torque* $S_{F5} = 1$ (static)	<b><math>M_{h \max}</math></b> [Nm]	11093	11093
Static load rating, radial	<b><math>C_{o \text{ rad}}</math></b> [kN]	616	616
Static load rating, axial	<b><math>C_{o \text{ ax}}</math></b> [kN]	1650	1650
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b><math>C_{\text{rad}}</math></b> [kN]	193	193
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b><math>C_{\text{ax}}</math></b> [kN]	224	224
Weight, incl. 11 kg for hydraulic motor RE200	[kg]	89	89

\* Optionally with brake  
\*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*

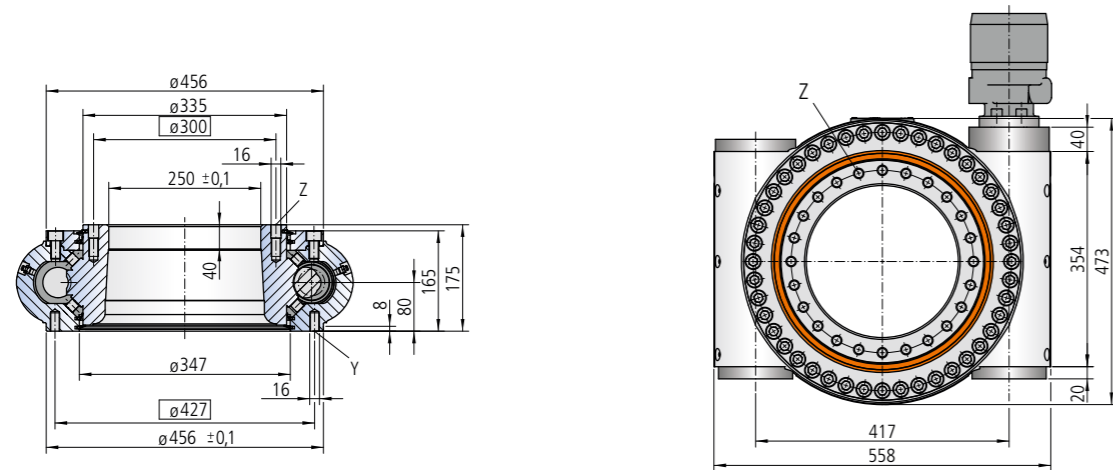
The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.  
Selection example:  
Performance data with hydraulic motor RE200

Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b> [bar]	145	230
Oil flow	<b>Q</b> [l/min]	38	22
Output speed	<b>n</b> [min <sup>-1</sup> ]	3	3
Max. achievable torque	<b><math>M_d</math></b> [Nm]	11093	11093

### Limiting load diagram for compressive loads



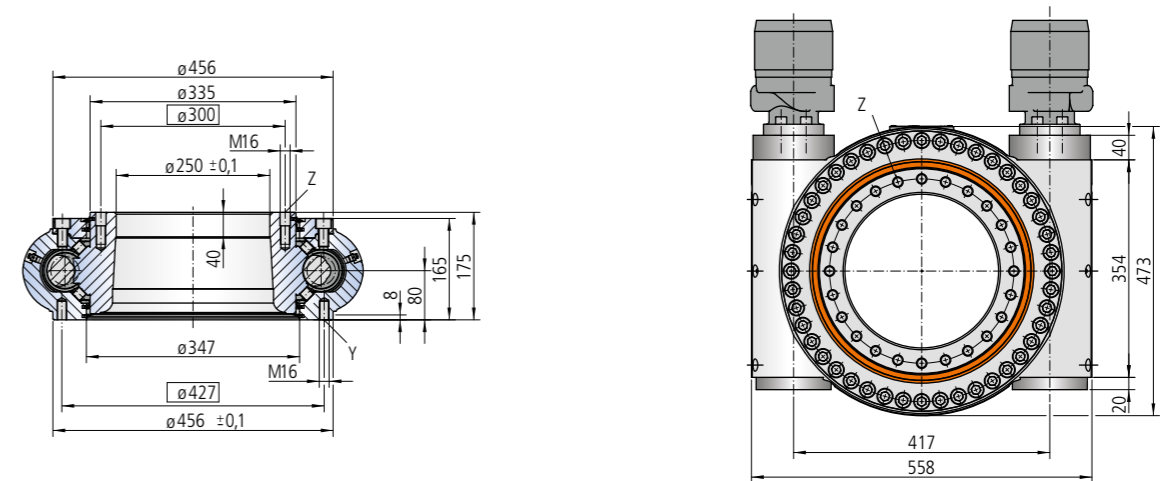
## Size WD-H 0300 / 1 drive



**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 24 drill holes M16-30 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 24 drill holes ø17-22 deep / M16-30 deep, evenly distributed

**Lubricating ports**  
 1 conical grease nipple on housing exterior, right side  
 3 conical grease nipples on housing exterior, left side  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

## Size WD-H 0300 / 2 drives



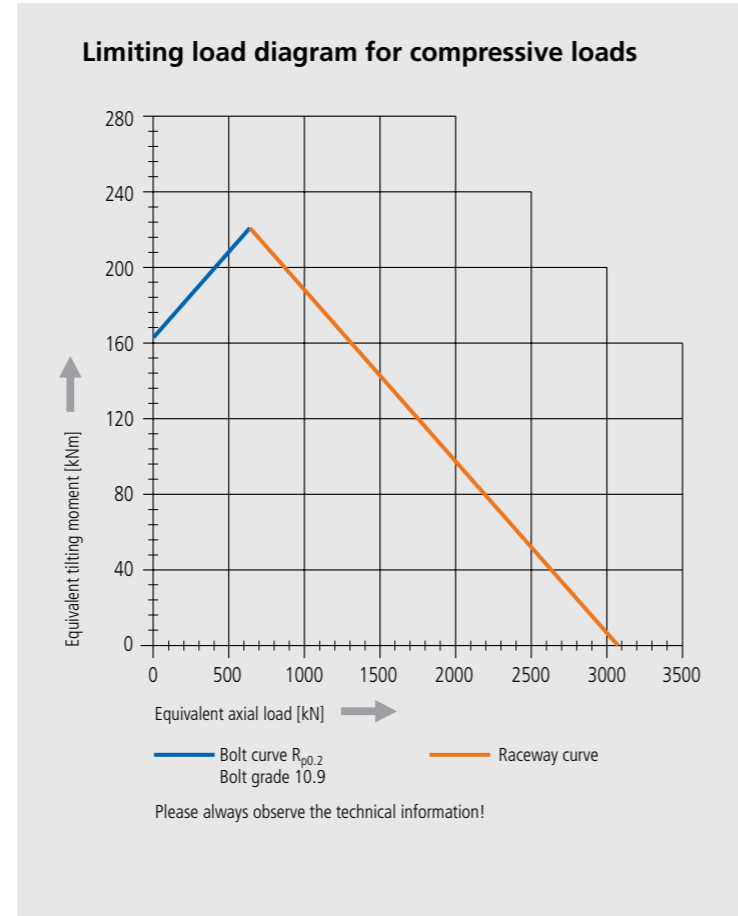
**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 24 drill holes M16-30 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 24 drill holes ø17-22 deep / M16-30 deep, evenly distributed

**Lubricating ports**  
 1 conical grease nipple on both left and right side of housing exterior  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

Drawing number WD-H 0300/3-00034				
Drawing number WD-H 0300/3-00002				
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	6	6
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	1	2
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	61	30.5
Self-locking gears			No**	No**
Max. torque $S_f = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	22360	22360
Nom. torque $S_w = 1$ at $n = 3 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	12600	14000
Max. holding torque* $S_{f5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	22360	22360
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	1506	1506
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	3074	3074
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	316	316
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	445	445
Weight, incl. 13 kg for hydraulic motor RE470		[kg]	167	167

\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.  
 Selection example:  
 Performance data with hydraulic motor RE470

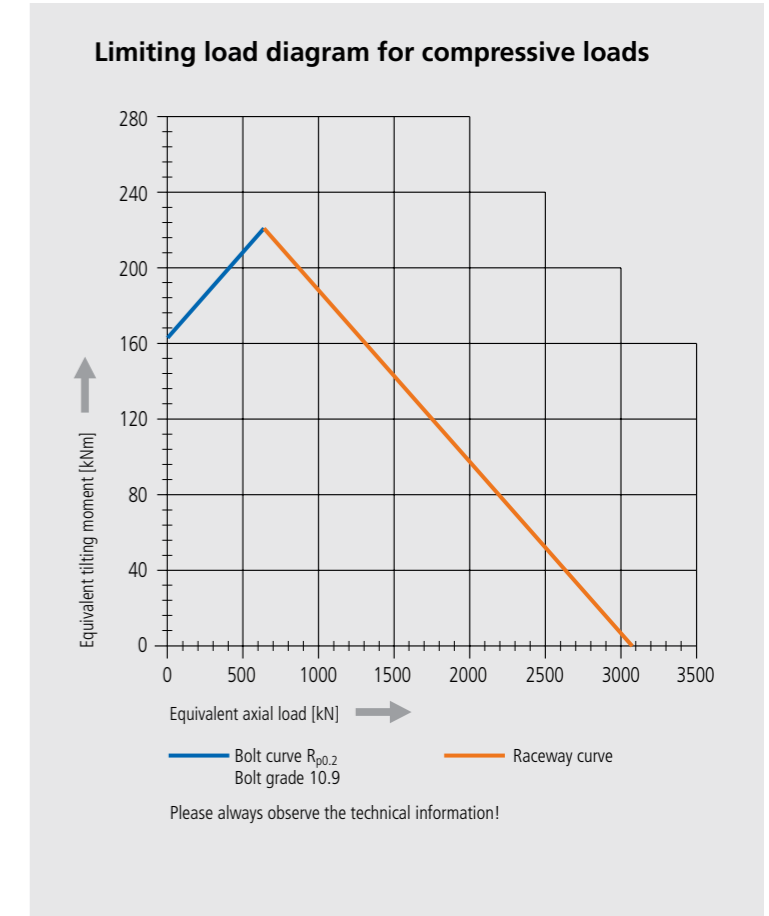
Pressure differential	<b>Δp</b>	[bar]	125	180
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	61	38
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	2	2
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	22360	22360



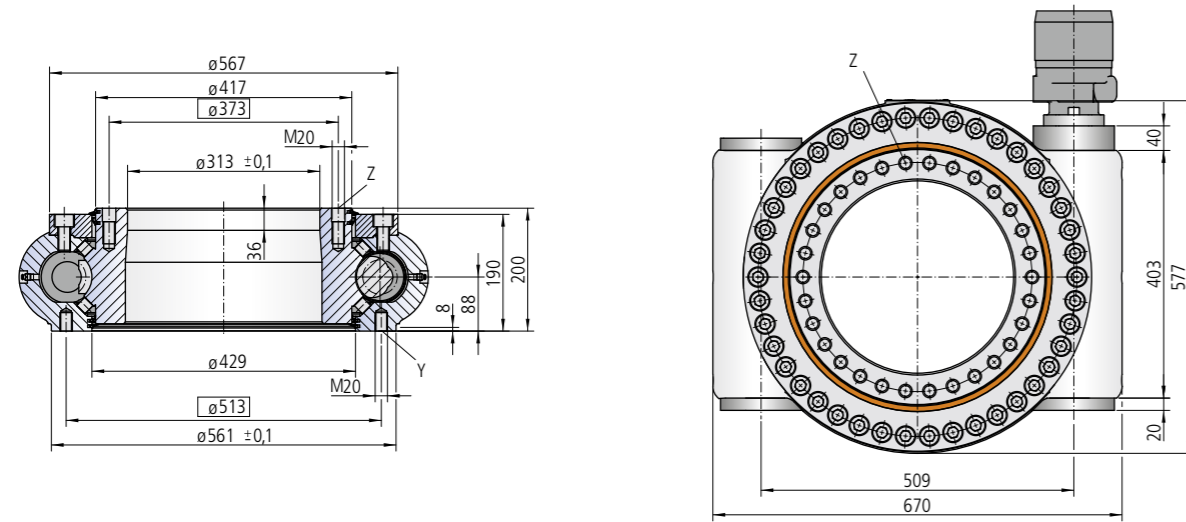
Drawing number WD-H 0300/3-00057				
Drawing number WD-H 0300/3-00025				
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	6	6
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	1	2
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	61	30.5
Self-locking gears			No**	No**
Max. torque $S_f = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	44720	44720
Nom. torque $S_w = 1$ at $n = 2 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	25200	28000
Max. holding torque* $S_{f5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	44720	44720
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	1506	1506
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	3074	3074
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	316	316
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	445	445
Weight, incl. 26 kg for 2 hydraulic motors RE470		[kg]	186	186

\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.  
 Selection example:  
 Performance data with two hydraulic motors RE470

Pressure differential	<b>Δp</b>	[bar]	125	180
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	122	76
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	2	2
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	44720	44720



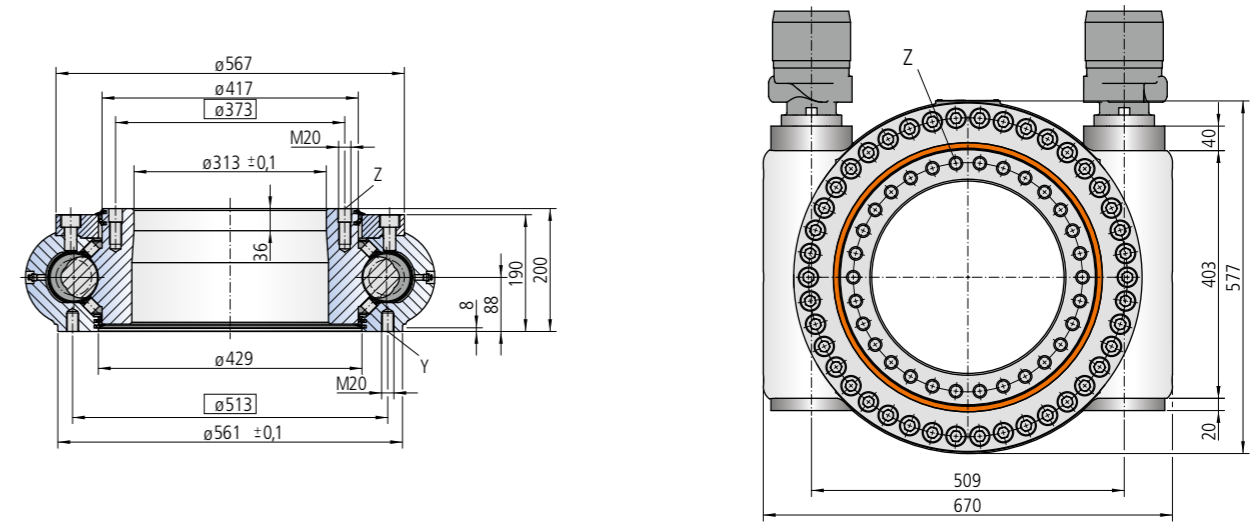
## Size WD-H 0373 / 1 drive



**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 32 drill holes M20-30 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 30 drill holes ø22-22 deep / M20-36 deep, evenly distributed

**Lubricating ports**  
 1 conical grease nipple on housing exterior, right side  
 3 conical grease nipples on housing exterior, left side  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

## Size WD-H 0373 / 2 drives



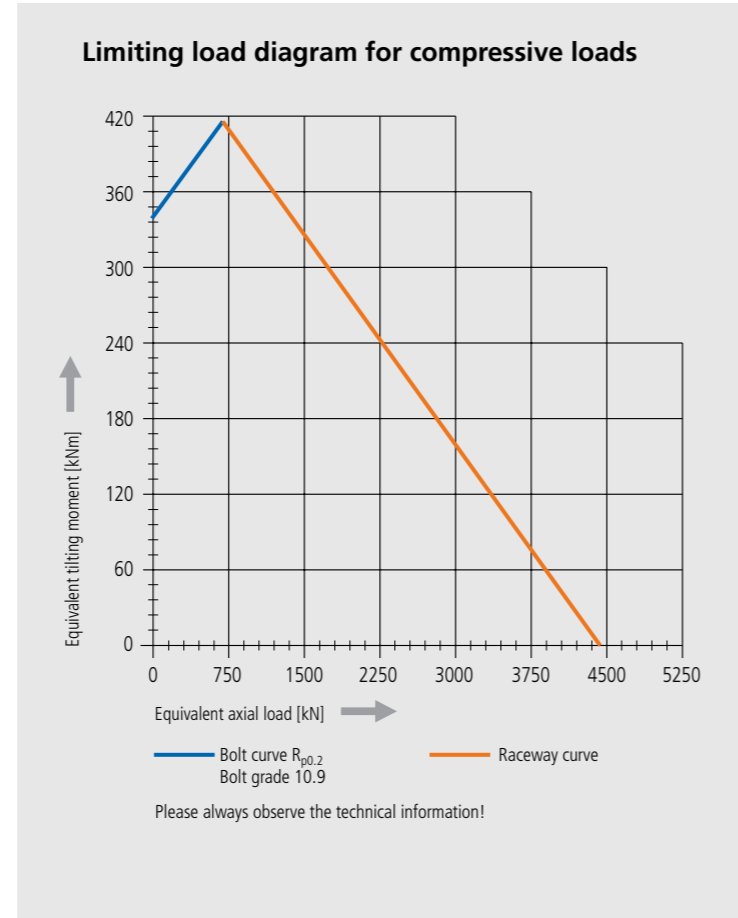
**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 32 drill holes M20-30 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 30 drill holes ø22-22 deep / M20-36 deep, evenly distributed

**Lubricating ports**  
 1 conical grease nipple on both left and right side of housing exterior  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

Drawing number WD-H 0373/3-00007				
Drawing number WD-H 0373/3-00039				
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	7	8
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	2	1
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	31.5	56
Self-locking gears			No**	No**
Max. torque $S_f = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	39215	47416
Nom. torque $S_w = 1$ at $n = 2 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	36000	35500
Max. holding torque* $S_{f5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	39215	47416
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	2185	2185
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	4458	4458
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	442	442
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	622	622
Weight, incl. 25 kg for hydraulic motor DT930		[kg]	285	285

\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.  
 Selection example:  
 Performance data with hydraulic motor DT930

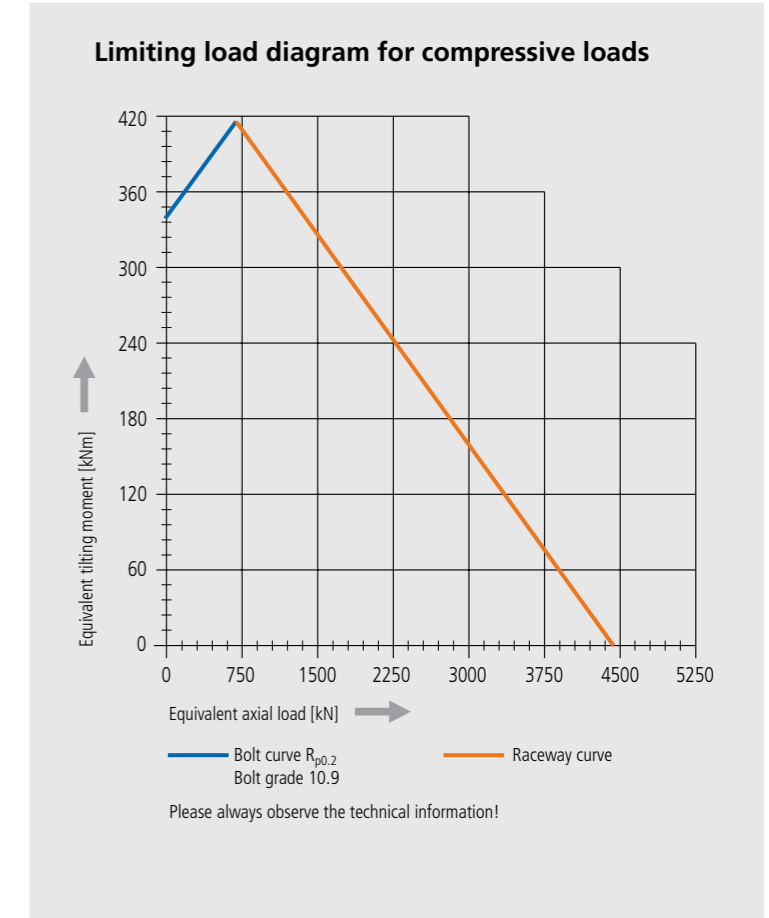
Pressure differential	<b>Δp</b>	[bar]	165	160
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	76	114
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	2	2
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	39215	47416



Drawing number WD-H 0373/3-00028				
Drawing number WD-H 0373/3-00040				
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	7	8
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	2	1
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	31.5	56
Self-locking gears			No**	No**
Max. torque $S_f = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	78430	94832
Nom. torque $S_w = 1$ at $n = 2 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	72000	71000
Max. holding torque* $S_{f5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	78430	94832
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	2185	2185
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	4458	4458
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	442	442
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	622	622
Weight, incl. 50 kg for 2 hydraulic motors DT930		[kg]	330	330

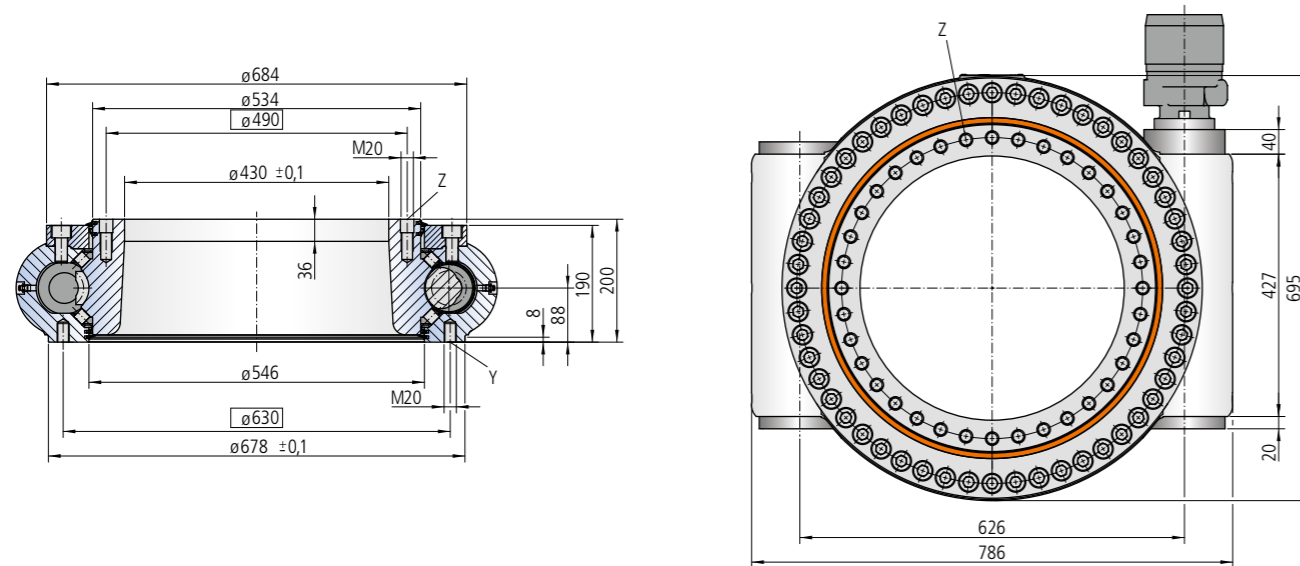
\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.  
 Selection example:  
 Performance data with two hydraulic motors DT930

Pressure differential	<b>Δp</b>	[bar]	165	160
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	152	228
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	2	2
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	78430	94832





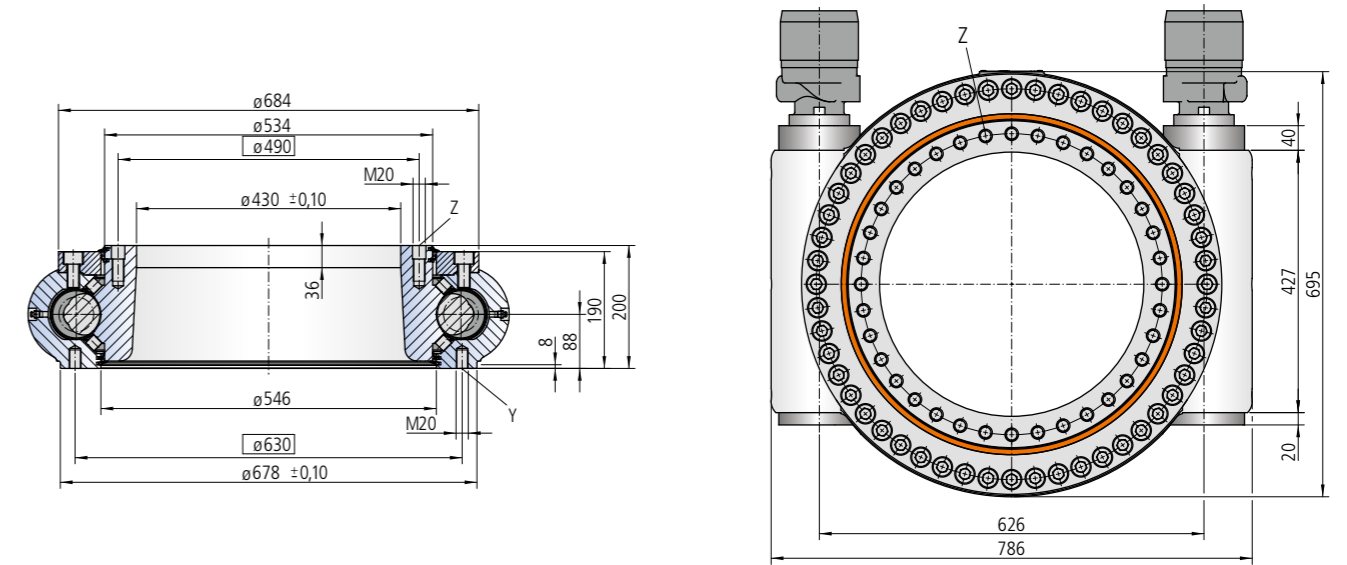
## Size WD-H 0490 / 1 drive



**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 36 drill holes M20-30 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 36 drill holes ø22-22 deep / M20-36 deep, evenly distributed

**Lubricating ports**  
 1 conical grease nipple on housing exterior, right side  
 3 conical grease nipples on housing exterior, left side  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

## Size WD-H 0490 / 2 drives



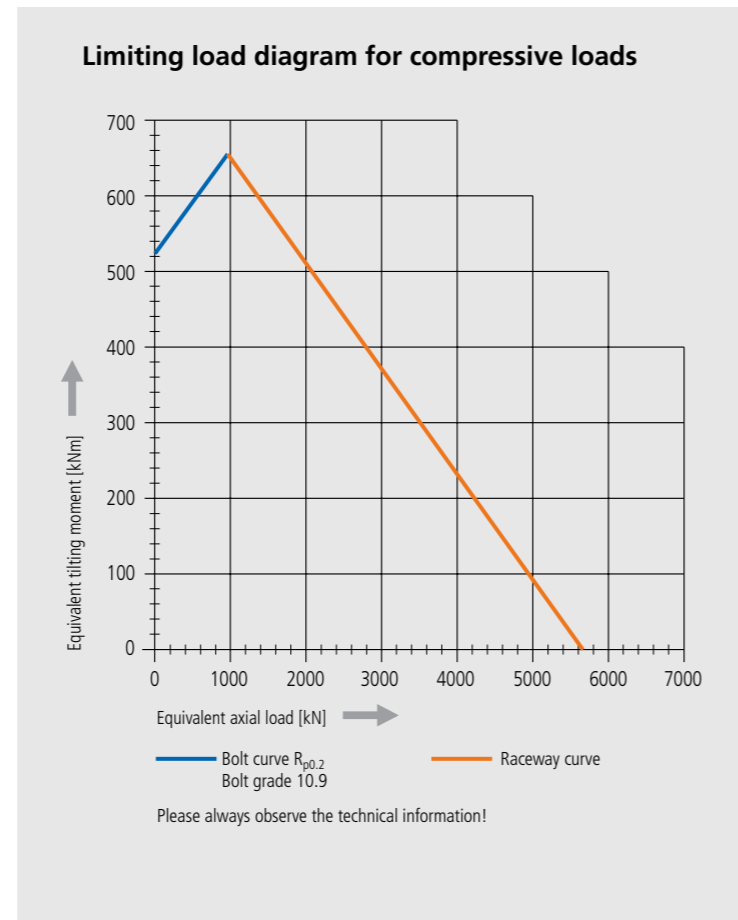
**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 36 drill holes M20-30 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 36 drill holes ø22-22 deep / M20-36 deep, evenly distributed

**Lubricating ports**  
 1 conical grease nipple on both left and right side of housing exterior  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

Drawing number WD-H 0490/3-00018				
Drawing number WD-H 0490/3-00024				
Module	m	[mm]	7	8
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	2	1
Gear ratio	i	[-]	40	70
Self-locking gears			No**	No**
Max. torque $S_f = 1$	$M_{d \max}$	[Nm]	49505	59799
Nom. torque $S_w = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	$M_{d \text{ nom}}$	[Nm]	49505	59799
Max. holding torque* $S_{f5} = 1$ (static)	$M_{h \max}$	[Nm]	49505	59799
Static load rating, radial	$C_{o \text{ rad}}$	[kN]	2775	2775
Static load rating, axial	$C_{o \text{ ax}}$	[kN]	5662	5662
Dynamic load rating, radial	$C_{\text{rad}}$	[kN]	502	502
Dynamic load rating, axial	$C_{\text{ax}}$	[kN]	707	707
Weight, incl. 25 kg for hydraulic motor DT930		[kg]	347	347

\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.  
 Selection example:  
 Performance data with hydraulic motor DT930

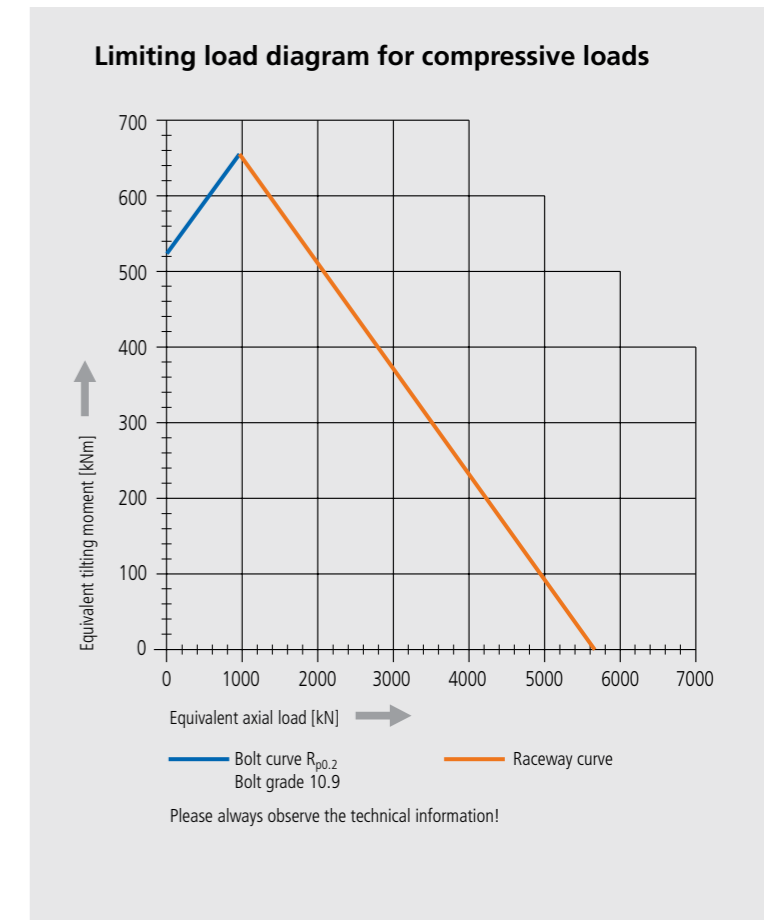
Pressure differential	$\Delta p$	[bar]	155	145
Oil flow	Q	[l/min]	50	74
Output speed	n	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1	1
Max. achievable torque	$M_d$	[Nm]	49505	59799



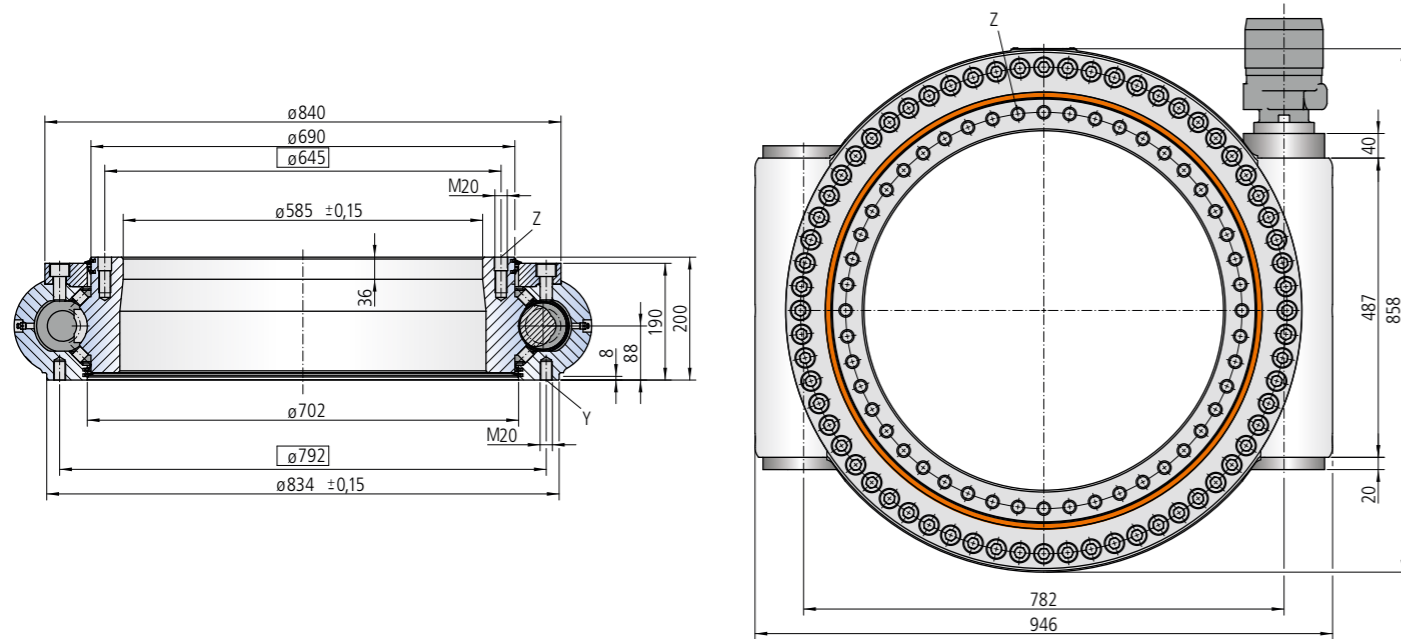
Drawing number WD-H 0490/3-00005				
Drawing number WD-H 0490/3-00025				
Module	m	[mm]	7	8
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	2	1
Gear ratio	i	[-]	40	70
Self-locking gears			No**	No**
Max. torque $S_f = 1$	$M_{d \max}$	[Nm]	99010	119598
Nom. torque $S_w = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	$M_{d \text{ nom}}$	[Nm]	99010	119598
Max. holding torque* $S_{f5} = 1$ (static)	$M_{h \max}$	[Nm]	99010	119598
Static load rating, radial	$C_{o \text{ rad}}$	[kN]	2775	2775
Static load rating, axial	$C_{o \text{ ax}}$	[kN]	5662	5662
Dynamic load rating, radial	$C_{\text{rad}}$	[kN]	502	502
Dynamic load rating, axial	$C_{\text{ax}}$	[kN]	707	707
Weight, incl. 50 kg for 2 hydraulic motors DT930		[kg]	394	394

\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.  
 Selection example:  
 Performance data with two hydraulic motors DT930

Pressure differential	$\Delta p$	[bar]	155	145
Oil flow	Q	[l/min]	100	148
Output speed	n	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1	1
Max. achievable torque	$M_d$	[Nm]	99010	119598



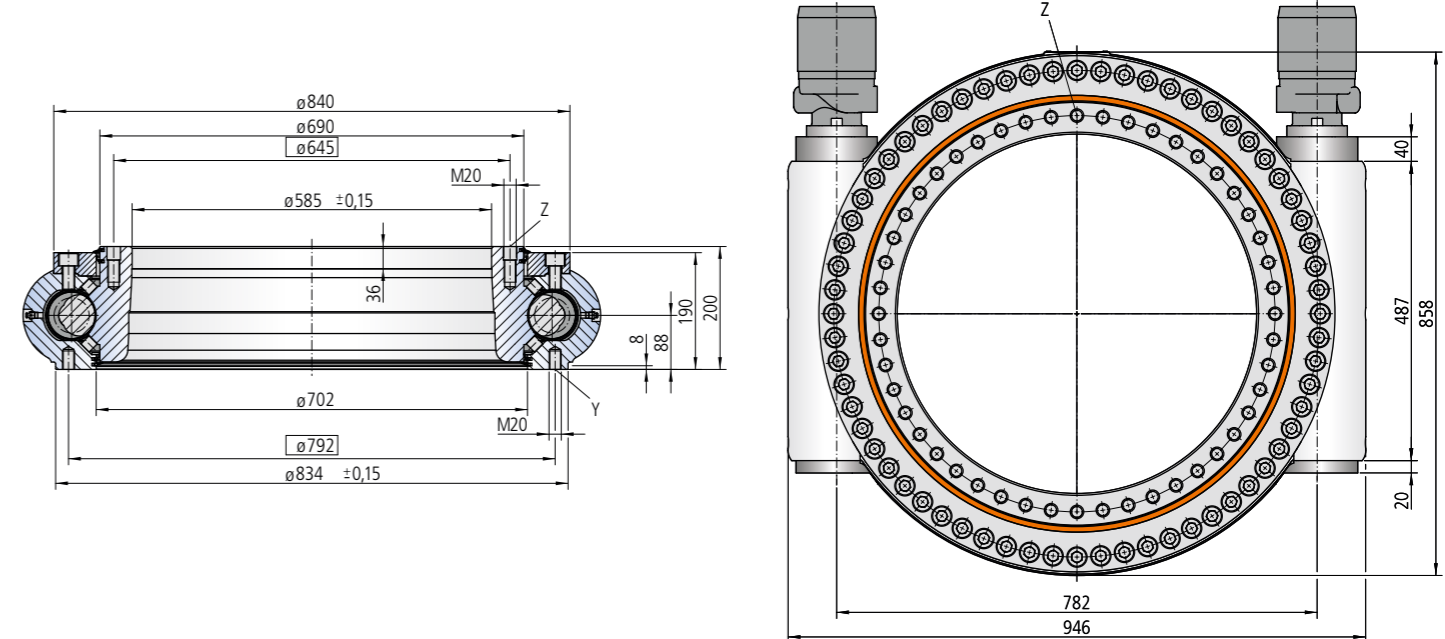
## Size WD-H 0645 / 1 drive



**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 48 drill holes M20-30 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 48 drill holes ø22-22 deep / M20-36 deep, evenly distributed

**Lubricating ports**  
 1 conical grease nipple on housing exterior, right side  
 3 conical grease nipples on housing exterior, left side  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

## Size WD-H 0645 / 2 drives



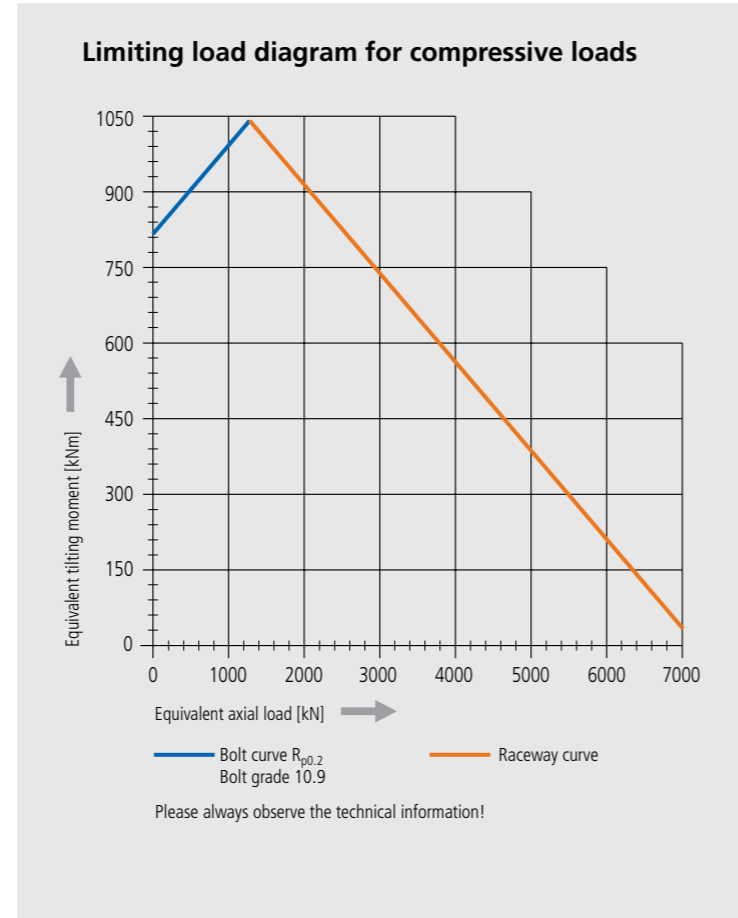
**Mounting holes**  
 Y = 48 drill holes M20-30 deep, evenly distributed  
 Z = 48 drill holes ø22-22 deep / M20-36 deep, evenly distributed

**Lubricating ports**  
 1 conical grease nipple on both left and right side of housing exterior  
 Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

Drawing number WD-H 0645/3-00014				
Drawing number WD-H 0645/3-00020				
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	7	8
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	2	1
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	51	90
Self-locking gears			No**	No**
Max. torque $S_f = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	63220	76310
Nom. torque $S_w = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	63220	76310
Max. holding torque* $S_{f5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	63220	76310
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	3528	3528
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	7199	7199
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	570	570
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	803	803
Weight, incl. 25 kg for hydraulic motor DT930		[kg]	430	430

\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.  
 Selection example:  
 Performance data with hydraulic motor DT930

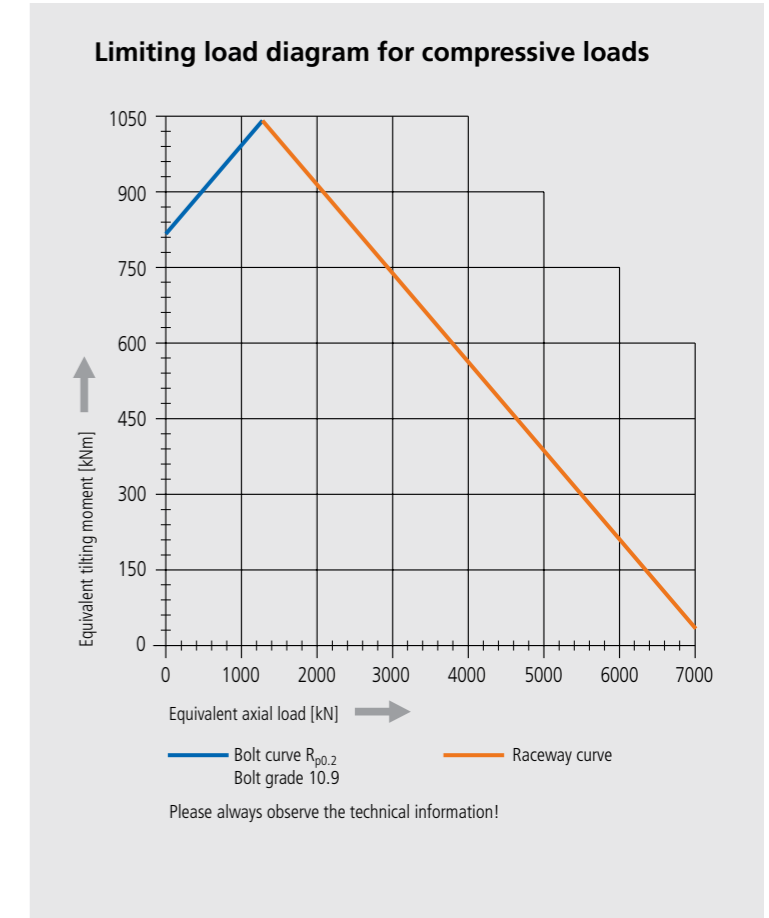
Pressure differential	<b>Δp</b>	[bar]	160	150
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	63	95
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1	1
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	63220	76310



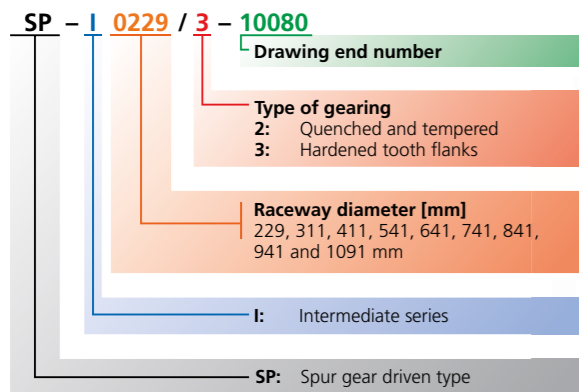
Drawing number WD-H 0645/3-00001				
Drawing number WD-H 0645/3-00021				
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	7	8
Number of threads of the worm		[-]	2	1
Gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	51	90
Self-locking gears			No**	No**
Max. torque $S_f = 1$	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	126440	152610
Nom. torque $S_w = 1$ at $n = 1 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	126440	152610
Max. holding torque* $S_{f5} = 1$ (static)	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	126440	152610
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	3528	3528
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	7199	7199
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	570	570
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	803	803
Weight, incl. 50 kg for 2 hydraulic motors DT930		[kg]	516	516

\* Optionally with brake  
 \*\* See: Technical Information, section *Self-locking*  
 The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.  
 Selection example:  
 Performance data with two hydraulic motors DT930

Pressure differential	<b>Δp</b>	[bar]	160	150
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	126	190
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	1	1
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	126440	152610

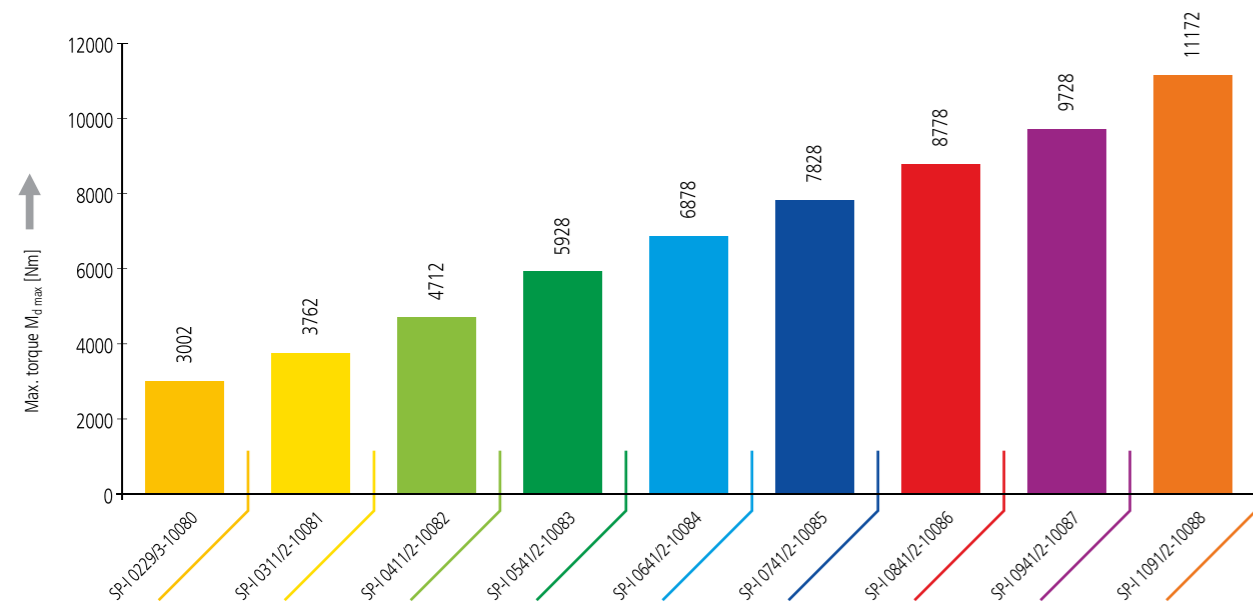


## SP-I series overview



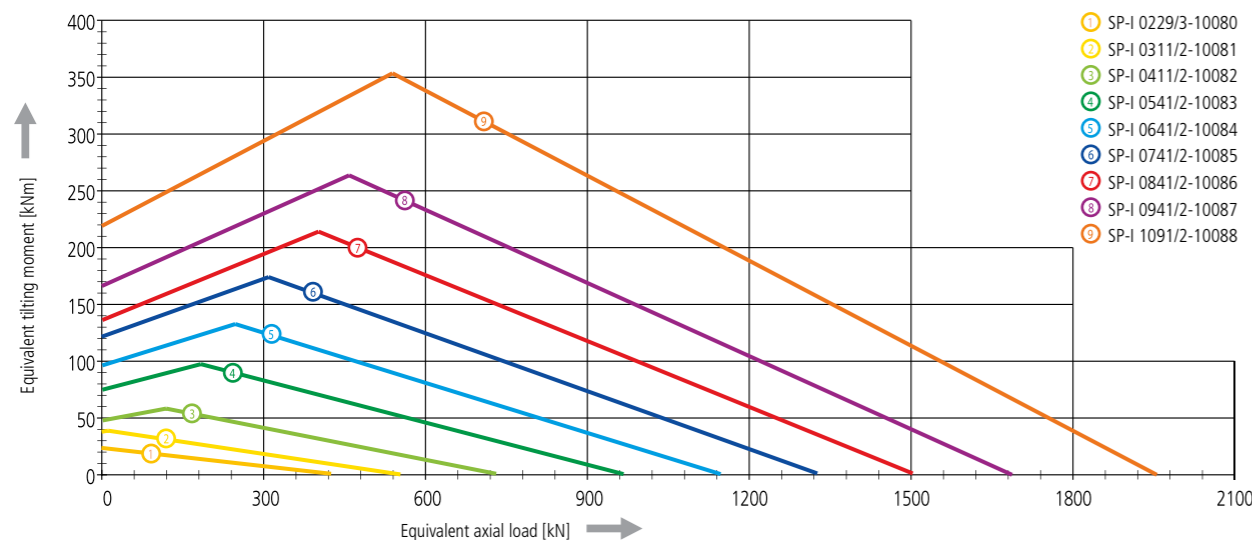
### Maximum torque $M_{d \max}$ of the individual sizes

CAUTION: The duty per minute is limited.  
Please always observe the explanations in the Technical Information section (from page 60).

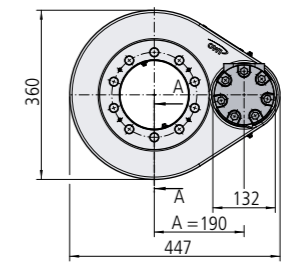
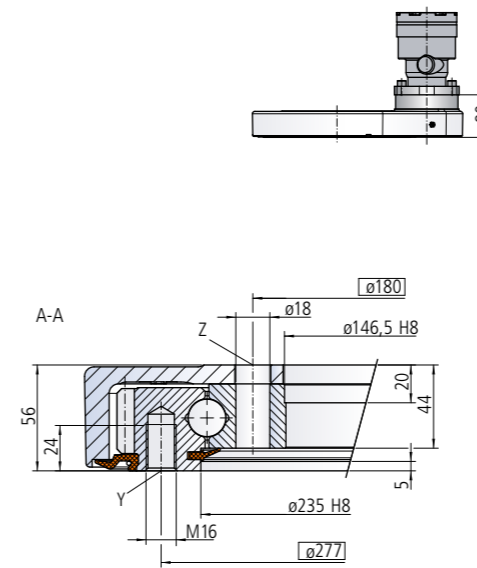


### Limiting load diagrams of the individual sizes for compressive loads

Please always observe the explanations in the Technical Information section (from page 60).



## Size SP-I 0229



The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 229$ .

The seal must be supported by the mounting structure to at least  $\phi 353$ , in order to guarantee the full sealing effect.  
A recess in the mounting structure of 10 mm above the housing is recommended.

**Mounting holes**  
Y = 12 drill holes M16-24 deep, evenly distributed  
Z = 10 drill holes  $\phi 18$ , evenly distributed

**Lubricating ports**  
2 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

Drawing number SP-I 0229/3-10080		
Module	<b>m</b> [mm]	4
Number of teeth, wheel	<b>z<sub>2</sub></b> [-]	79
Number of teeth, pinion	<b>z<sub>1</sub></b> [-]	15
Overall gear ratio	<b>i</b> [-]	5.27
Max. torque	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b> [Nm]	3002
Nom. torque $S_p = 1$ at $n = 5 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b> [Nm]	2607
Max. holding torque*	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b> [Nm]	3002
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b> [kN]	159
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b> [kN]	426
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b> [kN]	151
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b> [kN]	176
Weight, incl. 12 kg for hydraulic motor RE300	[kg]	46

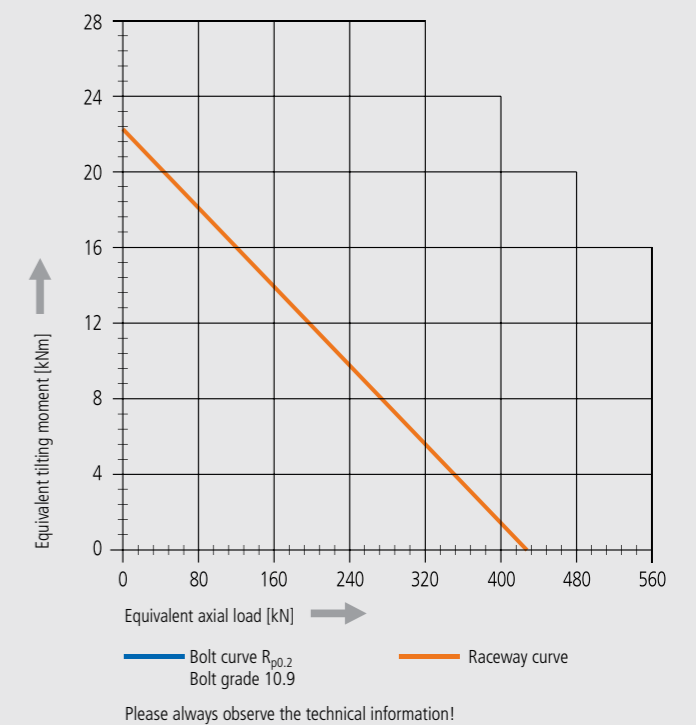
\* Optionally with brake

The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.

Selection example:  
Performance data with hydraulic motor RE300

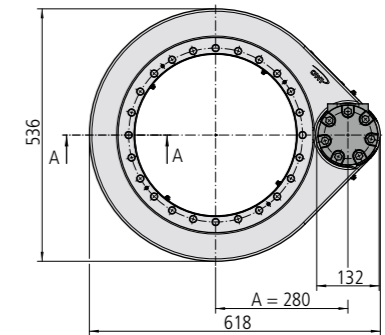
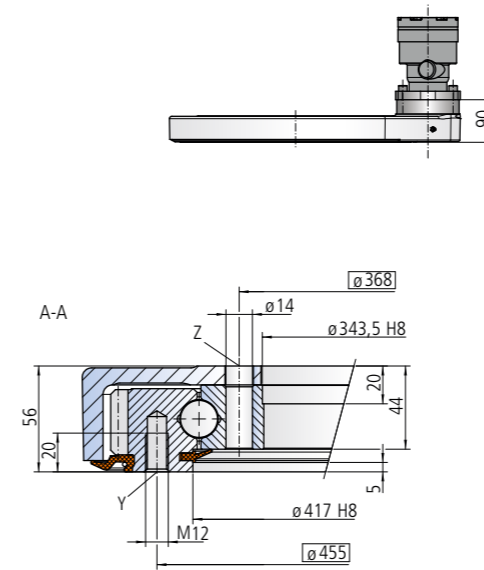
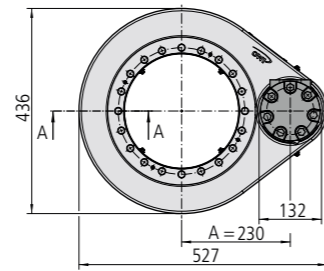
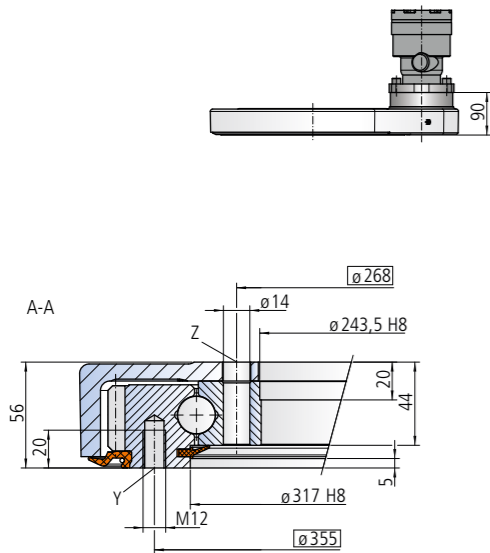
Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b> [bar]	150
Oil flow	<b>Q</b> [l/min]	13
Output speed	<b>n</b> [min <sup>-1</sup> ]	5
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b> [Nm]	3002

### Limiting load diagram for compressive loads



## Size SP-I 0311

## Size SP-I 0411



The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 311$ .

The seal must be supported by the mounting structure to at least  $\phi 431$ , in order to guarantee the full sealing effect.  
A recess in the mounting structure of 10 mm above the housing is recommended.

### Mounting holes

Y = 20 drill holes M12-20 deep, evenly distributed  
Z = 20 drill holes  $\phi 14$ , evenly distributed

### Lubricating ports

4 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 411$ .

The seal must be supported by the mounting structure to at least  $\phi 531$ , in order to guarantee the full sealing effect.  
A recess in the mounting structure of 10 mm above the housing is recommended.

### Mounting holes

Y = 20 drill holes M12-20 deep, evenly distributed  
Z = 24 drill holes  $\phi 14$ , evenly distributed

### Lubricating ports

4 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

Drawing number SP-I 0311/2-10081			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	4
Number of teeth, wheel	<b>z<sub>2</sub></b>	[-]	99
Number of teeth, pinion	<b>z<sub>1</sub></b>	[-]	15
Overall gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	6.60
Max. torque	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	3762
Nom. torque $S_F = 1$ at $n = 5 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	2653
Max. holding torque*	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	3762
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	208
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	557
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	172
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	200
Weight, incl. 12 kg for hydraulic motor RE300		[kg]	50

\* Optionally with brake

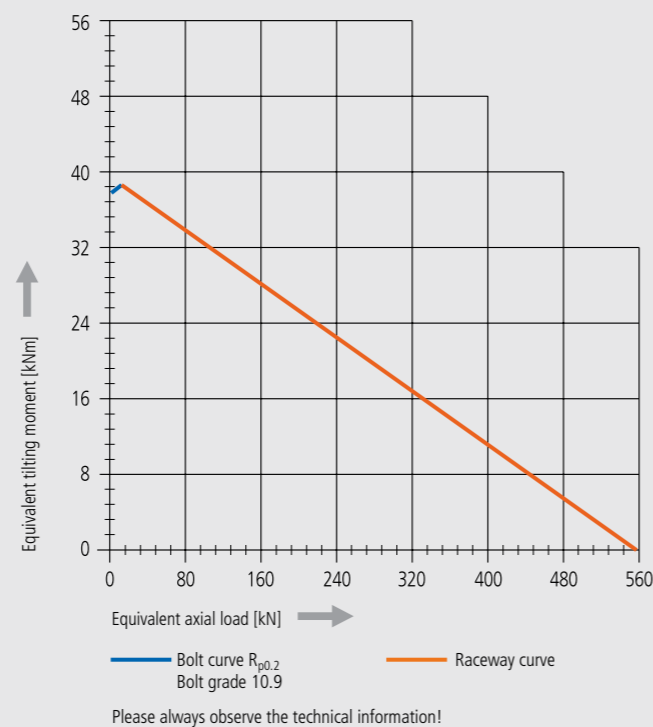
The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.

Selection example:

Performance data with hydraulic motor RE300

Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	150
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	15
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	5
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	3762

### Limiting load diagram for compressive loads



Drawing number SP-I 0411/2-10082			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	4
Number of teeth, wheel	<b>z<sub>2</sub></b>	[-]	124
Number of teeth, pinion	<b>z<sub>1</sub></b>	[-]	15
Overall gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	8.27
Max. torque	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	4712
Nom. torque $S_F = 1$ at $n = 5 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	3348
Max. holding torque*	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	4712
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	275
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	736
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	190
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	222
Weight, incl. 12 kg for hydraulic motor RE300		[kg]	59

\* Optionally with brake

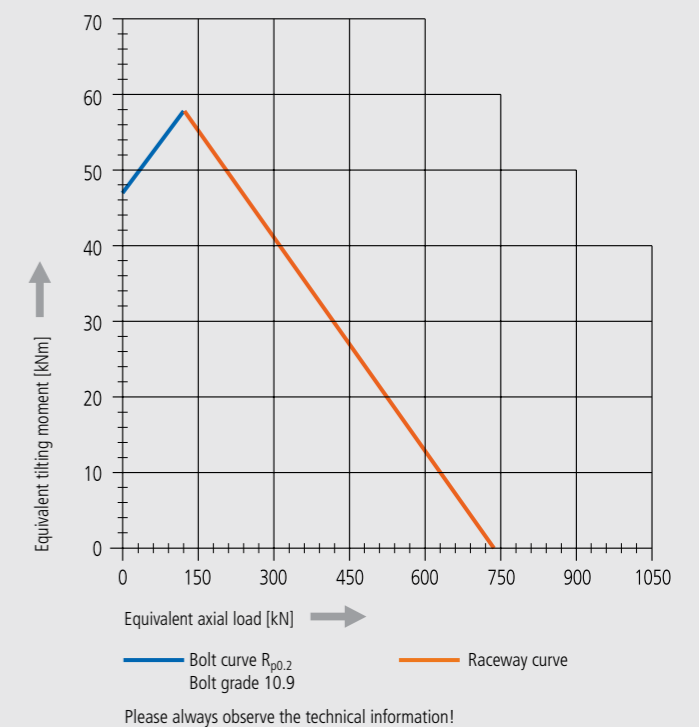
The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.

Selection example:

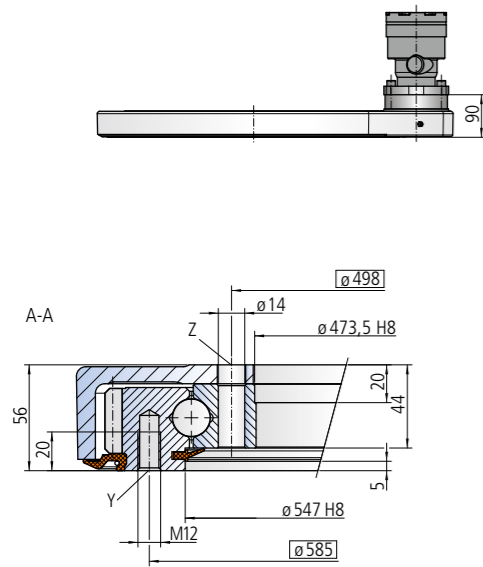
Performance data with hydraulic motor RE300

Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	150
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	17
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	5
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	4712

### Limiting load diagram for compressive loads

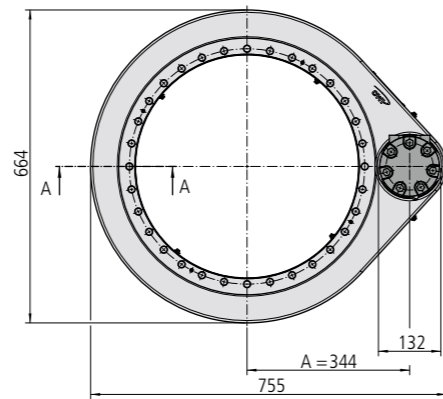


## Size SP-I 0541



The mounting structure must support the housing to at least ø541.

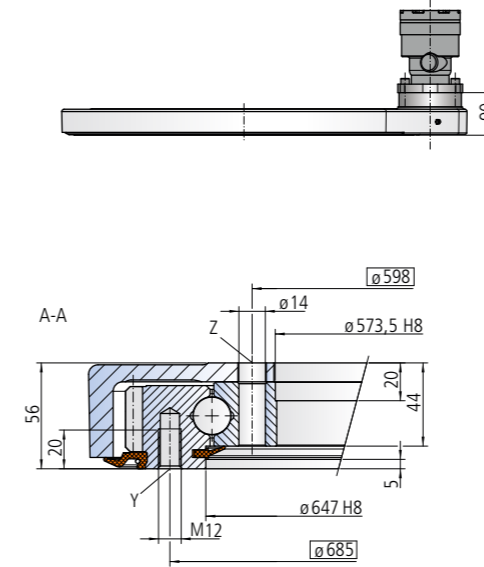
The seal must be supported by the mounting structure to at least ø661, in order to guarantee the full sealing effect.  
A recess in the mounting structure of 10 mm above the housing is recommended.



**Mounting holes**  
Y = 28 drill holes M12-20 deep, evenly distributed  
Z = 32 drill holes ø14, evenly distributed

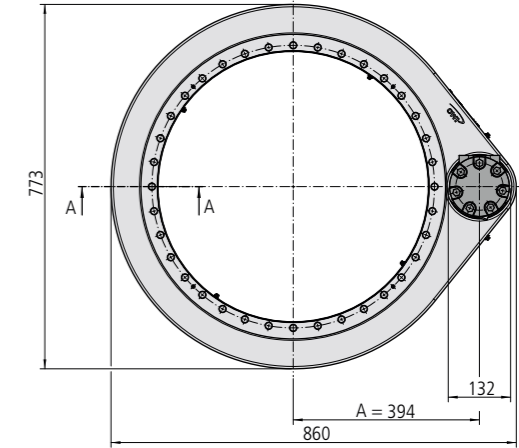
**Lubricating ports**  
4 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

## Size SP-I 0641



The mounting structure must support the housing to at least ø641.

The seal must be supported by the mounting structure to at least ø761, in order to guarantee the full sealing effect.  
A recess in the mounting structure of 10 mm above the housing is recommended.



**Mounting holes**  
Y = 32 drill holes M12-20 deep, evenly distributed  
Z = 36 drill holes ø14, evenly distributed

**Lubricating ports**  
4 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

Drawing number SP-I 0541/2-10083			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	4
Number of teeth, wheel	<b>z<sub>2</sub></b>	[-]	156
Number of teeth, pinion	<b>z<sub>1</sub></b>	[-]	15
Overall gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	10.4
Max. torque	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	5928
Nom. torque <i>S<sub>p</sub> = 1 at n = 5 min<sup>-1</sup></i>	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	4243
Max. holding torque*	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	5928
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	362
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	970
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	212
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	248
Weight, incl. 12 kg for hydraulic motor RE300		[kg]	72

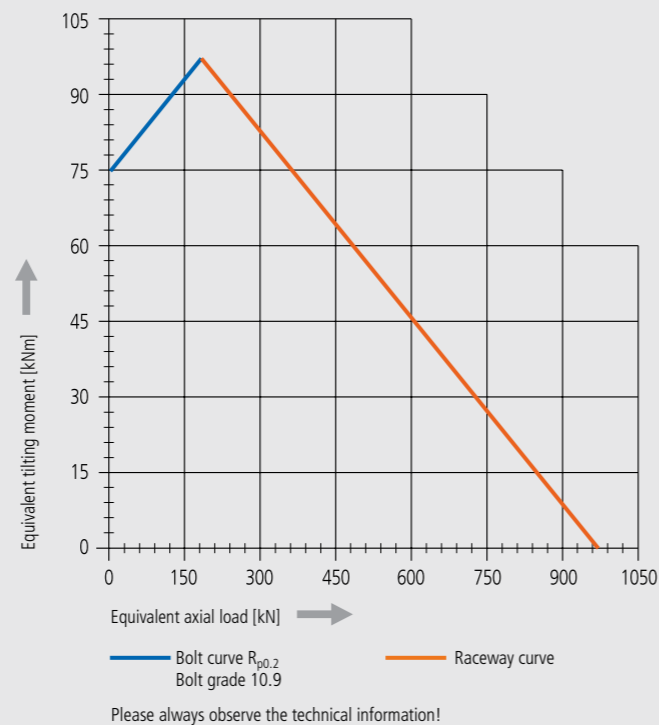
\* Optionally with brake

The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.

Selection example:  
Performance data with hydraulic motor RE300

Pressure differential	<b>Δp</b>	[bar]	150
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	21
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	5
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	5928

### Limiting load diagram for compressive loads



Drawing number SP-I 0641/2-10084			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	4
Number of teeth, wheel	<b>z<sub>2</sub></b>	[-]	181
Number of teeth, pinion	<b>z<sub>1</sub></b>	[-]	15
Overall gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	12.07
Max. torque	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	6878
Nom. torque <i>S<sub>p</sub> = 1 at n = 5 min<sup>-1</sup></i>	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	4921
Max. holding torque*	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	6878
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	429
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	1149
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	226
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	264
Weight, incl. 12 kg for hydraulic motor RE300		[kg]	84

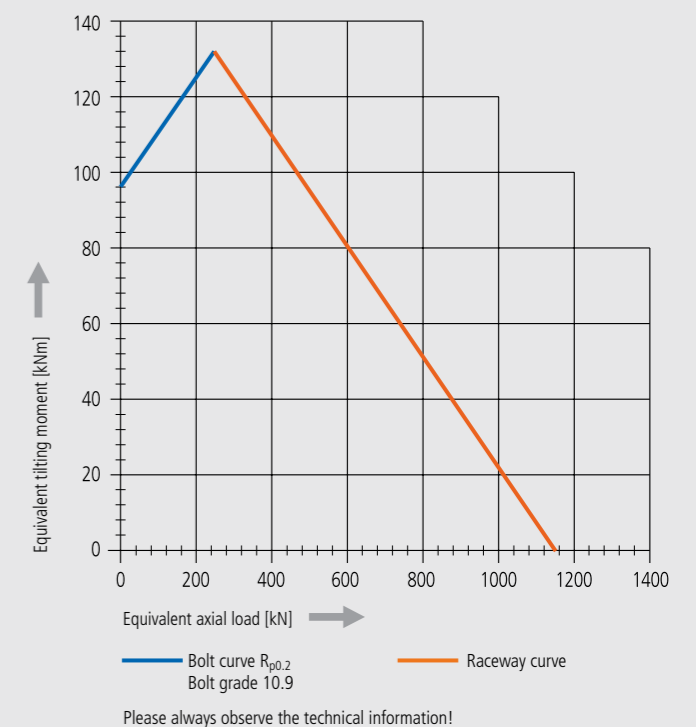
\* Optionally with brake

The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.

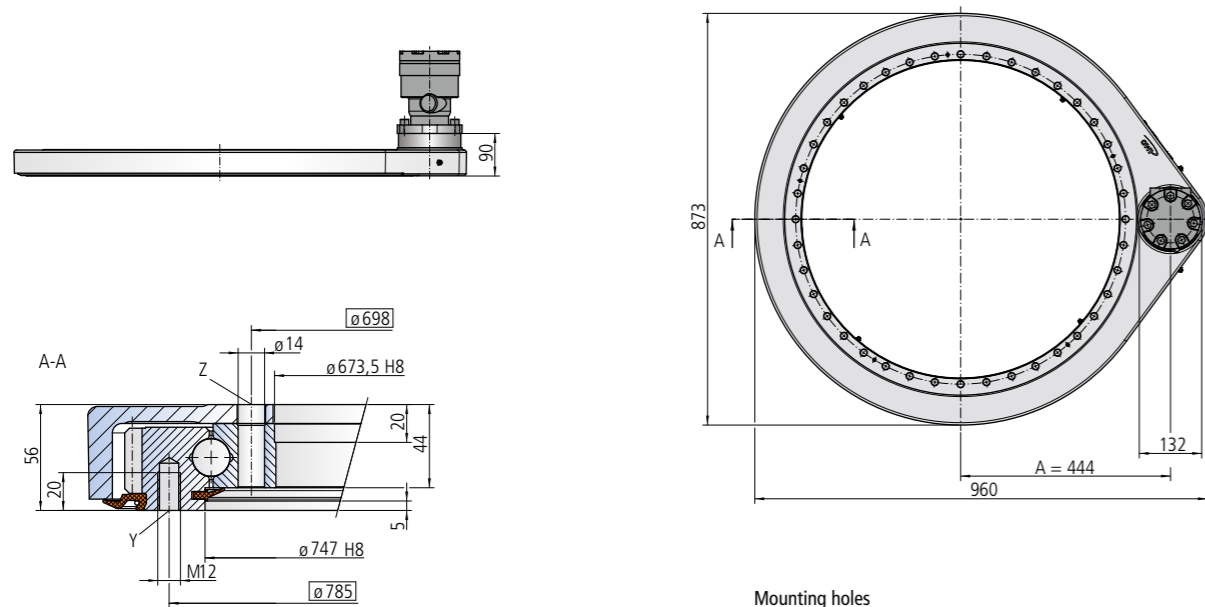
Selection example:  
Performance data with hydraulic motor RE300

Pressure differential	<b>Δp</b>	[bar]	155
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	23
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	5
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	6878

### Limiting load diagram for compressive loads



## Size SP-I 0741



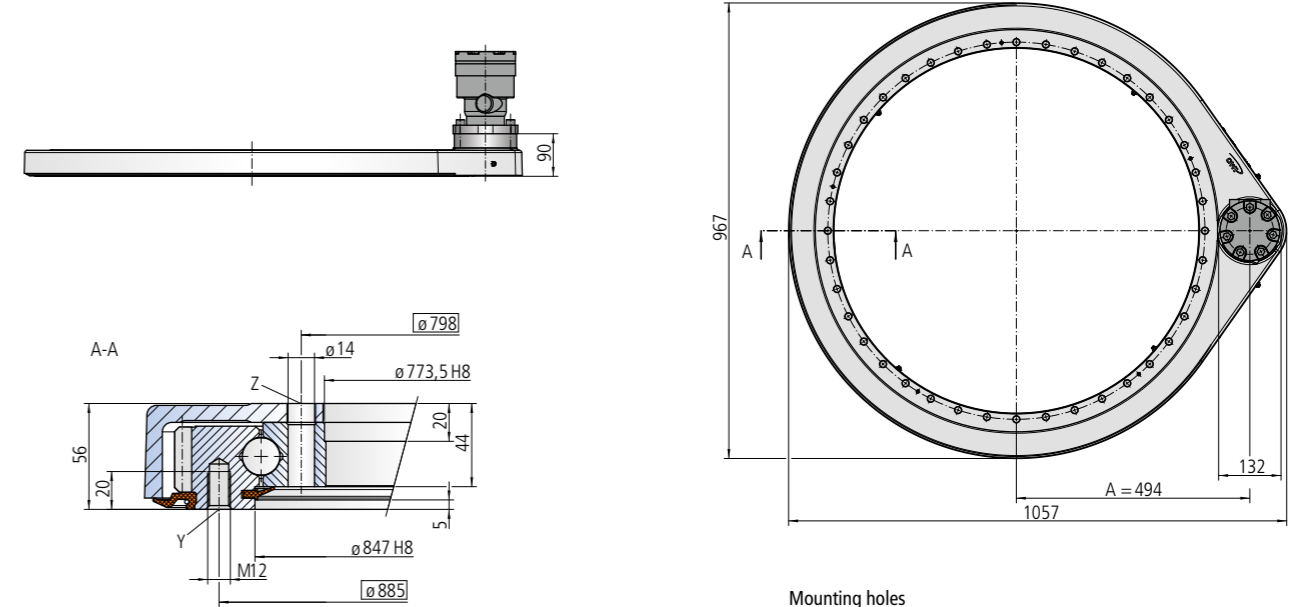
The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\varnothing 741$ .

The seal must be supported by the mounting structure to at least  $\varnothing 861$ , in order to guarantee the full sealing effect.  
A recess in the mounting structure of 10 mm above the housing is recommended.

**Mounting holes**  
Y = 36 drill holes M12-20 deep, evenly distributed  
Z = 40 drill holes  $\varnothing 14$ , evenly distributed

**Lubricating ports**  
4 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

## Size SP-I 0841



The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\varnothing 841$ .

The seal must be supported by the mounting structure to at least  $\varnothing 961$ , in order to guarantee the full sealing effect.  
A recess in the mounting structure of 10 mm above the housing is recommended.

**Mounting holes**  
Y = 36 drill holes M12-20 deep, evenly distributed  
Z = 40 drill holes  $\varnothing 14$ , evenly distributed

**Lubricating ports**  
4 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

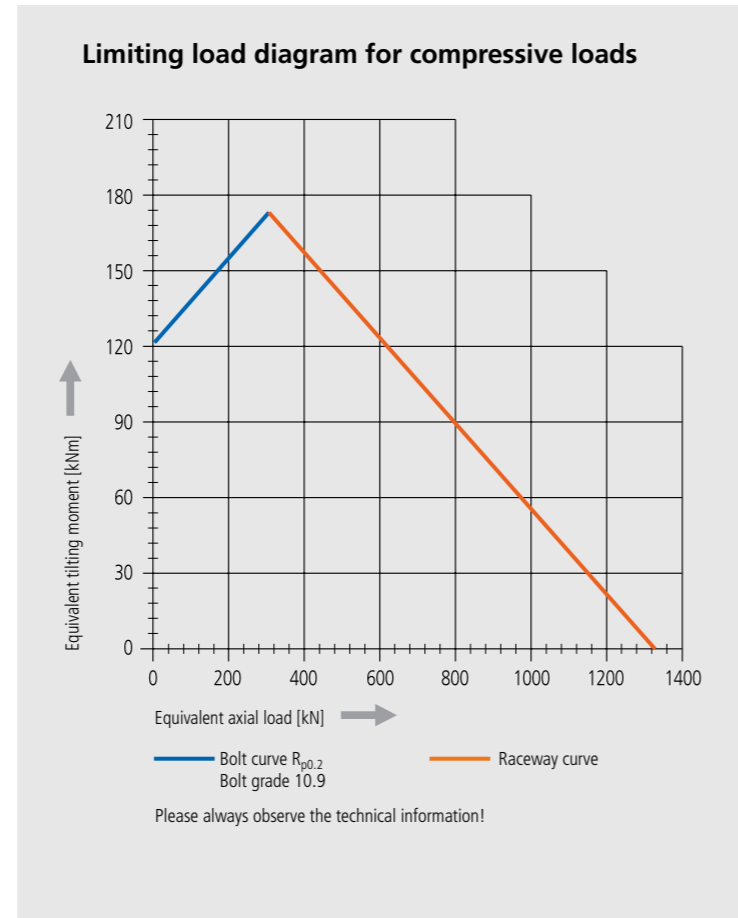
Drawing number SP-I 0741/2-10085			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	4
Number of teeth, wheel	<b>z<sub>2</sub></b>	[-]	206
Number of teeth, pinion	<b>z<sub>1</sub></b>	[-]	15
Overall gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	13.73
Max. torque	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	7828
Nom. torque $S_F = 1$ at $n = 5 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	5644
Max. holding torque*	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	7828
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	496
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	1329
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	238
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	278
Weight, incl. 12 kg for hydraulic motor RE300		[kg]	95

\* Optionally with brake

The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.

Selection example:  
Performance data with hydraulic motor RE300

Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	155
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	25
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	5
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	7828



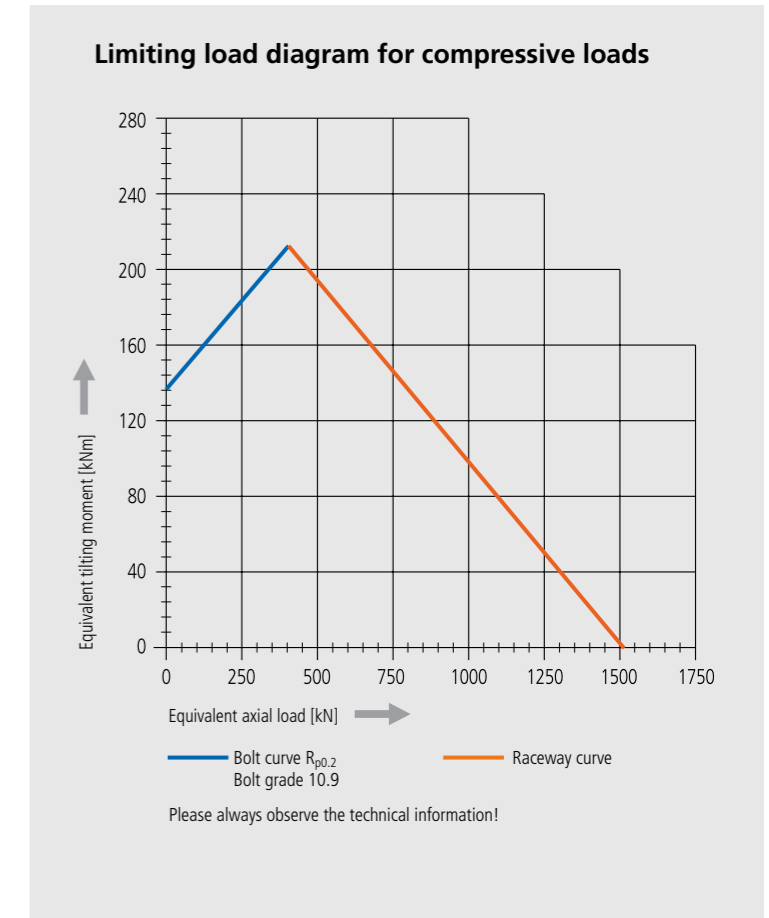
Drawing number SP-I 0841/2-10086			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	4
Number of teeth, wheel	<b>z<sub>2</sub></b>	[-]	231
Number of teeth, pinion	<b>z<sub>1</sub></b>	[-]	15
Overall gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	15.4
Max. torque	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	8778
Nom. torque $S_F = 1$ at $n = 5 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	6329
Max. holding torque*	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	8778
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	563
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	1508
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	250
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	293
Weight, incl. 12 kg for hydraulic motor RE300		[kg]	102

\* Optionally with brake

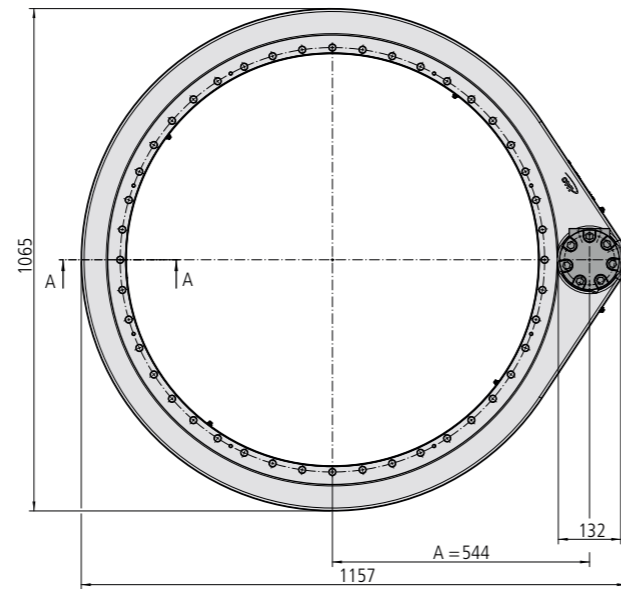
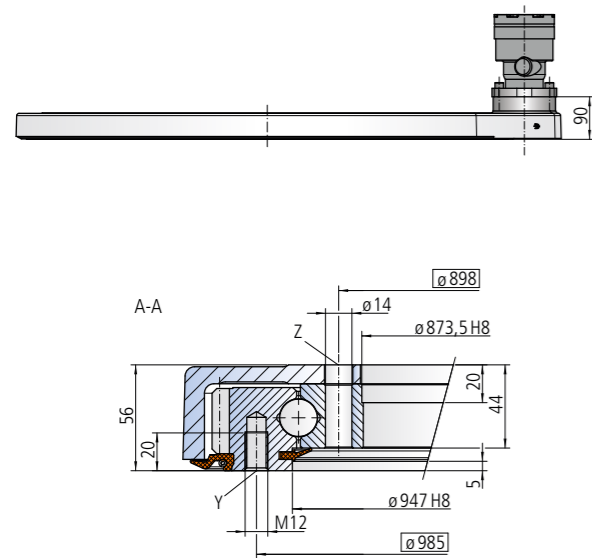
The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.

Selection example:  
Performance data with hydraulic motor RE300

Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	155
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	28
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	5
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	8778



## Size SP-I 0941



### Mounting holes

Y = 40 drill holes M12-20 deep, evenly distributed  
Z = 44 drill holes  $\phi 14$ , evenly distributed

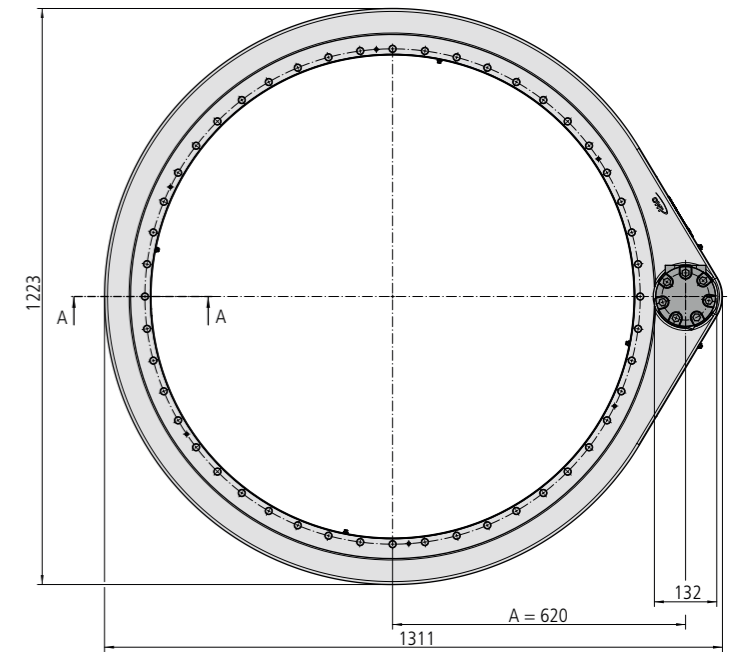
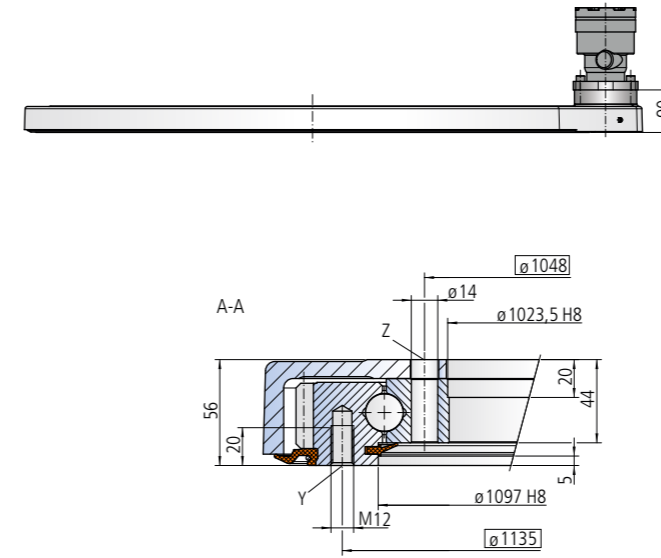
### Lubricating ports

4 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 941$ .

The seal must be supported by the mounting structure to at least  $\phi 1061$ , in order to guarantee the full sealing effect.  
A recess in the mounting structure of 10 mm above the housing is recommended.

## Size SP-I 1091



### Mounting holes

Y = 44 drill holes M12-20 deep, evenly distributed  
Z = 48 drill holes  $\phi 14$ , evenly distributed

### Lubricating ports

4 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 1091$ .

The seal must be supported by the mounting structure to at least  $\phi 1213$ , in order to guarantee the full sealing effect.  
A recess in the mounting structure of 10 mm above the housing is recommended.

Drawing number SP-I 0941/2-10087			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	4
Number of teeth, wheel	<b>z<sub>2</sub></b>	[-]	256
Number of teeth, pinion	<b>z<sub>1</sub></b>	[-]	15
Overall gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	17.07
Max. torque	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	9728
Nom. torque $S_F = 1$ at $n = 5 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	7040
Max. holding torque*	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	9728
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	630
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	1688
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	260
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	305
Weight, incl. 12 kg for hydraulic motor RE300		[kg]	115

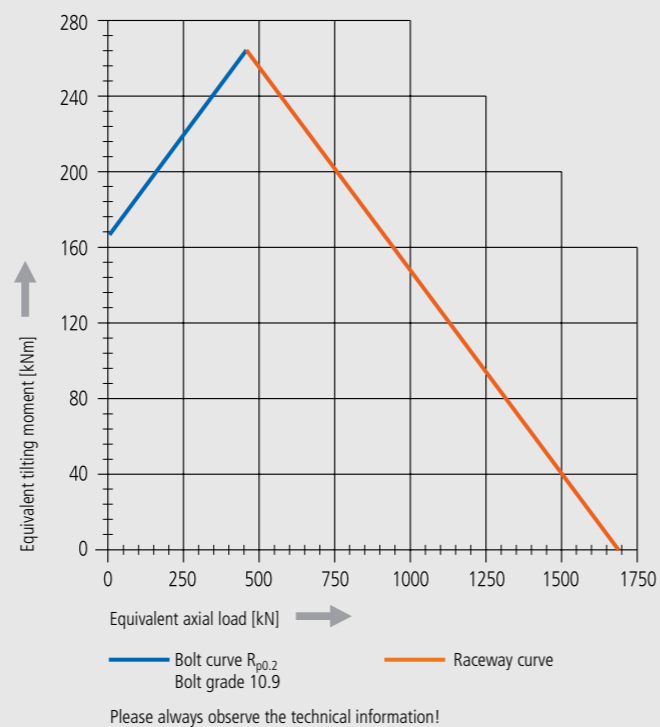
\* Optionally with brake

The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.

Selection example:  
Performance data with hydraulic motor RE300

Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	155
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	30
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	5
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	9728

### Limiting load diagram for compressive loads



Drawing number SP-I 1091/2-10088			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	4
Number of teeth, wheel	<b>z<sub>2</sub></b>	[-]	294
Number of teeth, pinion	<b>z<sub>1</sub></b>	[-]	15
Overall gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	19.6
Max. torque	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	11172
Nom. torque $S_F = 1$ at $n = 5 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	8085
Max. holding torque*	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	11172
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	731
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	1957
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	275
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	321
Weight, incl. 12 kg for hydraulic motor RE300		[kg]	127

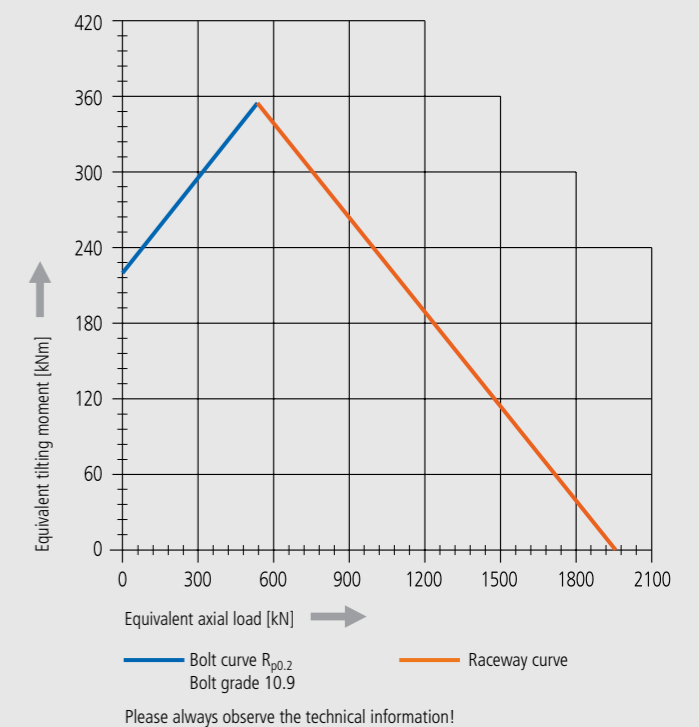
\* Optionally with brake

The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.

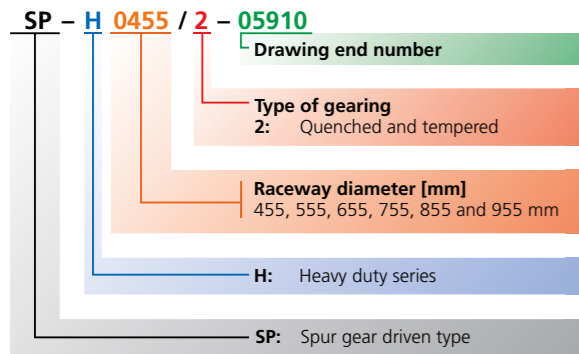
Selection example:  
Performance data with hydraulic motor RE300

Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	150
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	35
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	5
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	11172

### Limiting load diagram for compressive loads

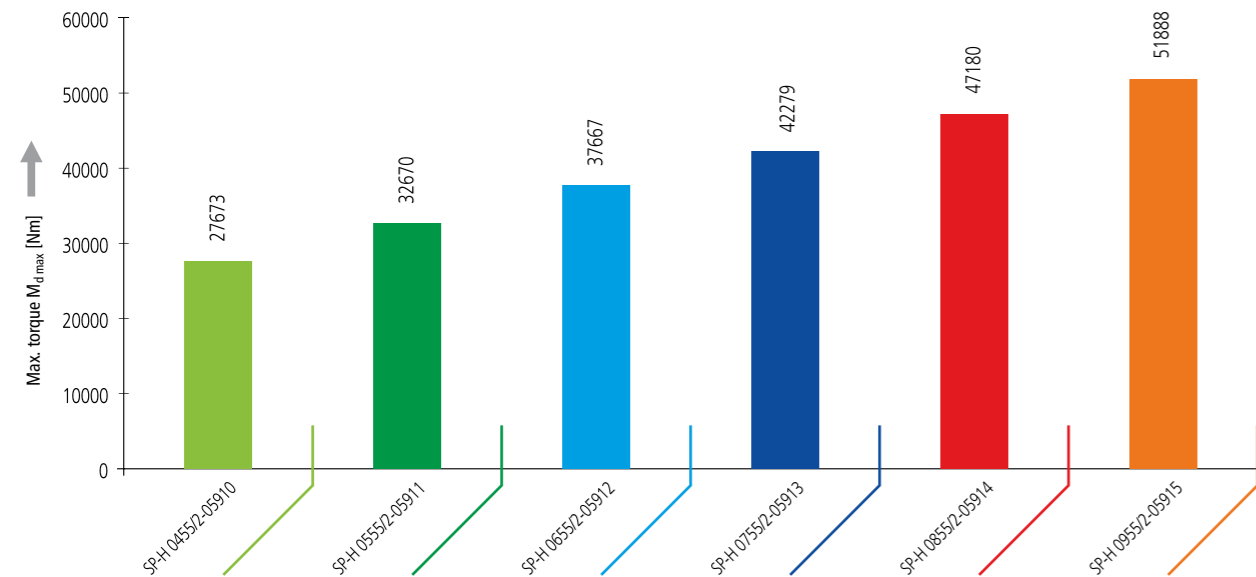


## Series overview



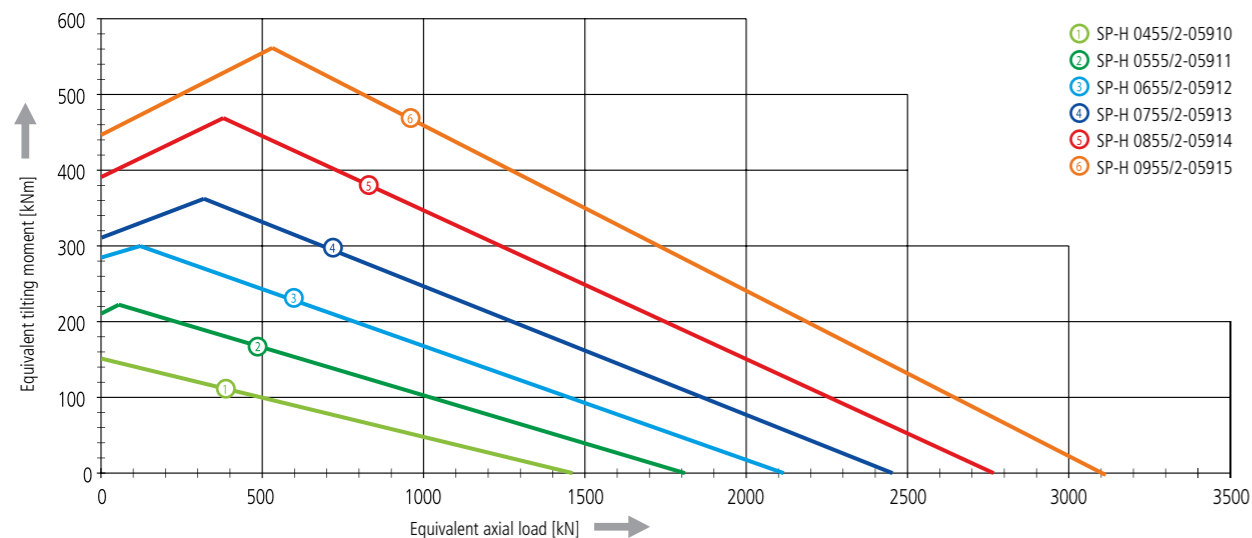
### Maximum torque $M_{d\ max}$ of the individual sizes

CAUTION: The duty per minute is limited. Please always observe the explanations in the Technical Information section (from page 60).

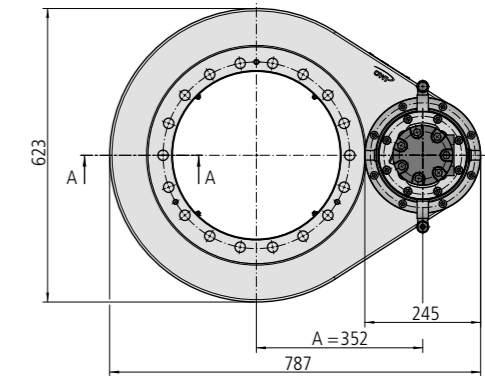
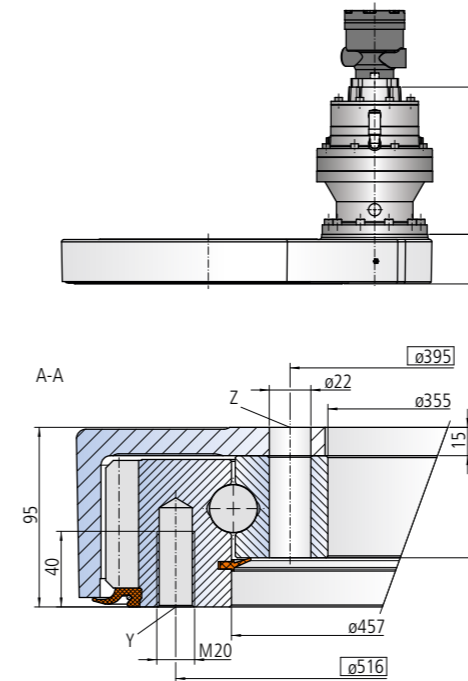


### Limiting load diagrams of the individual sizes for compressive loads

Please always observe the explanations in the Technical Information section (from page 60).



## Size SP-H 0455



The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 455$ .

The seal must be supported by the mounting structure to at least  $\phi 610$ , in order to ensure the full sealing effect. A recess in the mounting structure of 10 mm above the housing is recommended.

#### Mounting holes

Y = 18 drill holes M20-40 deep, evenly distributed  
Z = 18 drill holes  $\phi 22$ , evenly distributed

#### Lubricating ports

4 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

Drawing number SP-H 0455/2-05910		
Module	<b>m</b> [mm]	8
Number of teeth, wheel	<b>z<sub>2</sub></b> [-]	72
Number of teeth, pinion	<b>z<sub>1</sub></b> [-]	15
Slew drive gear ratio	<b>i</b> [-]	4.8
Overall gear ratio incl. gear box	<b>i<sub>tot</sub></b> [-]	86.88
Max. torque	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b> [Nm]	27673
Nom. torque $S_y = 1$ at $n = 3\ \text{min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b> [Nm]	18115
Max. holding torque*	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b> [Nm]	27673
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b> [kN]	552
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b> [kN]	1477
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b> [kN]	280
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b> [kN]	326
Weight, incl. 11 kg for hydraulic motor RE160	[kg]	207

\* Optionally with brake

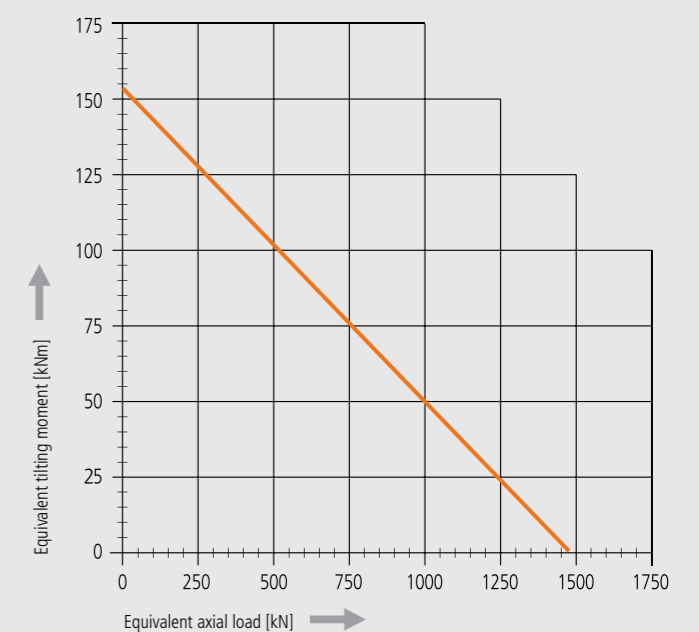
The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.

Selection example:

Performance data with hydraulic motor RE160

Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b> [bar]	165
Oil flow	<b>Q</b> [l/min]	45
Output speed	<b>n</b> [min <sup>-1</sup> ]	3
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b> [Nm]	27673

### Limiting load diagram for compressive loads



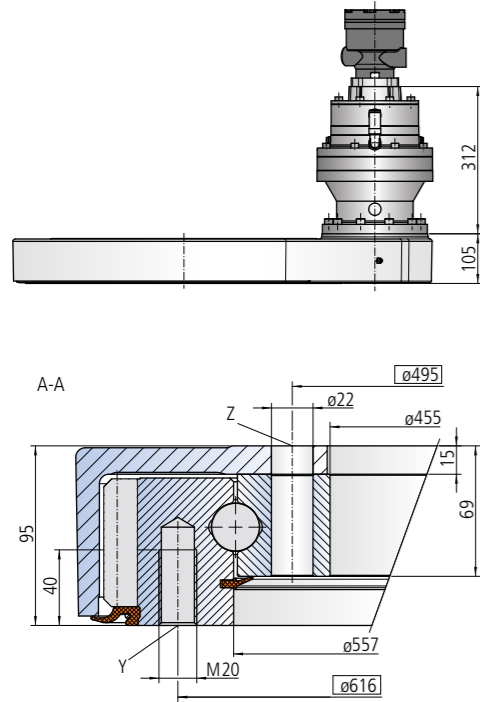
Equivalent axial load [kN]

— Bolt curve  $R_{p0.2}$  Bolt grade 10.9  
— Raceway curve

Please always observe the technical information!

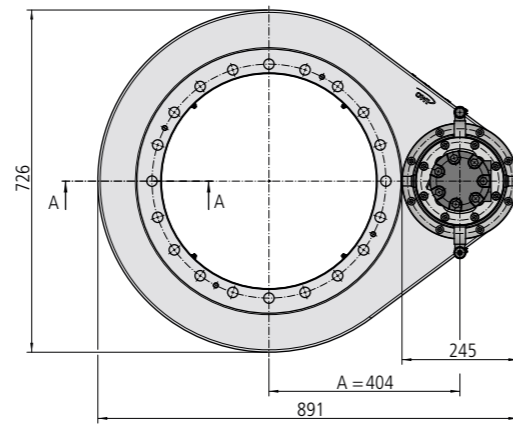


## Size SP-H 0555



The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 555$ .

The seal must be supported by the mounting structure to at least  $\phi 714$ , in order to ensure the full sealing effect.  
A recess in the mounting structure of 10 mm above the housing is recommended.



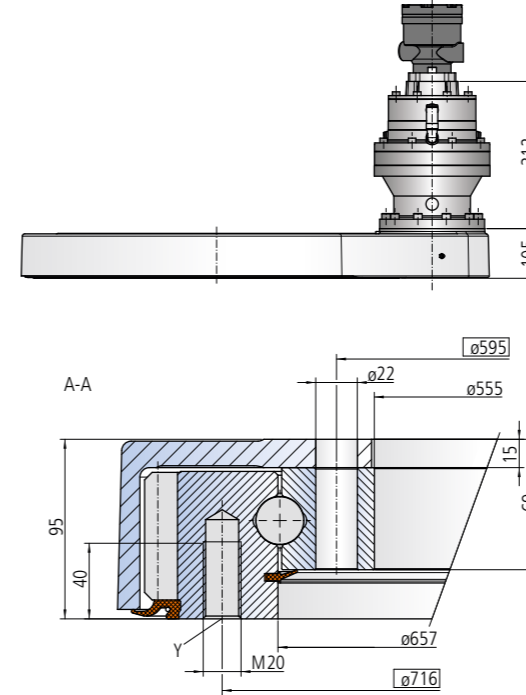
### Mounting holes

Y = 20 drill holes M20-40 deep, evenly distributed  
Z = 20 drill holes  $\phi 22$ , evenly distributed

### Lubricating ports

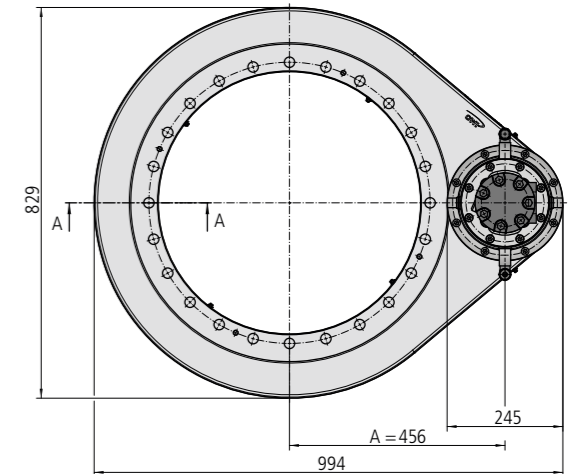
4 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

## Size SP-H 0655



The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 655$ .

The seal must be supported by the mounting structure to at least  $\phi 818$ , in order to ensure the full sealing effect.  
A recess in the mounting structure of 10 mm above the housing is recommended.



### Mounting holes

Y = 24 drill holes M20-40 deep, evenly distributed  
Z = 24 drill holes  $\phi 22$ , evenly distributed

### Lubricating ports

4 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

Drawing number SP-H 0555/2-05911			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	8
Number of teeth, wheel	<b>z<sub>2</sub></b>	[-]	85
Number of teeth, pinion	<b>z<sub>1</sub></b>	[-]	15
Slew drive gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	5.67
Overall gear ratio incl. gear box	<b>i<sub>tot</sub></b>	[-]	102.56
Max. torque	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	32670
Nom. torque $S_y = 1$ at $n = 3 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	21590
Max. holding torque*	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	32670
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	673
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	1802
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	301
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	351
Weight, incl. 11 kg for hydraulic motor RE160		[kg]	226

\* Optionally with brake

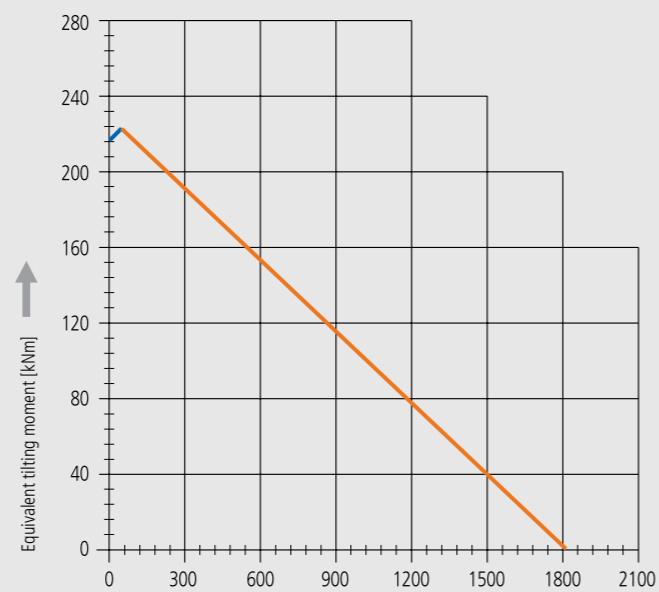
The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.

Selection example:

Performance data with hydraulic motor RE160

Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	165
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	53
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	3
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	32670

### Limiting load diagram for compressive loads



— Bolt curve  $R_{0.2}$   
Bolt grade 10.9 — Raceway curve

Please always observe the technical information!

Drawing number SP-H 0655/2-05912			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	8
Number of teeth, wheel	<b>z<sub>2</sub></b>	[-]	98
Number of teeth, pinion	<b>z<sub>1</sub></b>	[-]	15
Slew drive gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	6.53
Overall gear ratio incl. gear box	<b>i<sub>tot</sub></b>	[-]	118.25
Max. torque	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	37667
Nom. torque $S_y = 1$ at $n = 3 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	25048
Max. holding torque*	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	37667
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	794
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	2127
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	319
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	373
Weight, incl. 11 kg for hydraulic motor RE160		[kg]	246

\* Optionally with brake

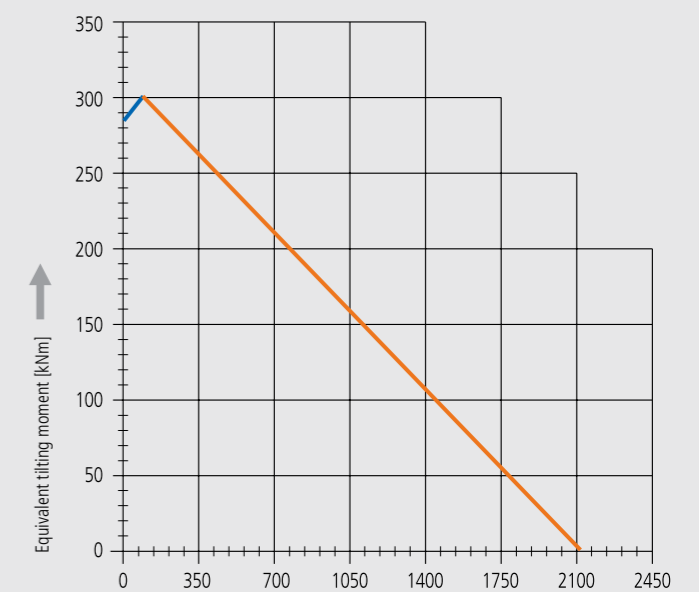
The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.

Selection example:

Performance data with hydraulic motor RE160

Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	165
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	60
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	3
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	37667

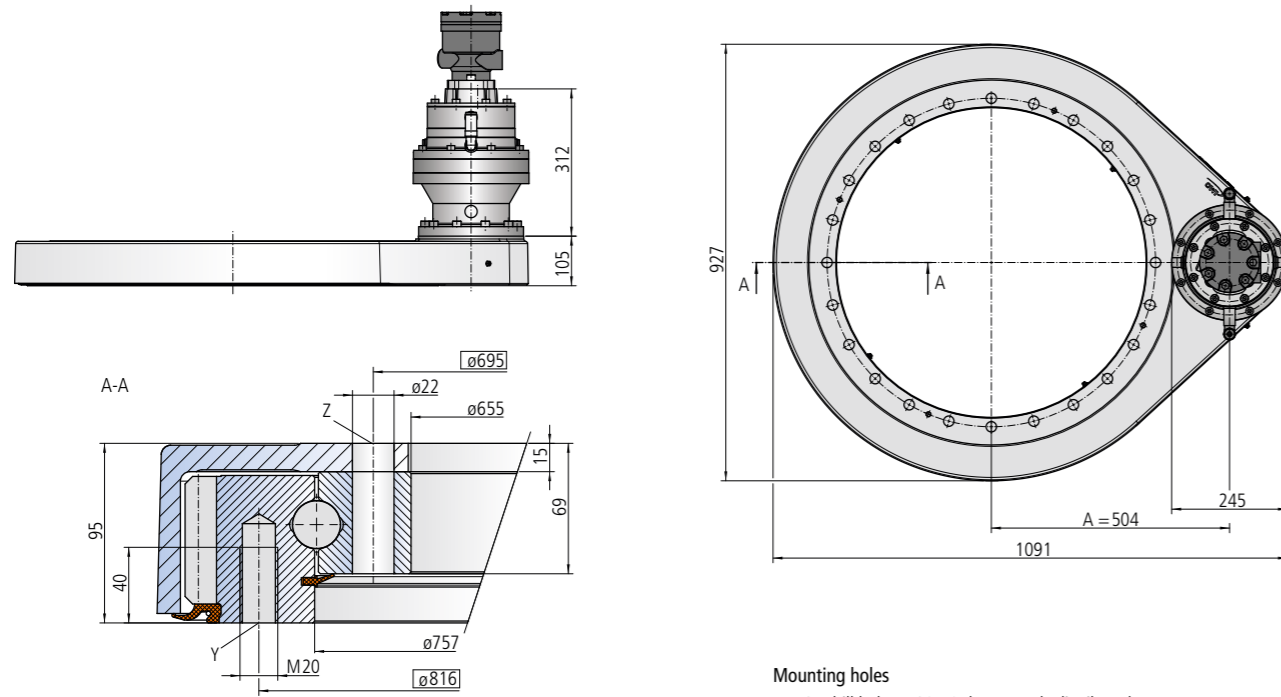
### Limiting load diagram for compressive loads



— Bolt curve  $R_{0.2}$   
Bolt grade 10.9 — Raceway curve

Please always observe the technical information!

## Size SP-H 0755



The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 755$ .

The seal must be supported by the mounting structure to at least  $\phi 914$ , in order to ensure the full sealing effect.  
A recess in the mounting structure of 10 mm above the housing is recommended.

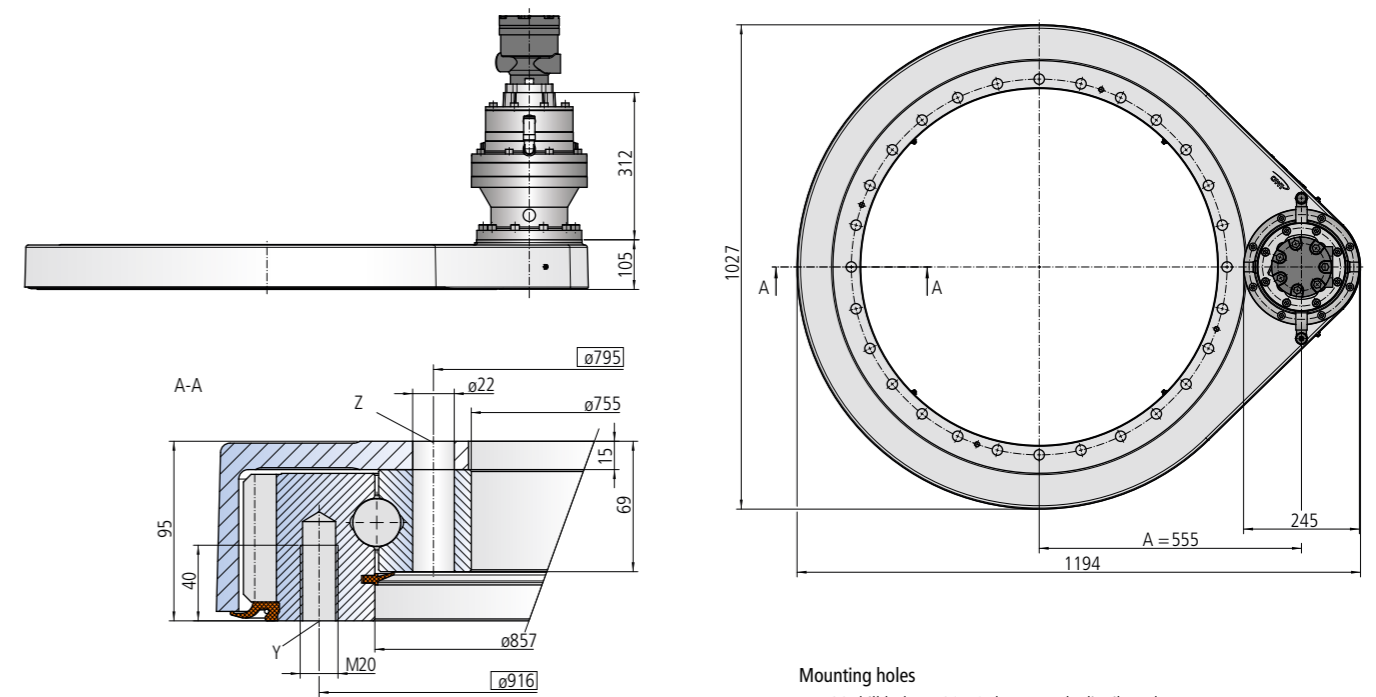
### Mounting holes

Y = 24 drill holes M20-40 deep, evenly distributed  
Z = 24 drill holes  $\phi 22$ , evenly distributed

### Lubricating ports

4 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

## Size SP-H 0855



The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 855$ .

The seal must be supported by the mounting structure to at least  $\phi 1016$ , in order to ensure the full sealing effect.  
A recess in the mounting structure of 10 mm above the housing is recommended.

### Mounting holes

Y = 28 drill holes M20-40 deep, evenly distributed  
Z = 28 drill holes  $\phi 22$ , evenly distributed

### Lubricating ports

4 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

Drawing number SP-H 0755/2-05913			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	8
Number of teeth, wheel	<b>z<sub>2</sub></b>	[-]	110
Number of teeth, pinion	<b>z<sub>1</sub></b>	[-]	15
Slew drive gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	7.33
Overall gear ratio incl. gear box	<b>i<sub>tot</sub></b>	[-]	132.73
Max. torque	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	42279
Nom. torque $S_y = 1$ at $n = 3 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	28204
Max. holding torque*	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	42279
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	916
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	2452
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	336
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	393
Weight, incl. 11 kg for hydraulic motor RE160		[kg]	268

\* Optionally with brake

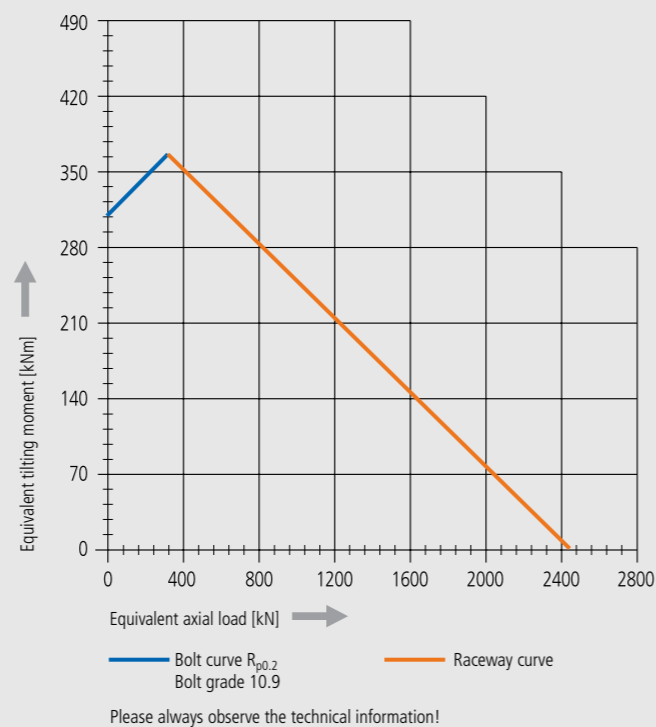
The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.

Selection example:

Performance data with hydraulic motor RE160

Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	170
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	67
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	3
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	42279

### Limiting load diagram for compressive loads



Drawing number SP-H 0855/2-05914			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	8
Number of teeth, wheel	<b>z<sub>2</sub></b>	[-]	122
Number of teeth, pinion	<b>z<sub>1</sub></b>	[-]	15
Slew drive gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	8.13
Overall gear ratio incl. gear box	<b>i<sub>tot</sub></b>	[-]	147.21
Max. torque	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[-]	47180
Nom. torque $S_y = 1$ at $n = 3 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	32749
Max. holding torque*	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	47180
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[Nm]	1037
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	2777
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	354
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	414
Weight, incl. 11 kg for hydraulic motor RE160		[kg]	289

\* Optionally with brake

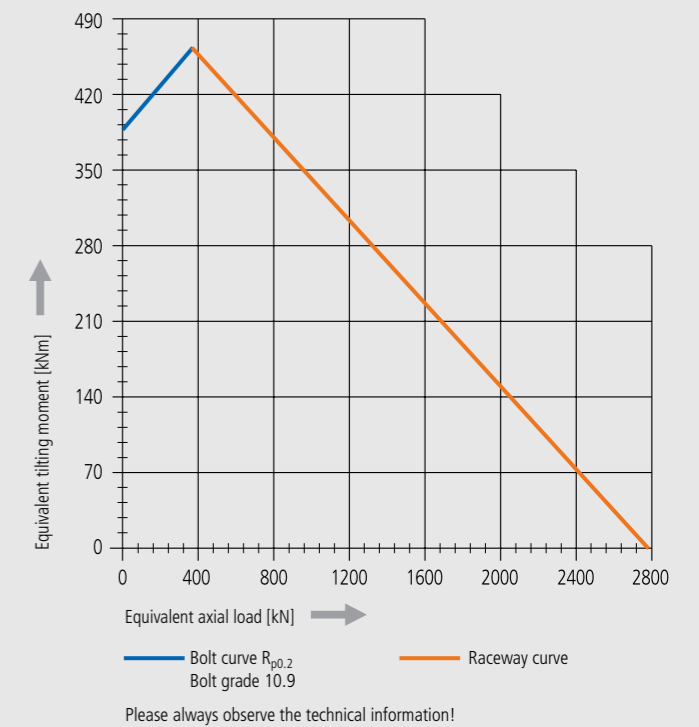
The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.

Selection example:

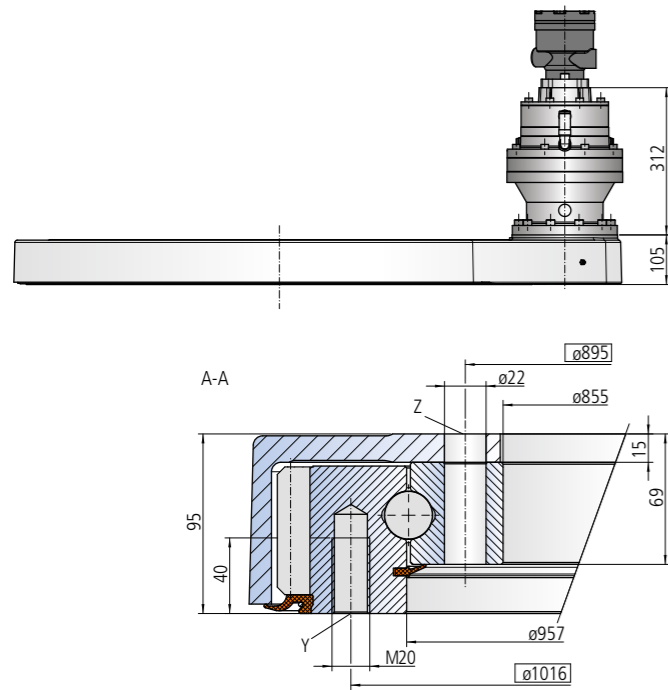
Performance data with hydraulic motor RE160

Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	175
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	74
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	3
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	47180

### Limiting load diagram for compressive loads

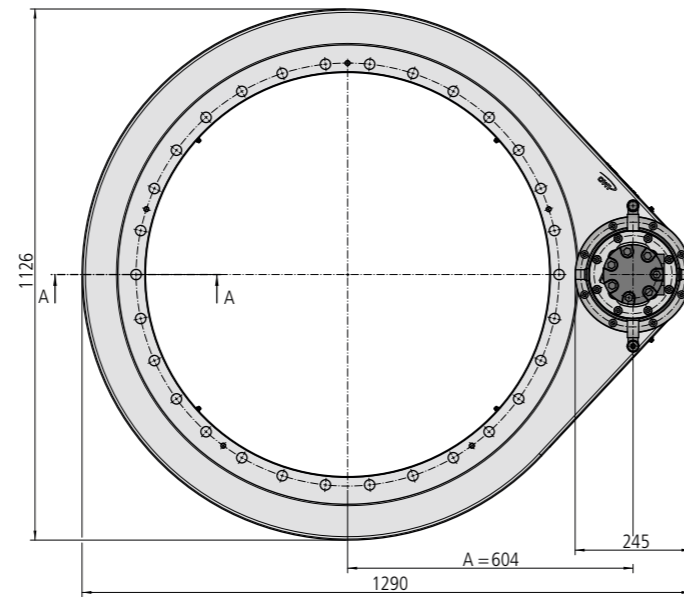


## Size SP-H 0955



The mounting structure must support the housing to at least  $\phi 955$ .

The seal must be supported by the mounting structure to at least  $\phi 1114$ , in order to ensure the full sealing effect.  
A recess in the mounting structure of 10 mm above the housing is recommended.



### Mounting holes

Y = 30 drill holes M20-40 deep, evenly distributed  
Z = 30 drill holes  $\phi 22$ , evenly distributed

### Lubricating ports

4 conical grease nipples on internal diameter  
2 conical grease nipples on housing exterior  
Slew drive supplied pre-lubricated

Drawing number SP-H 0955/2-05915			
Module	<b>m</b>	[mm]	8
Number of teeth, wheel	<b>z<sub>2</sub></b>	[-]	134
Number of teeth, pinion	<b>z<sub>1</sub></b>	[-]	15
Slew drive gear ratio	<b>i</b>	[-]	8.93
Overall gear ratio incl. gear box	<b>i<sub>tot</sub></b>	[-]	161.69
Max. torque	<b>M<sub>d max</sub></b>	[Nm]	51888
Nom. torque $S_y = 1$ at $n = 3 \text{ min}^{-1}$	<b>M<sub>d nom</sub></b>	[Nm]	36342
Max. holding torque*	<b>M<sub>h max</sub></b>	[Nm]	51888
Static load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>o rad</sub></b>	[kN]	1159
Static load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>o ax</sub></b>	[kN]	3101
Dynamic load rating, radial	<b>C<sub>rad</sub></b>	[kN]	369
Dynamic load rating, axial	<b>C<sub>ax</sub></b>	[kN]	431
Weight, incl. 10 kg for hydraulic motor OMS125		[kg]	315

\* Optionally with brake

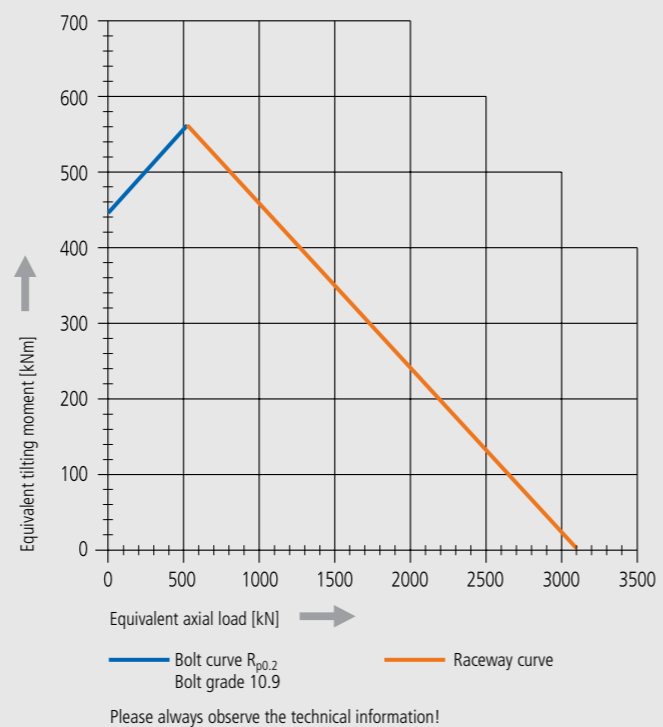
The hydraulic/electric motor is selected according to the actual requirements and customer specification.

Selection example:

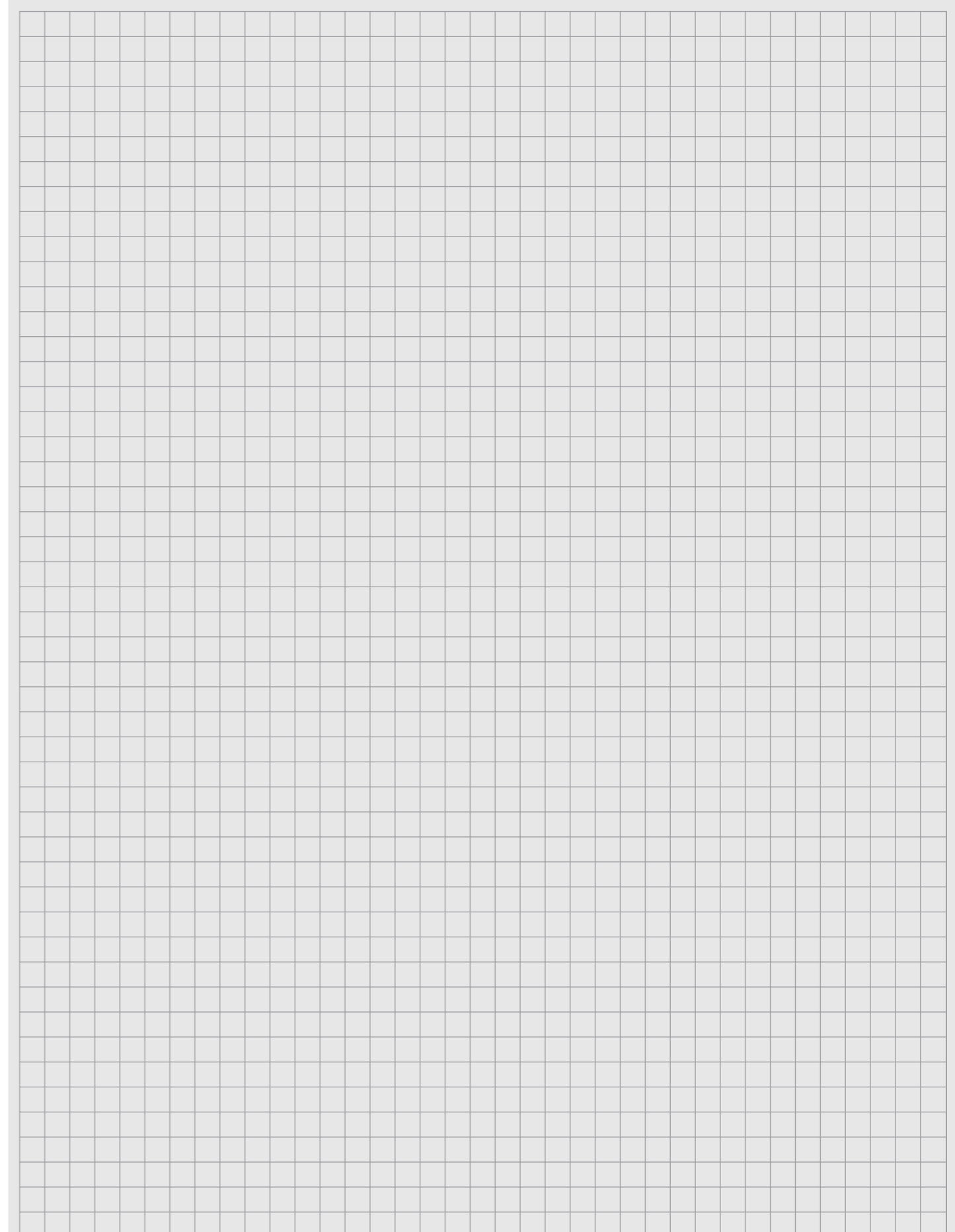
Performance data with hydraulic motor OMS125

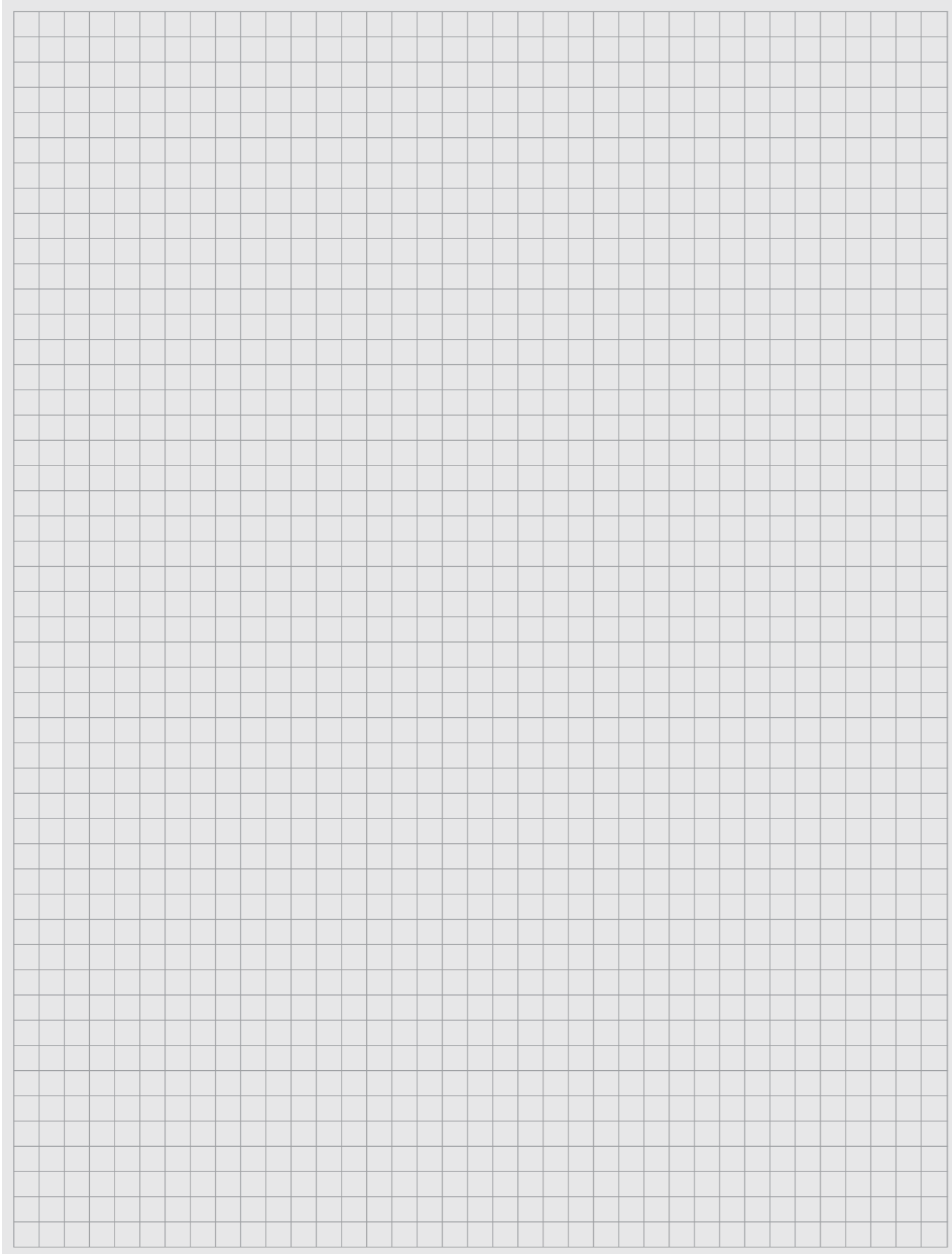
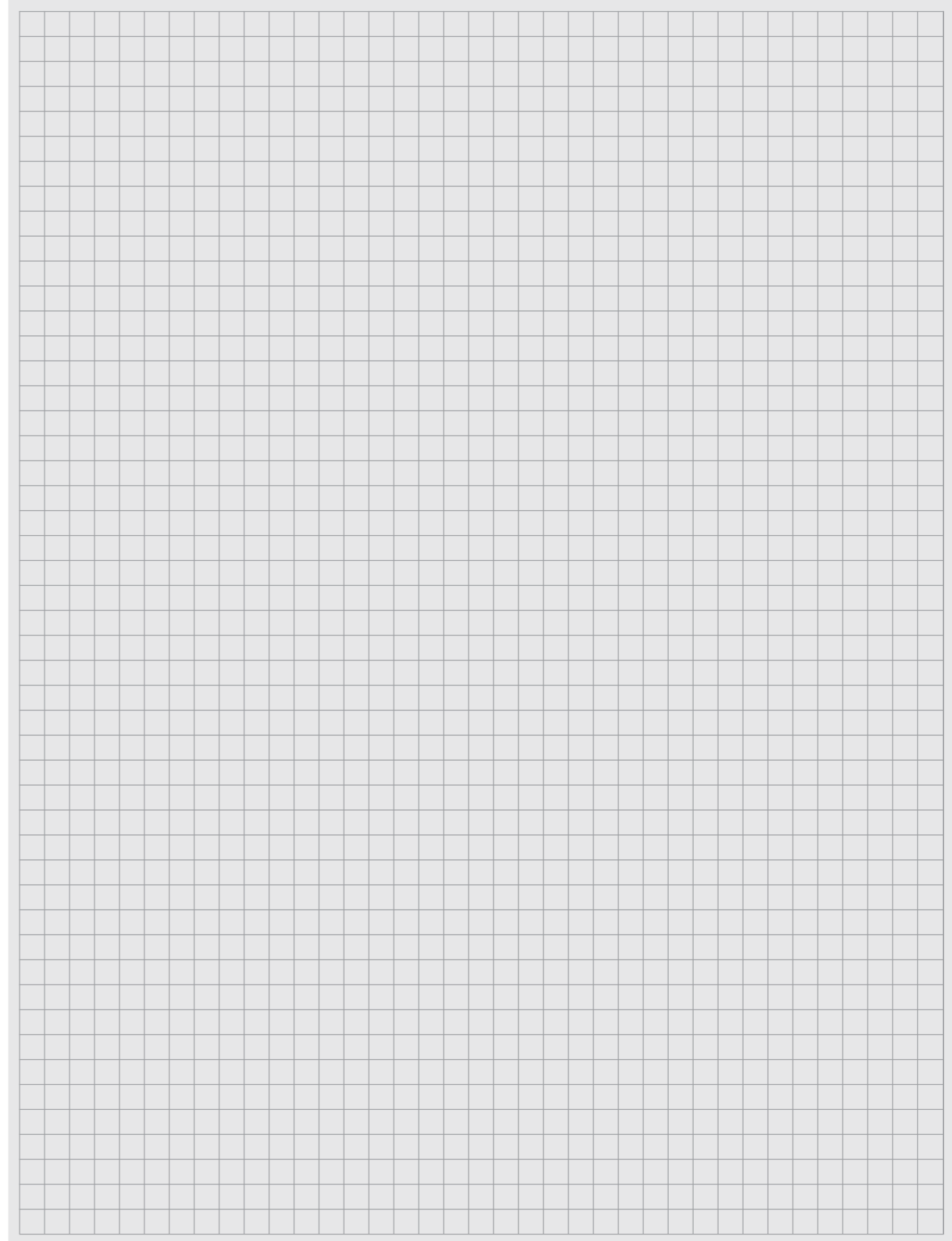
Pressure differential	<b><math>\Delta p</math></b>	[bar]	200
Oil flow	<b>Q</b>	[l/min]	65
Output speed	<b>n</b>	[min <sup>-1</sup> ]	3
Max. achievable torque	<b>M<sub>d</sub></b>	[Nm]	51888

### Limiting load diagram for compressive loads



## Your notes



A large, empty grid of small squares, typical of graph paper, covering the entire page area below the header and above the footer. The grid is composed of light grey lines on a white background.A large, empty grid of small squares, identical to the one on page 132, covering the entire page area below the header and above the footer. The grid is composed of light grey lines on a white background.

# Application Data Sheet - Slew Drives

FM AEA 001 00

Please copy, complete and send to:

Our Application Data Sheets can also be downloaded from our website: [www.imo.de](http://www.imo.de)

IMO GmbH & Co. KG  
 Imostr. 1 – 91350 Gremsdorf, Germany  
 e-Mail: [sales@imo.de](mailto:sales@imo.de)

<b>1. Contact</b>		CUSTOMER	IMO GmbH & Co. KG
Company:		Contact person (Sales):	
Postal code/City:		E-mail:	
Country:		Phone:	
Contact person:		File number:	
E-mail:		Phone:	

Fields highlighted in grey show our standard options. In case of insufficient customer information we take these as the basis of our calculation.

**2. Application** In case of several slew drives per application, please fill in a separate application data sheet for each slew drive.

Description of plant/system (please provide a sketch):

---

Function of slew drive in plant/system?

---

Current solution?

---

**3. Special requirements**

Military/Nuclear application:  No  Yes, military  Yes, nuclear

Operating/ambient temperature:  IMO standard (-20°C to 70°C)  from \_\_\_\_\_ °C – \_\_\_\_\_ °C

Do shocks or vibrations occur?  No  Yes, which? \_\_\_\_\_

Special environmental conditions?  IMO standard (dust + water spray)  Seawater  Food industry.

Other: \_\_\_\_\_

Special certification/approval required?  No  Yes, which? \_\_\_\_\_

**4. Preferred slew drive**

Drive type:  Worm gear (WD)  Spur gear (SP)  No preference

Preferred slew drive type/designation: \_\_\_\_\_

Limiting size and/or interface dimensions?

---

**5. Additional attachments**

Drive:  Without motor  IMO standard (default hydraulic motor)

Hydraulic motor  $\Delta p_{max} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ bar  $Q_{max} =$  \_\_\_\_\_ l/min

Electric motor (three-phase AC motors)

Voltage:  230 V AC  400 V AC  \_\_\_\_\_ V AC

Frequency:  50 Hz  60 Hz

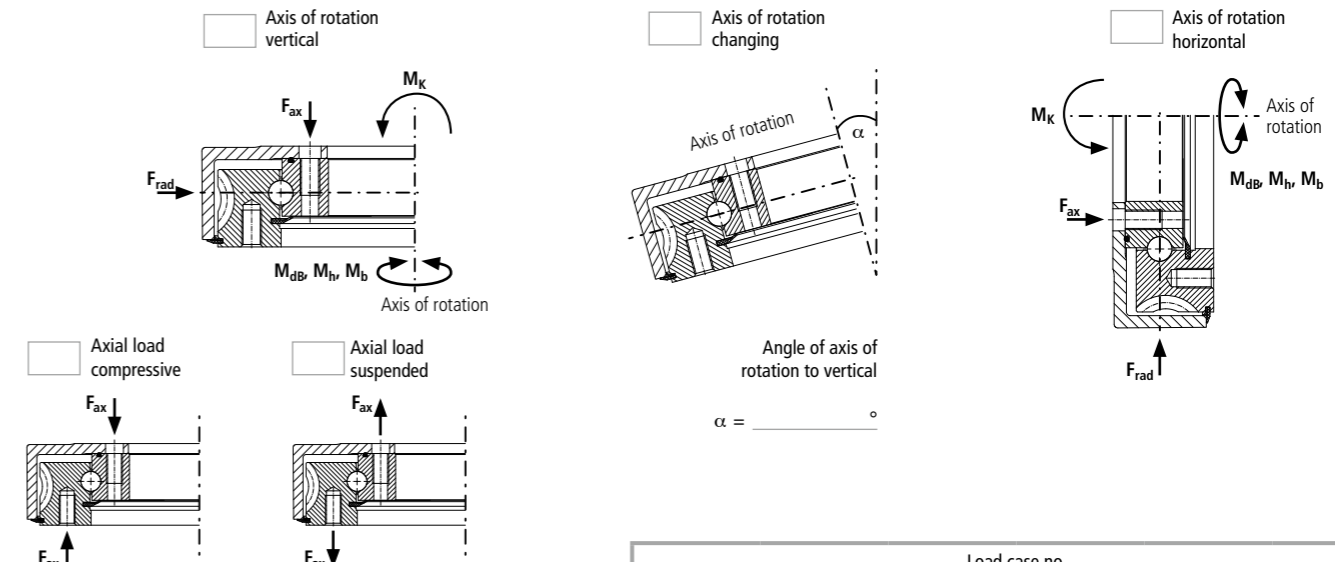
Brake volt. (if appl.):  24 V DC  230 V AC  400 V AC

Holding brake:  Not required  Yes, (IMO recommendation for 100 % secure hold)

Slew angle monitoring:  Not required  Yes, IMO default type (» see Application Data Sheet – Encoder – FM AEA 002)

Yes, customer-specific (» please supply detailed specification, see Section 8)

**6. Mounting position and loads**



		Load case no.					
		1	2	3	4	5	6
Axial load	$F_{ax}$	N					
Radial load	$F_{rad}$	N					
Tilting moment	$M_k$	Nm					
Operating torque	$M_{db}$	Nm					
Holding torque	$M_h$	Nm					
Additional acceleration torque	$M_b$	Nm					
Alternative	Moment of inertia about the axis of rotation	J	kgm <sup>2</sup>				
	Duration of acceleration/deceleration	$\Delta t_b$	s				
Operating speed	n	min <sup>-1</sup>					
Slewing angle (degrees it will rotate)	$\delta_s$	Degrees					
Duration of load case (total = 100 %)		%					

Are safety factors included in the loads above?  No  Yes, which (value)? \_\_\_\_\_

Should additional load increasing factors be included in the loads?  No  Yes, which (value)? \_\_\_\_\_

Continuous operation (> 80 %/min):  No  Yes

Slewing direction:  One direction only  Alternating (both directions)

Desired life time in years: \_\_\_\_\_ a

Slewing time of slew drive per year (slew drive is turning): \_\_\_\_\_ h/a

Alternative

Slewing time for one cycle of operation: \_\_\_\_\_ s

Operation cycles of plant/system per hour: \_\_\_\_\_ 1/h

Operating hours of plant/system per year: \_\_\_\_\_ h/a

Description of load cases: We recommend providing at least one normal load case with a higher time share (e.g. 90%) and one extreme load case with a lower time share (e.g. 10%) for a better calculation result.

If necessary, attach further explanations.

## Application Data Sheet - Slew Drives

### 7. Commercial data

Expected yearly demand:	_____ Units/year	Required batch size:	_____ Units/delivery
Required sample date:	_____	Planned production start:	_____
Target price range:	_____	Desired offer date:	_____

### 8. Remarks

Are there any additional customer requirements (e.g. standards and certification, special packaging, quality control agreements) that must be considered?  
Additional helpful information from the customer (e.g. application description, operating cycle description, drawings, photos, etc.)?

### 9. Customer confirmation

I hereby confirm the correctness of the data provided above as the basis for the design and offer.  
If not otherwise specified, the grey standard options will be assumed.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date Name Signature

## Preface & imprint

### For more than 30 years, IMO has developed, produced and marketed high-quality slew drives for international customers.

In this catalog, we wish to inform you about our standard slew drive range. For special versions, please contact our Sales department (sales@imo.de; Tel. +49 9193 6395-0)

This current catalog, version 318, replaces all earlier catalogs. Information in earlier catalogs which is not consistent with the information in this edition is thus no longer valid.

### The Application Data sheet for your data

Please find the "Application Data Sheet (ADS)" on page 134-136. A technical work sheet completed by you provides the specifications for your requirements with regard to the use of our products. Slew drives are highly technical products, which must be perfectly matched to the requirements and environmental conditions of each application. For this reason, it is necessary that you complete the Application Data Sheet accurately and completely and make it available to us in good time.

### Usage approval for our product in your application

Due to our decades of experience, we can give you usage approval on the basis of your data in the technical requirement sheet, assuming the loads you have specified for the application you have described and providing that there are no technical reasons against this.

### Valid conditions of sale and delivery, installation and operating manual

Our general conditions of sale and delivery, which form the basis of the supply contracts and our offers and order confirmations, shall apply. In addition, strict compliance with our installation and operating manual is required. The latest edition, which is published on our website [www.imo.de/Downloads](http://www.imo.de/Downloads) and can be downloaded from there, shall apply in each case. Compliance with the information therein is of primary functional and safety relevance for our product.

### Additional information material

Detailed information about our corporate group, additional products and special information on areas of application can be found in the Download area of our website [www.imo.de](http://www.imo.de).

### Information in this catalog

This catalog was compiled with the utmost care and all information carefully checked for accuracy. However, no liability can be assumed for any incorrect or incomplete information. Product and application images are only intended for information purposes and must not be used for design work. As the basis for design work, please use only the technical data specified in the catalog, preferably the technical drawings, made available to you by our Sales team. In cases of doubt, we will gladly assist you.

Application illustrations only show examples of possible applications for which IMO slew drives could generally be used after a technical inspection by our Application Technology department.

Our products undergo continuous further development. We reserve the right to make changes to the product range, the product design and the performance characteristics.

Our product range, our designs and intellectual copyrights are continuously updated.

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